

**Connect**  
Harness the power of  
containers to build,  
automate and standardise  
your OS



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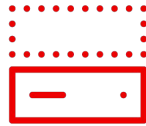
# Outcomes

What does image mode fix today?



## Less risk

Reduce the risk associated with updates with atomic transactions and rollbacks



## Better builds

Improve the composability and repeatability of standard builds through layering



## Move faster

Increase the speed of experimentation



## Streamline process

Simplify end to end management with a single process for OS and applications

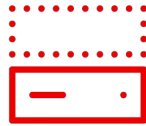
# Use Cases

Where does image mode fit today?



## AI/ML Stacks

Perfectly version app dependencies from kernel, GPU & accelerator drivers, frameworks, runtimes, etc



## 1:1 App/Host

Manage the OS AND app as a single unit



## Edge appliances

Easily manage a fleet of systems with registries and auto-updates



## Standalone container hosts

Use common toolchains and pipelines to build containerized applications and the hosting OS

# Image mode for RHEL

A container-native workflow for the life cycle of a system

```
FROM rhel9/rhel-bootc:latest

RUN dnf install -y [software]
[dependencies] && dnf clean all

ADD [application]
ADD [configuration files]

RUN [config scripts]
```

## Build

A *bootc* base image & container file is all that's needed to describe a system, applications, and dependencies. Use your existing container tools or pipelines to quickly create and test images.

## Deploy

Easily convert to a VM/cloud image or deploy on bare metal using RHEL's installer. The container image includes full hardware drivers, but not cloud agents by default.

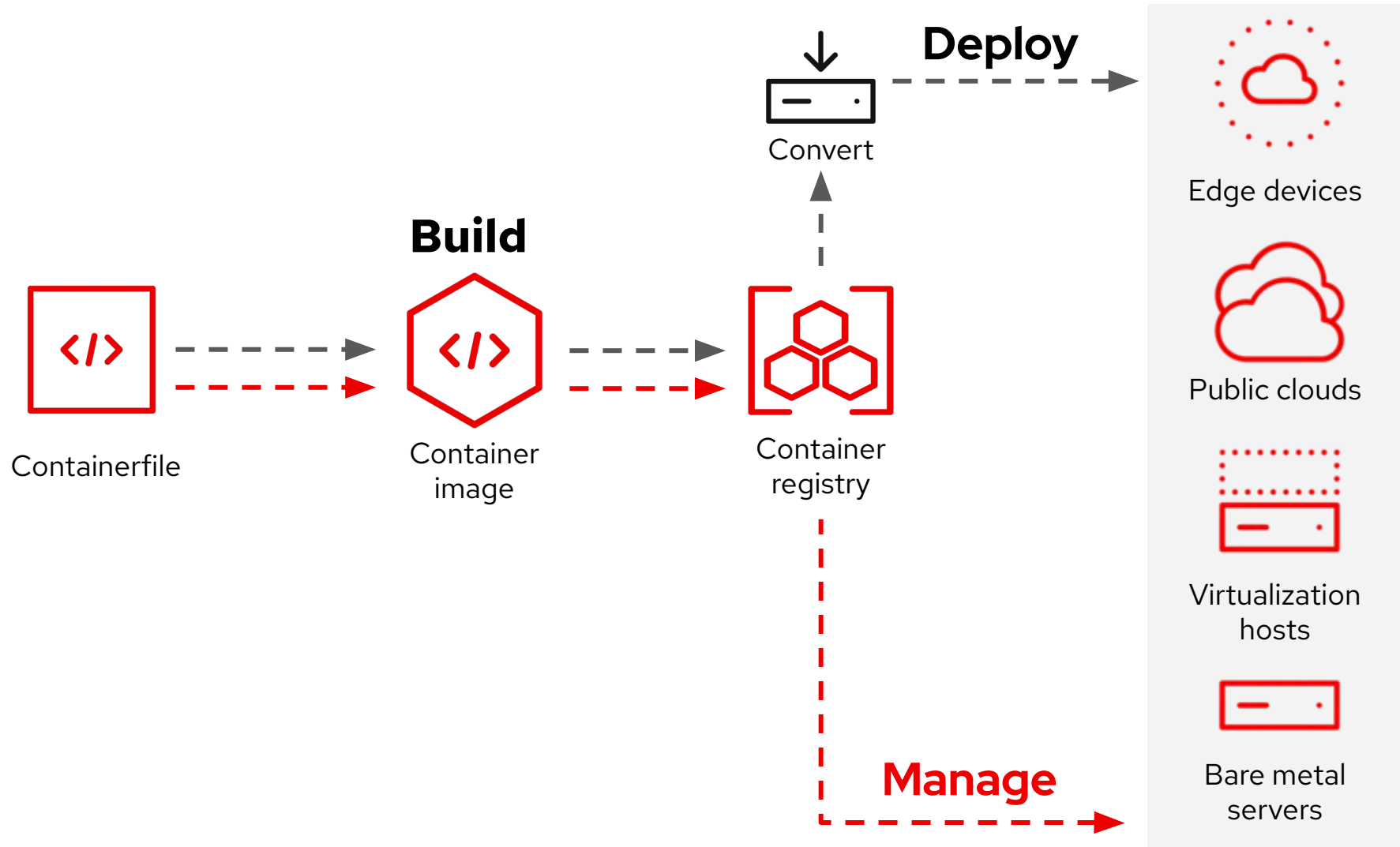
## Manage

Designed for modern GitOps & CI/CD driven environments. Systems will auto-update from the container registry by default. More advanced control and automation is available via custom rollouts (e.g. Ansible). Intelligence via Insights and on-prem content curation via Satellite are planned for the future.

Tech Preview

# Image mode for Red Hat Enterprise Linux

Simple. Consistent. Anywhere.



# Image mode for RHEL

Encapsulate differences in a sequence of builds

```
# Derive standard operating environment
FROM rhel9/rhel-bootc:latest

RUN dnf install -y [system agents]
[dependencies] && dnf clean all

COPY [unpackaged application]
COPY [configuration files]

RUN [config scripts]
```

```
# Derive database server from SOE
FROM corp-repo/corp-soe:latest

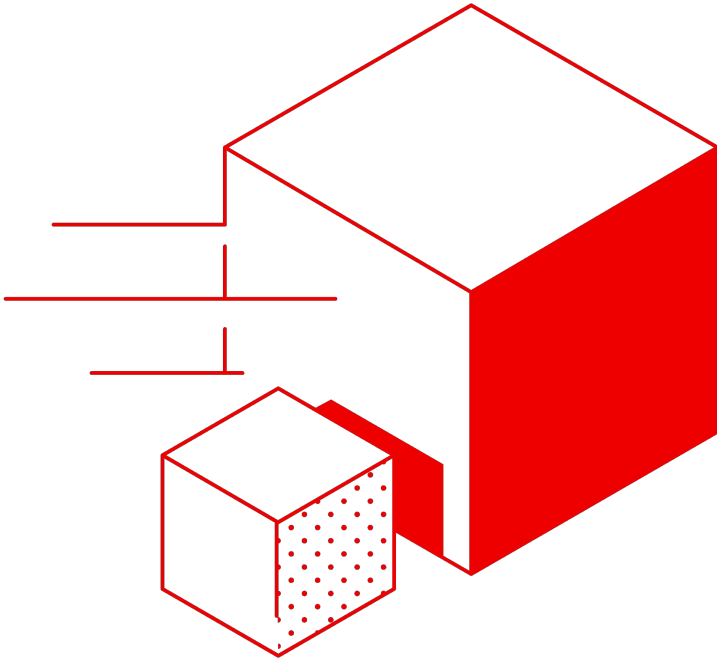
RUN dnf install -y [database]
[dependencies] && dnf clean all

COPY [configuration files]

RUN [config scripts]
```

# registry.redhat.io/rhel9/rhel-bootc:9.4

The RHEL bootc image is available in technology preview



## Image Specs:

- 439 rpms
- ~785M compressed
- ~2.2G on disk

## Primary contents:

- systemd, kernel, bootc
- rpm-ostree<sup>1</sup>
- linux-firmware
- NetworkManager
- podman
- python
- Misc CLI tools: jq, sos

No cloud-init or virt agents



# Filesystem Layout

Similar to previous ostree setups - but better!!

## Build Time

Everything is writable. e.g. /usr, /etc, /opt, ...

## Run Time

All image content is read only

**/var** - RW, instance persistence. Not updated post install, e.g. `podman volume /var`

**/etc** - RW, 3-way merge like RHEL CoreOS.  
Machine local state (hostname, static IP)



Flexible partitioning & disk layout available via Anaconda

## Defaults aimed at 80%

- Provides a balance of immutable updates w/ persistent config, logs, & container images.
- composefs backend offers better security

## Powerful Configuration for the 20%

- Transient / and /etc
- RW possible for other directories via bindmounts and symlinks to /var

# bootc

A/B booting of container images



## **bootc upgrade**

Download and stage an updated container image.

- Automatic updates on by default. Configurable using `bootc-fetch-apply-updates.timer`

## **bootc rollback**

Rollback to the previous state. Staged updates are discarded

## **bootc switch**

Change to a different reference image

## **bootc install**

Install container image **to-disk** or **to-filesystem**

- [Man page](#)
- <https://github.com/containers/bootc>
- <https://github.com/containers/podman-desktop-extension-bootc>

# podman-bootc

Ergonomic edit-compile-debug cycle

Run a bootable container as easy as: **podman-bootc run <imagename>**

Automatically injects a user and starts an SSH session

- ▶ **podman-bootc list**: List running VMs
- ▶ **podman-bootc ssh**: Connect to a VM
- ▶ **podman-bootc rm**: Remove a VM

Available on Fedora and MacOS



[github.com/containers/podman-bootc](https://github.com/containers/podman-bootc)

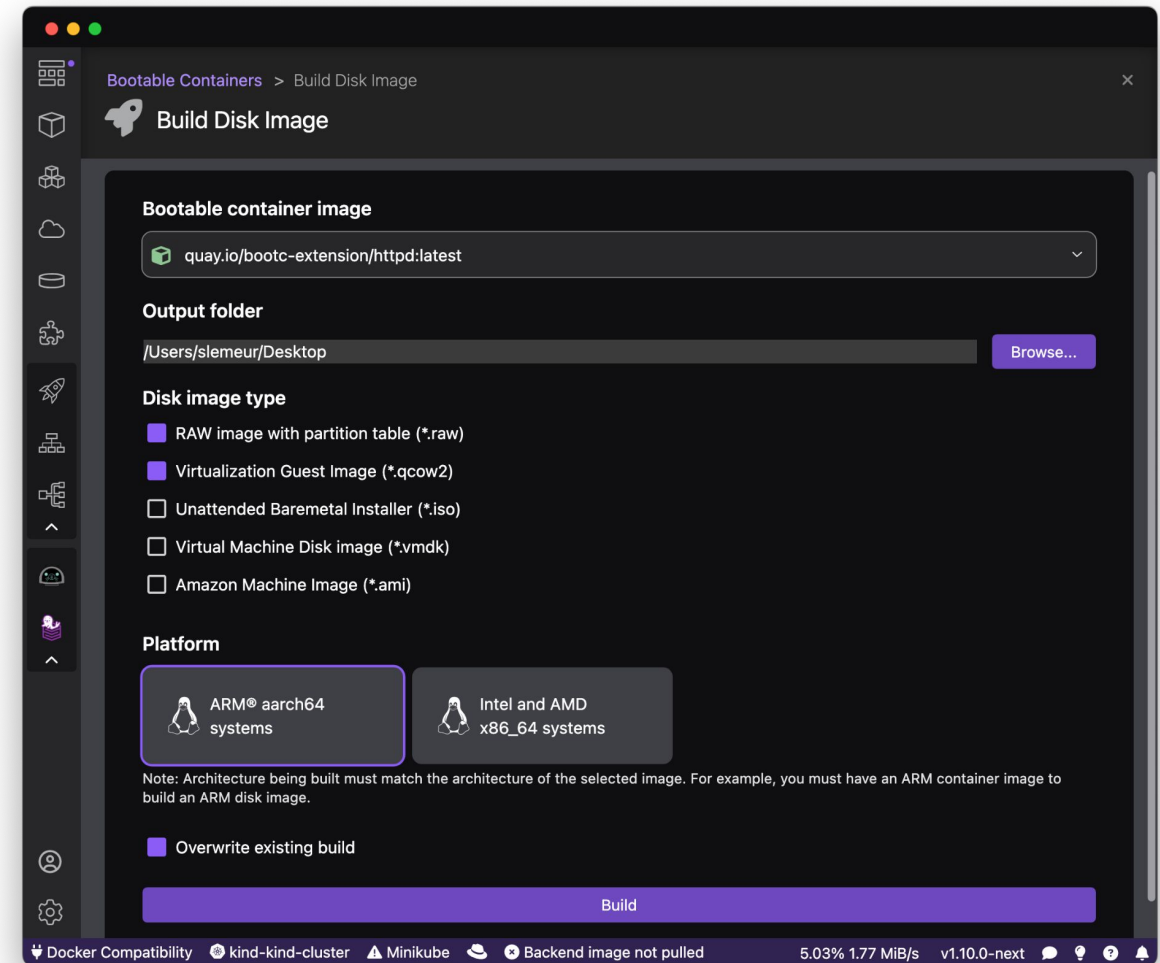
# Bootc image builder

Create **bootable container images** for bare metal to AWS and everywhere in between

Tech Preview

**qcow2** QEMU Disk Images  
**ami** Amazon Machine Images  
**raw** Raw disk image with MBR or GPT partition table  
**anaconda-iso** Unattended installation  
(USB Sticks / Install-on-boot)  
**vmdk** Virtual Machine Disk Image (vSphere, etc.)

- ▶ Designed for and only available as a container image:
  - [registry.redhat.io/rhel9/bootc-image-builder](https://registry.redhat.io/rhel9/bootc-image-builder)
- ▶ Available extension for Podman Desktop
  - Build for Intel & Arm architectures



# Install via Kickstart

Deploy container images to bare metal using installation media

```
lang en_US.UTF-8
keyboard us
timezone Etc/UTC --isUtc
text
zerombr
clearpart --all --initlabel
autopart
reboot
user --name=admin-user --groups=wheel
sshkey --username=admin-user "ssh-rsa
AAAAB3Nza....."

ostreecontainer --url quay.io/myimage:latest
```

## Use existing provisioning workflows

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux boot media (isos)
- PXE & HTTP Boot for network based deployments

## Kickstart and Anaconda are used for disk layout and select configurations

- `%packages` is ignored
- `ostreecontainer` will fetch the container image from a registry and write it to disk.

## `%pre` and `%post` used for configuration

# Join the community!

There is a lot of activity

Upstream projects:

- [github.com/containers/bootc](https://github.com/containers/bootc)
- [github.com/containers/podman-bootc](https://github.com/containers/podman-bootc)
- [github.com/osbuild/bootc-image-builder](https://github.com/osbuild/bootc-image-builder)
- [github.com/containers/podman-desktop-extension-bootc](https://github.com/containers/podman-desktop-extension-bootc)



[Keynote: What if you could boot a container? - DevConf.CZ 2024](#)  
(34:55)

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# Thank you



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