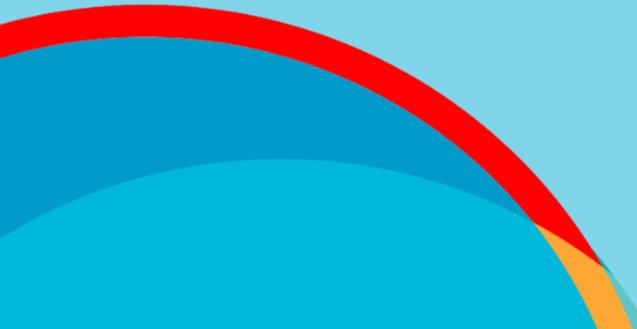




Red Hat
Summit

Connect





Red Hat
Summit

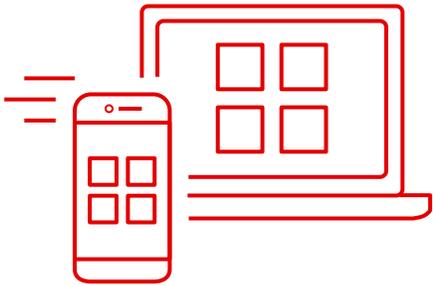
Connect

Sviluppare applicazioni moderne su AWS

Leonardo Fenu , Sr. Solutions architect, AWS



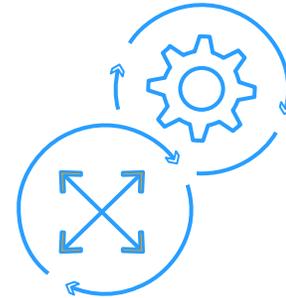
What customers ask for?



Build applications,
not infrastructure



Manage infrastructure
to their requirements

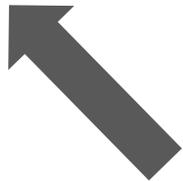


Scale quickly
and seamlessly



Security and
isolation by design

Increasing developer productivity
(**innovation**) is the main priority
now for customers



What do our customers want in a modern application?

Improve ROI
& Reduce TCO



Scales to
millions of users

Increase efficiency
of developers

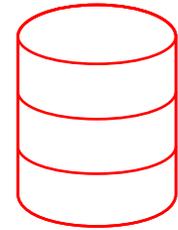


Has global
availability

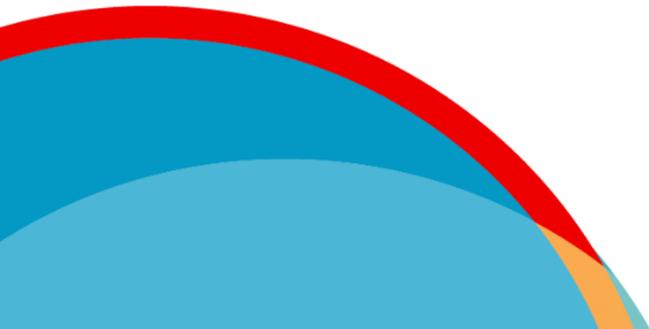
Increase business agility



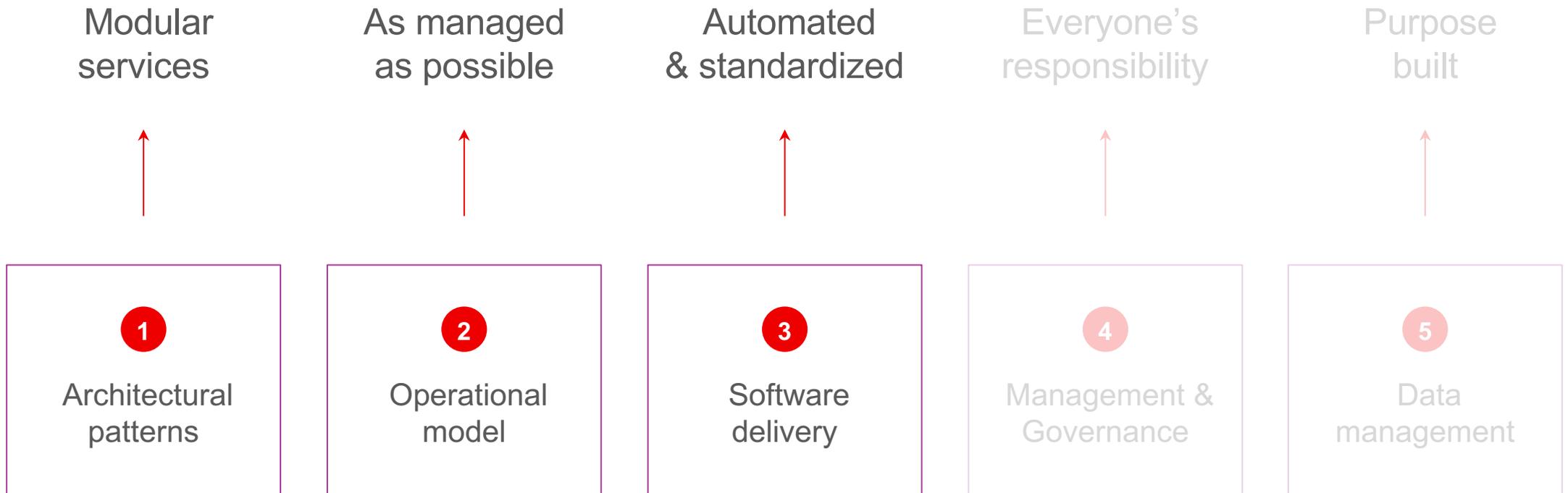
Responds in
milliseconds



Handles petabytes
of data

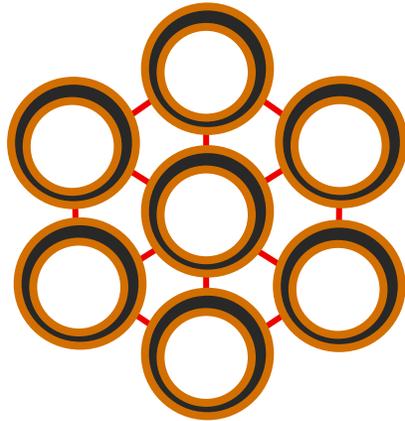


Characteristics of modern applications



What changes do you need to make to adopt these best practices?

Architectural patterns



Microservices

Componentization
Business capabilities
Products not projects
Infrastructure automation

Operational Model



Serverless

provisioning/management
Automatic scaling
Pay for value billing
Availability and resiliency

Software Delivery



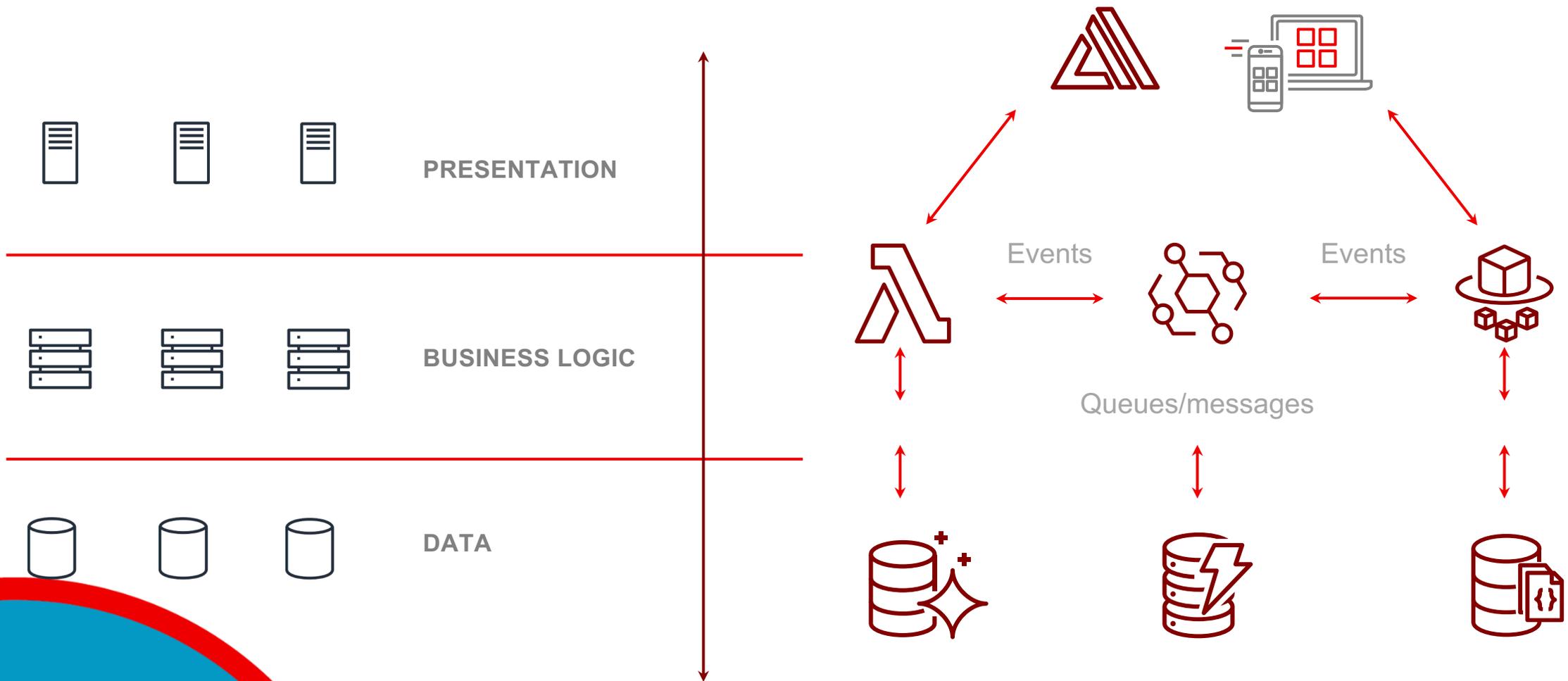
Velocity

Increase automation and iteration

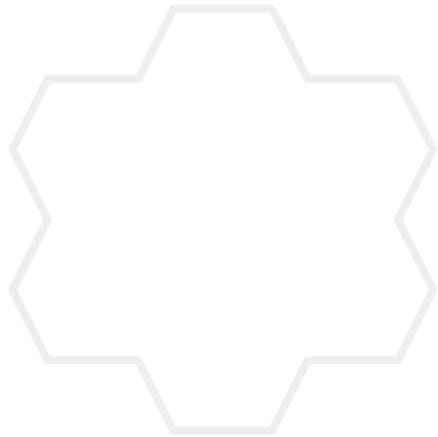
Changes to the architectural patterns



Traditional vs. Modern approach

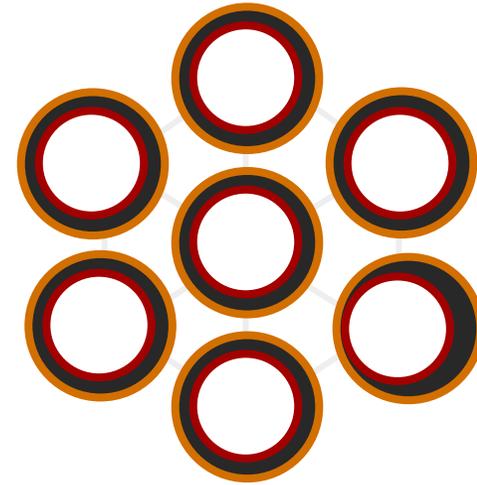


When the impact of change is small,
release velocity can increase



Monolith

Does everything



Microservices

Does one thing

Monoliths are good, but they have some limitations

- ✿ Coordination overhead
- ✿ Poor modularity
- ✿ High impact of change
- ✿ Poor scalability
- ✿ Long build time

Eight reasons to use microservices

Pick the right tool for the job

Improve resilience and security

Lower cost with granular scaling

Optimize team productivity

Create new compositions easily

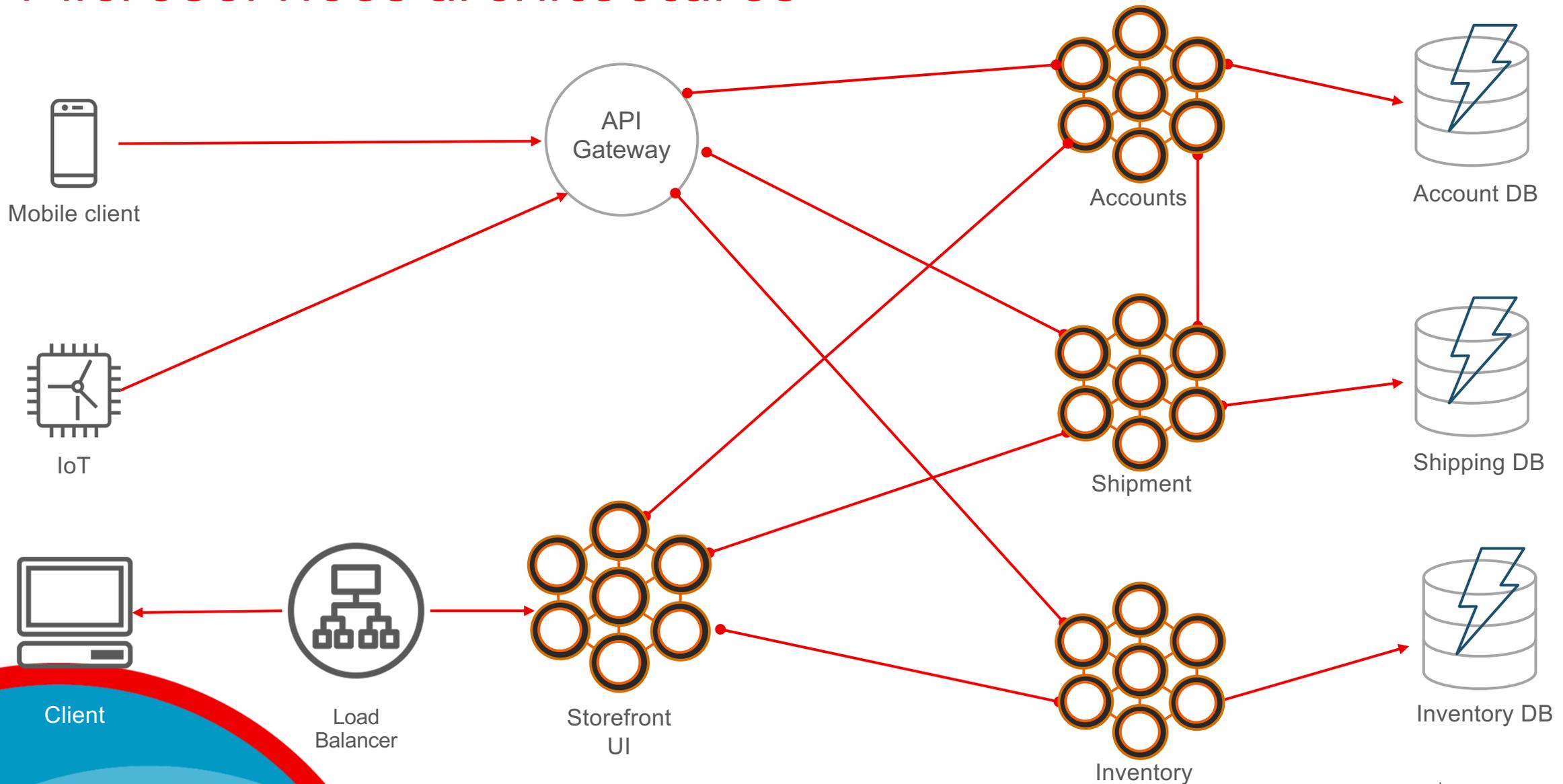
Experiment and fail safely

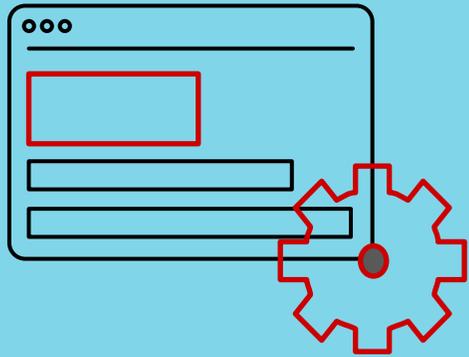
Adopt technology faster

Deploy features safely and quickly



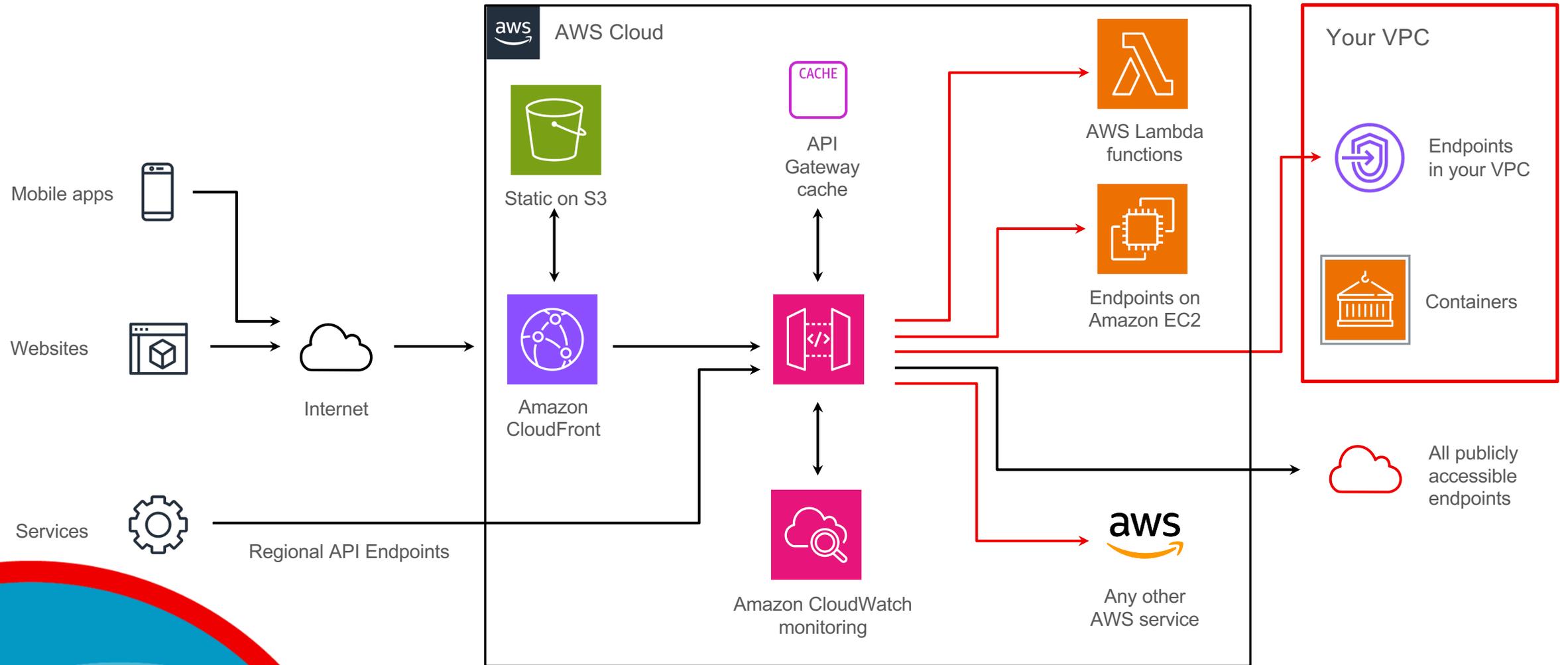
Microservices architectures

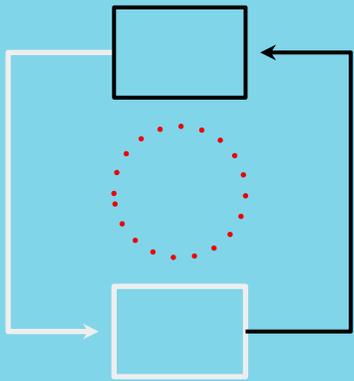




APIs are the front door of microservices

Manage APIs with API Gateway





Event-driven architectures

Decouple state from code using messaging

Messaging

g



Amazon Simple Queue Service

Queues

Simple
Fully-managed
Any volume



Amazon Simple Notification Service

Pub/sub

Simple
Fully-managed
Flexible



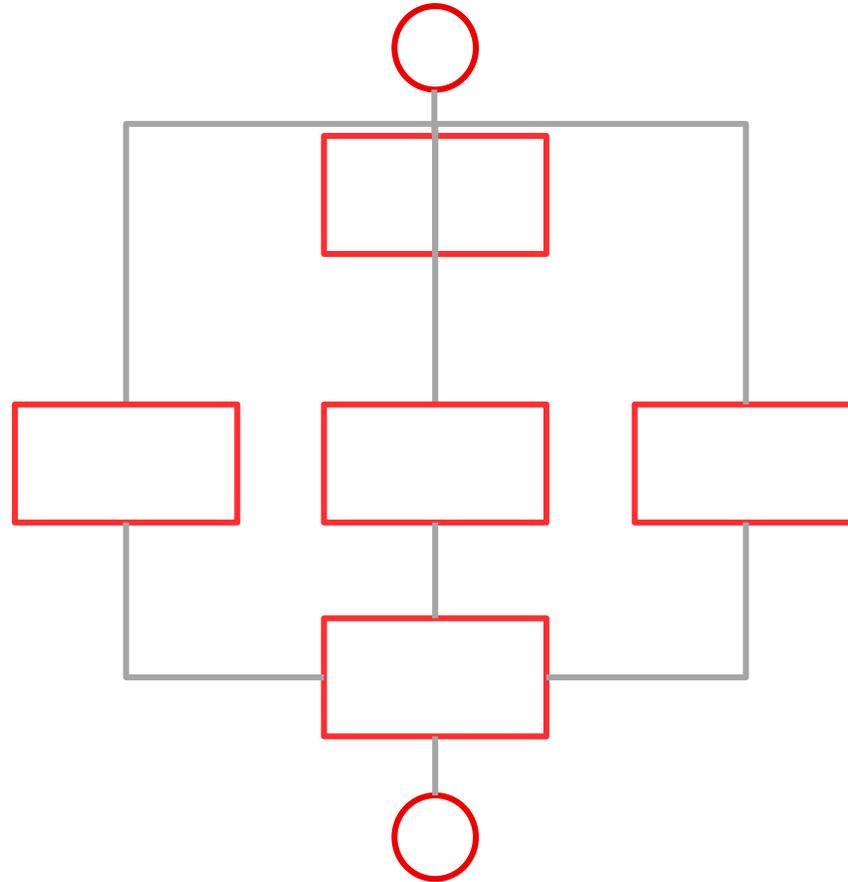
Amazon EventBridge

Synchronization

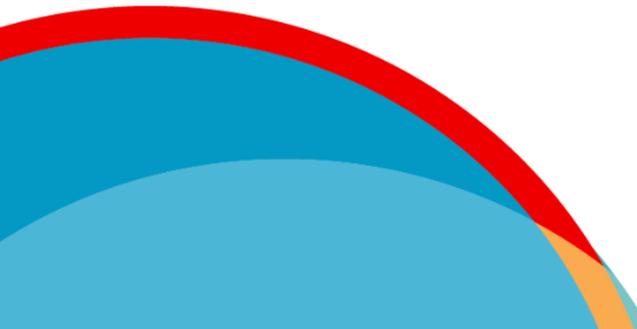
Rapid
Fully-managed
Real-time

Build workflows to orchestrate everything

Track status of data
and execution



Remove
redundant code



Integration options from AWS

Client-to-Service



Amazon API Gateway

Connect

Efficient
Fully-managed
Real-time

Messaging



Amazon SQS

Queues

Simple
Fully-managed
Any volume



Amazon SNS

Pub/sub

Simple
Fully-managed
Flexible

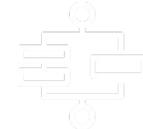


Amazon EventBridge

Synchronization

Rapid
Fully-managed
Real-time

Orchestration

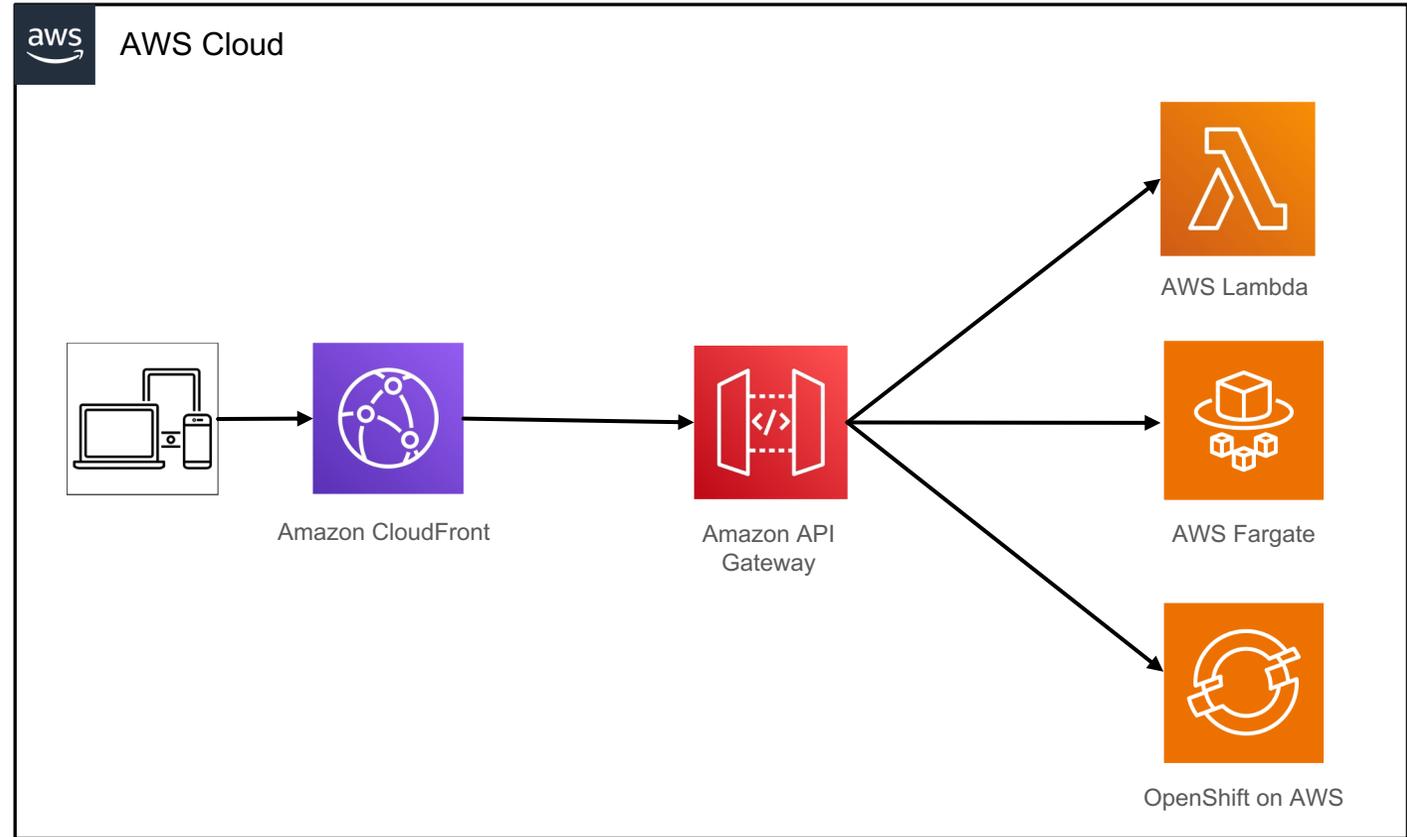


AWS Step Functions

Orchestration

Powerful
Fully-managed
Low code

Small pieces, loosely joined



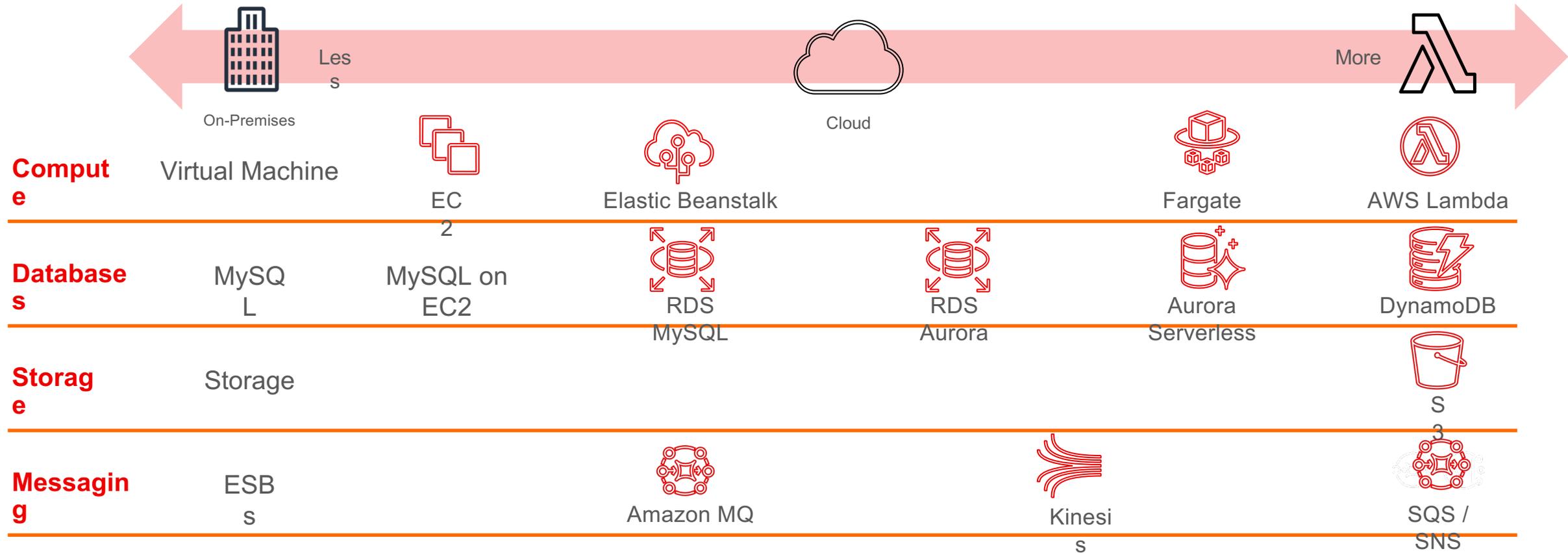
Microservices are better, but they come with challenges

- More moving parts
- Integration becomes a priority
- Deployment, monitoring, and security needs evolve
- Requires organization and culture change

Changes to the operational model



AWS operational responsibility models



Compute on AWS



AWS Lambda
Serverless functions

AWS manages

- Data source integrations
- Physical hardware, software, networking, and facilities
- Provisioning

Customer manages

- Application code

AWS Fargate
Serverless containers

- Container orchestration, provisioning
- Cluster scaling
- Physical hardware, host OS/kernel, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Security config and updates, network config, management tasks

ECS/EKS/ROSA
Container-management as a service

- Container orchestration control plane
- Physical hardware software, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Work clusters
- Security config and updates, network config, firewall, management tasks

EC2
Infrastructure-as-a-Service

- Physical hardware software, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Scaling
- Security config and updates, network config, management tasks
- Provisioning, managing scaling and patching of servers

Modern Application Computing Services Landscape

Application Platform

Accelerate and standardize application Management

Build your Own Application Platform



AWS Proton



AWS App Runner



EKS Blueprints



AWS X-Ray



Cloud Watch



Amazon Managed Prometheus

Containers Orchestration

Deployment, scheduling, and scaling, containerized applications



Amazon Elastic Container (Amazon ECS)



Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS)

Containers Infrastructure

Registry, Networking, CI/CD



Amazon Elastic Container Registry (Amazon ECR)



AWS Cloud Map

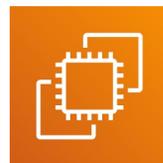


AWS App Mesh



AWS CodeCatalyst

Compute



Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2)



Fargate

Turn-key Application Platform

ROS
A



Red Hat OpenShift Service on AWS

Third-party tooling



AWS and Red Hat Partnership Helps Customers Meet Digital Needs

Red Hat and AWS are industry leaders with extensive experience in **IT infrastructure, hybrid cloud, digital transformation, and open source innovation.**

Through **collaborative engineering** activities, they offer integrated, certified solutions to meet modern, digital business needs.

Consistent, enterprise-grade platforms with advanced security and management features help organizations build IT infrastructure that supports their business efficiently and cost-effectively and adapts on their schedule.

“Given that Red Hat is the world’s leading provider of open-source solutions, our enterprise customers have been passionate about seamlessly running Red Hat Enterprise Linux and various other Red Hat solutions on AWS.”

Andy Jassy | CEO, Amazon

Red Hat and AWS by the numbers

Partners
since **2008**

>60,000
of AWS customers
consume Red Hat
products and
solutions



What is Red Hat OpenShift? – Opinionated Kubernetes based Platform

 **Red Hat**
OpenShift Container Platform

 **Red Hat**
OpenShift Kubernetes Engine

Manage Workloads

Platform Services

Service Mesh | Serverless
Builds | CI/CD Pipelines
Full Stack logging
Chargeback

Build Cloud-native apps

Application Services

Databases | Languages
Runtimes | Integration
Business automation
100+ ISV services

Developer Productivity

Developer Services

Developer CLI | VS Code
Extensions | IDE Plugins
CodeReady Workspaces
CodeReady Containers

Cluster Services

Automated Ops | Over-the-air updates | Monitoring | Registry | Networking | Router | Virtualization | OLM | Helm

Kubernetes

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS



Physical



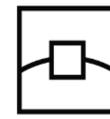
Virtual



Private Cloud



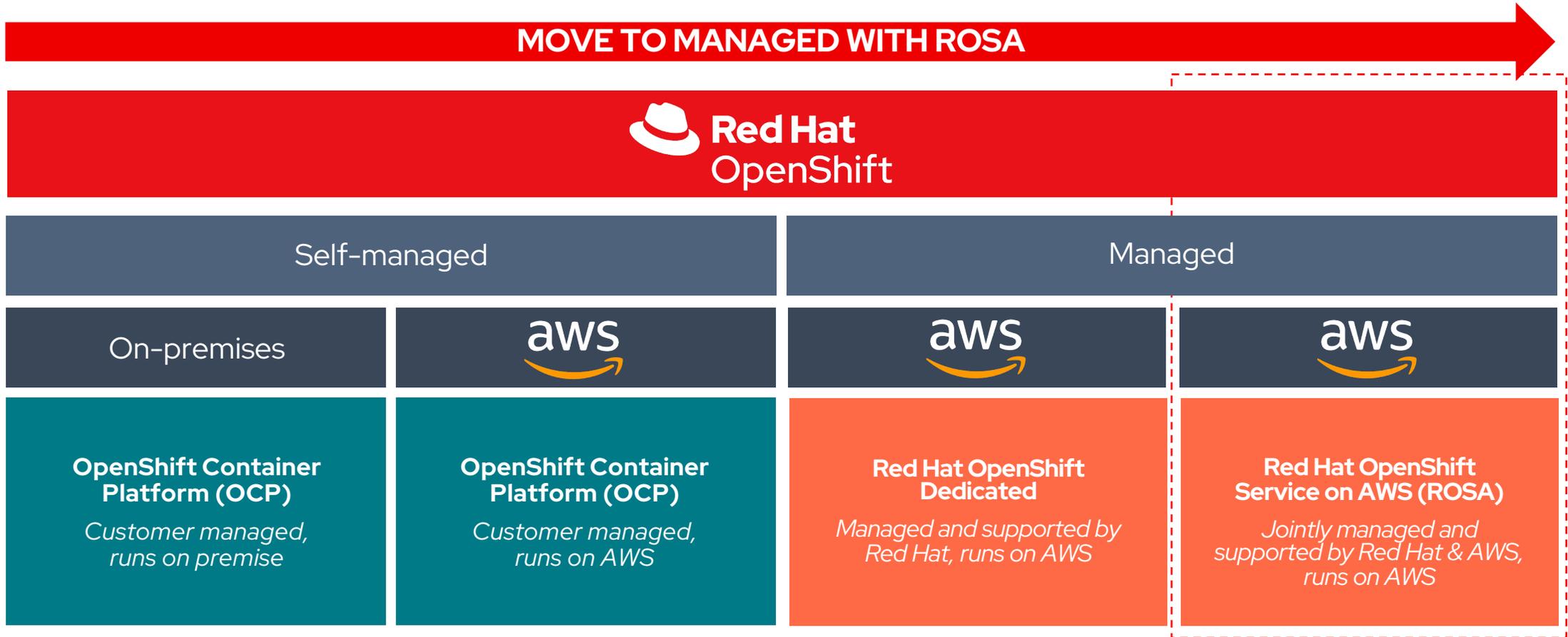
Managed Cloud



Edge



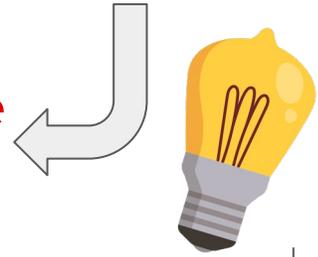
Openshift managed services evolution on AWS



Situations we find in customers more frequently than expected

Customers move applications back on-premises from the cloud as they do not get the desired ROIs.
 CIOs had bad experiences in migrations and frequently they do not meet deadlines.

Managed Service solves it!



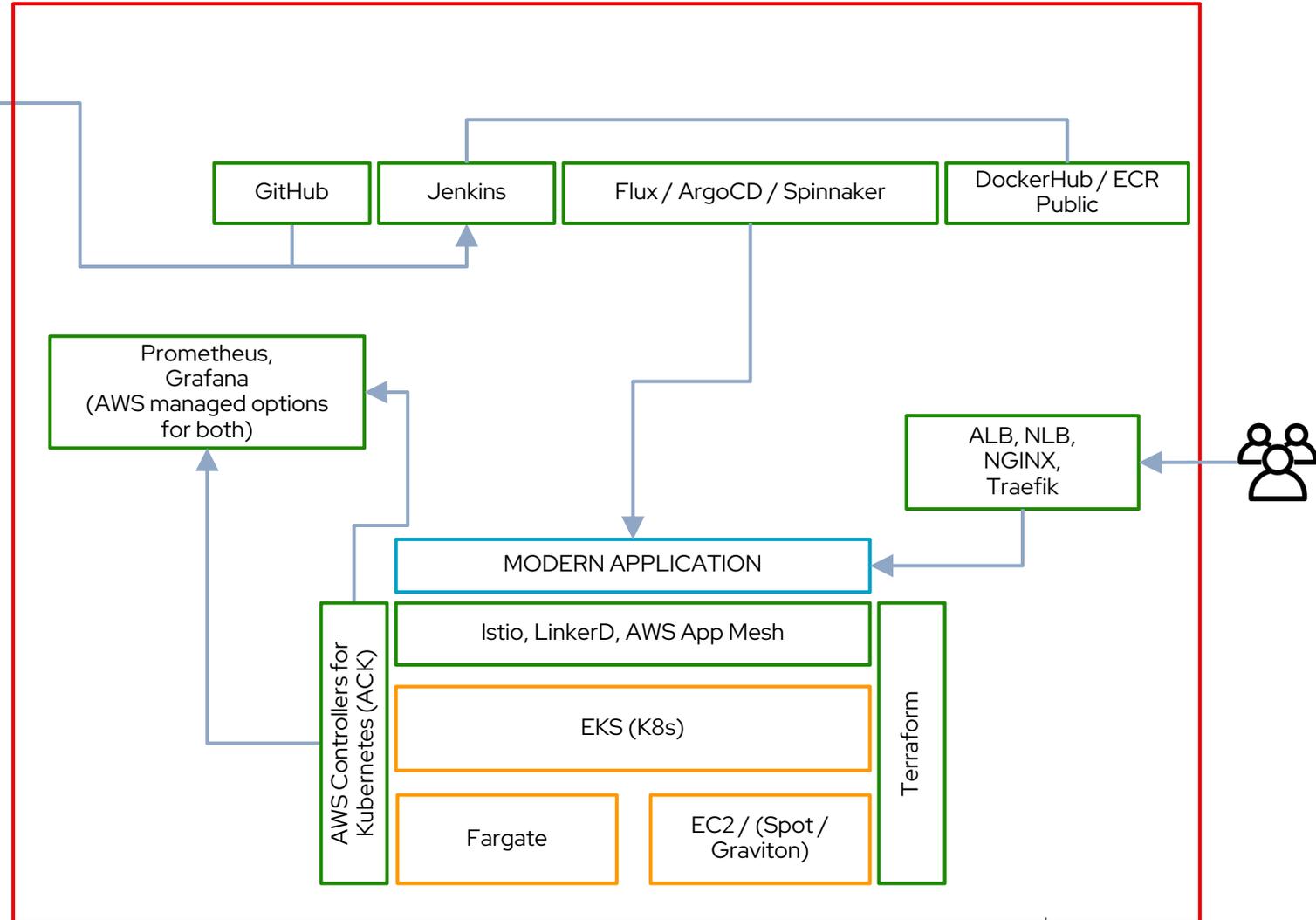
AWS Elastic Kubernetes services: **EKS**



Amazon EKS

The **Opensource flexibility**

- AWS-optimized managed upstream Kubernetes with four supported versions
- Build your custom platform for compliance and security, with AWS services and community solutions
- Accelerate your containerization and modernization with canonical patterns using **AWS Blueprints**



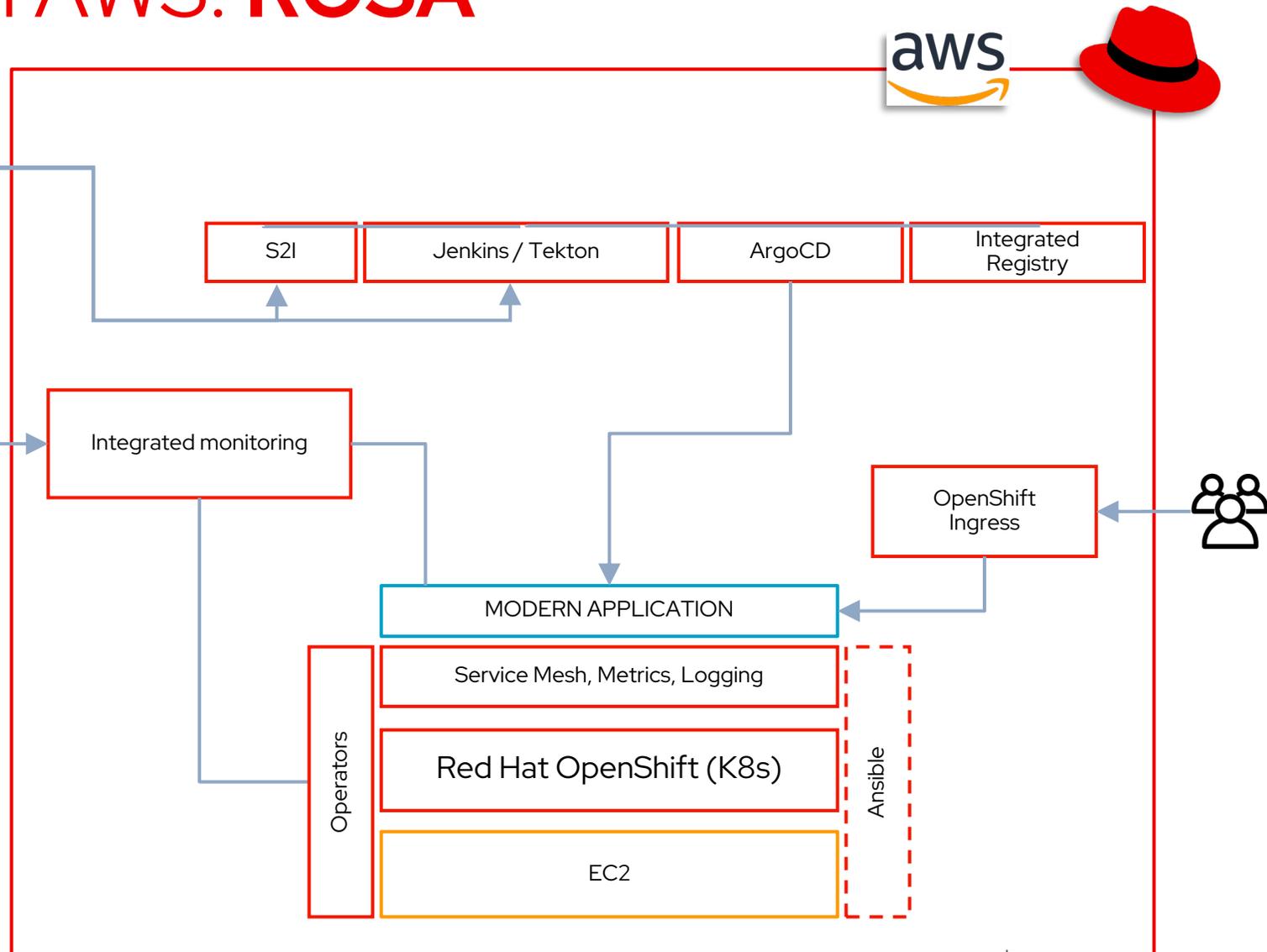
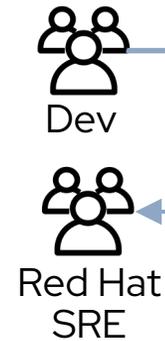
Red Hat OpenShift on AWS: ROSA



Red Hat OpenShift on AWS

Shared Services Platform AKA PaaS

- Integrated Kubernetes based application platform with built-in CI/CD, monitoring, and developer tools.
- Activate ROSA and continue with existing OpenShift skills and processes from on-prem environments to the cloud
- Accelerate application migration and modernization by re-hosting, re-platforming, or re-factoring workloads



*ROSA visual explanation in 12min [video](#)



Focus on innovation to add value to business

On-premises

Cloud

OpenShift Container Platform (OCP)

OpenShift Container Platform (OCP) on AWS

Red Hat OpenShift Service on AWS (ROSA)*

Control Plane

Customer

Customer

 **Red Hat**

Compute

Customer

Customer

 **Red Hat**

Data Plane

Customer

Customer

 **Red Hat**

Support

 **Red Hat**

 **Red Hat**

 **Red Hat** 

Billing

 **Red Hat**

 **Red Hat**



Fully Managed 



* Detailed Responsibility Matrix: https://docs.openshift.com/rosa/rosa_policy/rosa-policy-responsibility-matrix.html

Integrated AWS services



ROSA

Application Development and Monitoring



AWS
DynamoDB



AWS
RDS



Amazon
Aurora



Amazon
API Gateway



AWS
CodeCommit



AWS
EventBridge



Cloud Watch

AWS Controllers for Kubernetes (ACK) is an open-source project built by AWS, which lets you define and use AWS service resources directly from Kubernetes

Infrastructure and Operations



Amazon
EC2



Amazon
EBS



Amazon
EFS



Amazon
FSx



Amazon
ELB



Amazon
VPC



Route
53



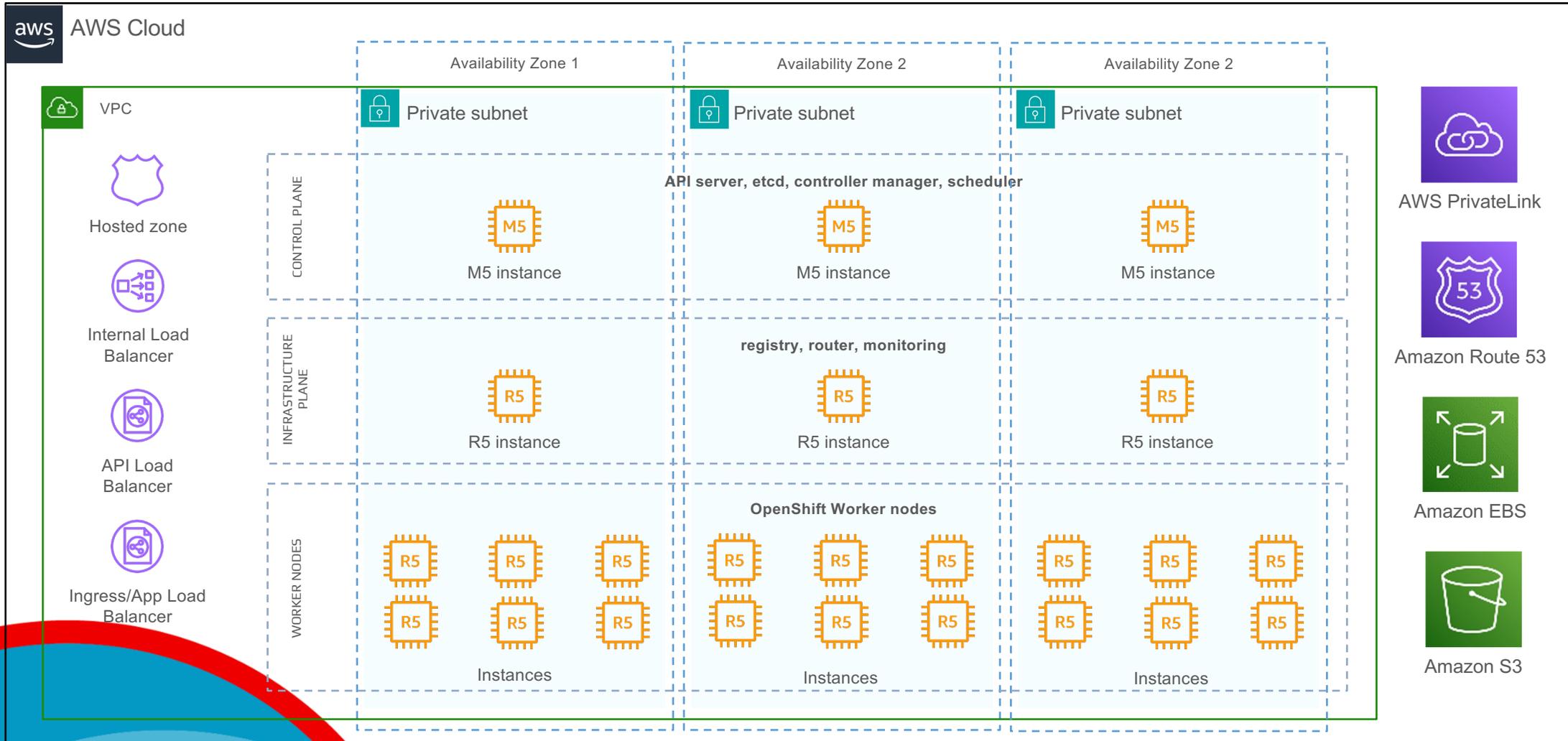
AWS
Private
Link



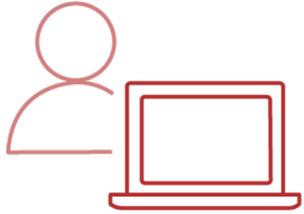
Amazon
Elastic Container Registry (ECR)



Rosa Cluster Architecture example



Benefits of ROSA – Turn-Key Application Platform



Developers

Fully managed clusters in minutes to build, deploy, and run applications using built-in developer UI that abstract the complexity of Kubernetes.

Collaborate across teams via shared projects.



Administrators

Standardized and streamlined operations across on-prem and cloud environments.

Built-in monitoring, logging, and networking

Choose platform version upgrades as required for the business.*



Business Leaders

Consolidated billing and cost management across the business.

Consumption based pricing for surge and R&D usage.

24x7 full-stack management and support

*Security patches are applied automatically – major and minor version upgrades are customer controlled



Quick demo



Create a ROSA cluster: Interactive mode

```
Admin-extended:~/environment $ rosa create cluster --interactive
I: Interactive mode enabled.
Any optional fields can be left empty and a default will be selected.
? Cluster name: my-rosa-cluster
? Deploy cluster using AWS STS: Yes
? OpenShift version: 4.11.5
I: Using arn:aws:iam::402140135972:role/ManagedOpenShift-Installer-Role for the Installer role
I: Using arn:aws:iam::402140135972:role/ManagedOpenShift-Worker-Role for the Worker role
I: Using arn:aws:iam::402140135972:role/ManagedOpenShift-Support-Role for the Support role
I: Using arn:aws:iam::402140135972:role/ManagedOpenShift-ControlPlane-Role for the ControlPlane role
? External ID (optional):
? Operator roles prefix: my-rosa-cluster-a1a8
? Multiple availability zones (optional): Yes
? AWS region: us-east-1
? PrivateLink cluster (optional): No
? Install into an existing VPC (optional): No
? Select availability zones (optional): No
? Enable Customer Managed key (optional): No
? Compute nodes instance type: m5.xlarge
? Enable autoscaling (optional): Yes
? Min replicas: 3
? Max replicas: 3
? Machine CIDR: 10.0.0.0/16
? Service CIDR: [?] for help (172.30.0.0/16)
```



- rosaworkshop - /
- aws
- awscli2.zip
- README.md

```
Admin-extended:~/environment $
```

Red Hat
Summit

Connect

Q&A?

aws

Red Hat
Summit

Connect

Grazie!

