

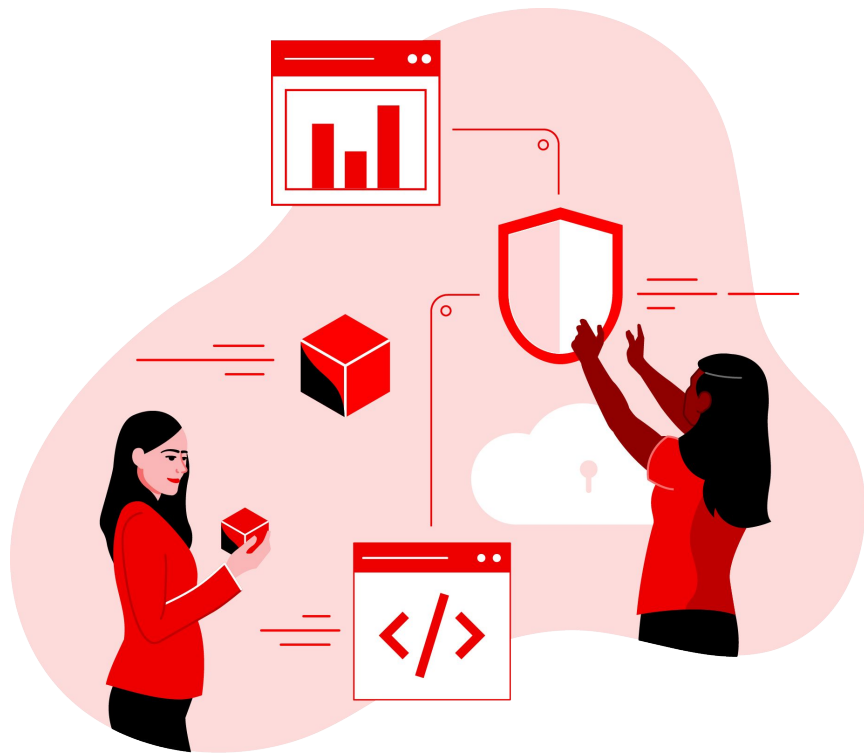


Open Tour

The word "Open" is rendered in a large, white, rounded sans-serif font. The letter 'O' is partially held by a woman with red hair in a ponytail, wearing a grey top, who is also holding several red circles. The word "Tour" is in a large, red, rounded sans-serif font. A man in a grey suit is shown from the back, holding up the letter 'r'. The letters are surrounded by various icons: red clouds, a red hexagon with a dashed border, and two red cubes with vertical lines extending downwards. The background is black.

Connecting people and solutions
to accelerate your business

Build a **trusted** software supply chain with Red Hat



2017

<https://bit.ly/teachingelephants>

Teaching Elephants to Dance (and Fly!)

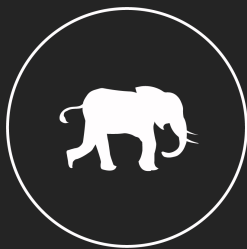
A DevOps Story

Digital Darwinism

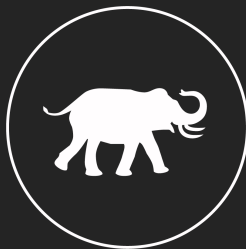
The Developer's Journey



Re-Org to
DevOps



Self-Service,
On-Demand,
Elastic
Infrastructure



Automation
Puppet, Chef,
Ansible,
Kubernetes



CI & CD
Deployment
Pipeline



Advanced
Deployment
Techniques



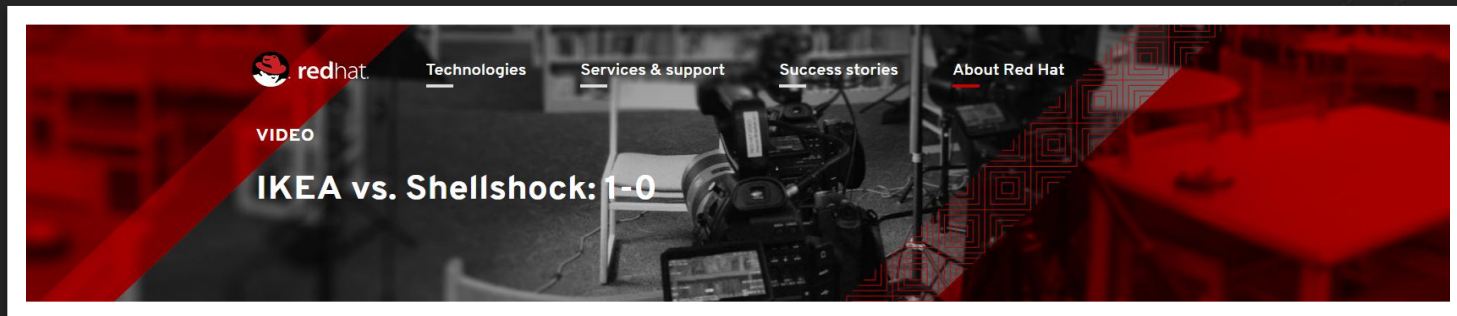
Microservices
(and flying
elephants!)



‘Speed Kills!’ vs. ‘Go Fast, Go Safe’



IKEA®



<http://www.bbc.com/news/technology-29361794>

<https://www.redhat.com/en/about/videos/ikea-vs-shellshock>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aZA1JHMcd6I>

@burrsutter bit.ly/teachingelephants



<https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2014-0160>



Slides from
Feb 2017
DevNexus

Actually, Slow Kills!

Apache Struts 2—zero-day vulnerability

https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-45/product_id-6117/version_id-152374/Apache-Struts-2.3.15.1.html

<http://blog.trendmicro.com/trendlabs-security-intelligence/chinese-underground-creates-tool-exploiting-apache-struts-vulnerability/>

```
[原创]最新Struts2漏洞利用工具 Struts2 Exploit <=2.3.1.5 cve-2013-2251 (S2-016)
工具: MS_Sploit2 Exploit <=2.3.1.5 cve-2013-2251
编译: VS2010 C# (.NET Framework v2.0)
组织: ...
[*] S2-013 CVE-2013-1966 支持GetShell获取物理路径执行CMD命令
```

Apache Struts 2.3.16.2 Released to Properly Fix Zero-Day Vulnerability
Users are advised to update their installations as soon as possible



Chinese Underground Creates Tool Exploiting Apache Struts Vulnerability

Slides from
Feb 2017
DevNexus

Posted on: **August 14, 2013** at 2:07 am Posted in: **Exploits, Malware, Targeted Attacks, Vulnerabilities**
Author: **Noriaki Hayashi (Senior Threat Researcher)**



About a month ago, the Apache Software Foundation released **Struts 2.3.15.1**, an update to the popular Java Web application development framework. The patch was released because **vulnerabilities in older versions** of Struts could allow attackers to run arbitrary code on vulnerable servers.

Since then, we've found that hackers in the Chinese underground have created an automated tool that exploits these problems in older versions of Struts. We first confirmed the existence of these tools on July 19; this was only three days after the vulnerabilities were disclosed to the public.



And Then

"In September 2017, **Equifax** disclosed that a failure to patch one of its Internet servers against a pervasive software flaw – in a Web component known as **Apache Struts** – led to a breach that exposed personal data on 147 million Americans."

[KrebsonSecurity](#)

Equifax, Apache Struts, and CVE-2017-5638 vulnerability

Posted by [Fred Bals](#) on September 15, 2017



It's an all Equifax breach/Apache Struts/ CVE-2017-5638 issue of Open Source Insight this week as we examine how an unpatched open source flaw and an apparent lack of diligence exposed sensitive data for over 140 million US consumers. We look at what happened, how you can see if you've been affected by the breach, and discuss whether you should replace Struts with another framework.

Also recommended reading are the following articles from the Synopsys Software Integrity blog, which you should subscribe to for the latest security news. Synopsys was blogging on CVE-2017-5638 and what you could do to protect yourself against the vulnerability from its initial disclosure in March.

- [Critical Vulnerability CVE-2017-5638 Attacks Escalating](#)
- [CVE-2017-5638: Anatomy of the Apache Struts Vulnerability](#)
- [Pandora's Box – Exploits Show Package Manager Blind Spots](#)

[Equifax hackers stole 200k credit card accounts in one fell swoop](#)

2021

May 2021 Cyber security is National security

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/05/12/executive-order-on-improving-the-nations-cybersecurity/`. The page header includes "THE WHITE HOUSE" and the White House seal. The date "MAY 12, 2021" is displayed above the main title "Executive Order on Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity". Below the title is a breadcrumb trail: "BRIEFING ROOM" > "PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS". The main text begins with "By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:". A section titled "Section 1. Policy." follows, discussing the need for improved cybersecurity measures. The text continues with "Incremental improvements will not give us the security we need; instead, the Federal Government needs to make bold changes and significant investments in order to defend the vital institutions that underpin the American way of life. The Federal Government must bring". On the right side of the page, there is a "Share" button with social media icons for Facebook, Twitter, and a link icon. On the left side, there are accessibility icons for a screen reader and a text-to-speech function.

Executive Order on Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity

MAY 12, 2021

Executive Order on Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity

BRIEFING ROOM > PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Policy. The United States faces persistent and increasingly sophisticated malicious cyber campaigns that threaten the public sector, the private sector, and ultimately the American people's security and privacy. The Federal Government must improve its efforts to identify, deter, protect against, detect, and respond to these actions and actors. The Federal Government must also carefully examine what occurred during any major cyber incident and apply lessons learned. But cybersecurity requires more than government action. Protecting our Nation from malicious cyber actors requires the Federal Government to partner with the private sector. The private sector must adapt to the continuously changing threat environment, ensure its products are built and operate securely, and partner with the Federal Government to foster a more secure cyberspace. In the end, the trust we place in our digital infrastructure should be proportional to how trustworthy and transparent that infrastructure is, and to the consequences we will incur if that trust is misplaced.

Incremental improvements will not give us the security we need; instead, the Federal Government needs to make bold changes and significant investments in order to defend the vital institutions that underpin the American way of life. The Federal Government must bring

December 2021 Log4Shell

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying "cyber.gc.ca/en/alerts-advisories/active-exploitation-apache-log4j-vulnerability". The page header includes the Government of Canada logo and a search bar. The main content area features a breadcrumb trail: "Canada.ca > Canadian Centre for Cyber Security > Alerts and advisories". The title of the alert is "Alert - Active exploitation of Apache Log4j vulnerability - update 7". Below the title, the source is identified as "Canadian Centre for Cyber Security". The alert details include: "Number: AL21-019 - Update 7", "Date: December 10, 2021", and "Updated: December 29, 2021". The "Audience" section states that the alert is for IT professionals and managers. The "Purpose" section explains that the alert is used to raise awareness of a recently identified cyber threat that may impact cyber information assets. The "Overview" section mentions that on 10 December 2021, Apache released a Security Advisory highlighting a critical remote code execution vulnerability in Log4j, a widely deployed Java-based logging utility.

Active exploitation of Apache Log4j vulnerability

Government of Canada / Gouvernement du Canada

Search

Français

MENU

[Canada.ca](#) > [Canadian Centre for Cyber Security](#) > [Alerts and advisories](#)

Alert - Active exploitation of Apache Log4j vulnerability - update 7

From: [Canadian Centre for Cyber Security](#)

Number: AL21-019 - Update 7
Date: December 10, 2021
Updated: December 29, 2021

Audience

This Alert is intended for IT professionals and managers of notified organizations. Recipients of this information may redistribute it within their respective organizations.

Purpose

An Alert is used to raise awareness of a recently identified cyber threat¹ that may impact cyber information assets, and to provide additional detection² and mitigation advice to recipients. The Canadian Centre for Cyber Security³ ("Cyber Centre") is also available to provide additional assistance regarding the content of this Alert to recipients as requested.

Overview

On 10 December 2021, Apache released a Security Advisory¹² highlighting a critical remote code execution vulnerability³ in Log4j, a widely deployed Java-based logging utility. Open-source reporting indicates that active scanning and exploitation of this vulnerability have been observed.

Details

Present Day

Open Tour Stockholm

Why you need a trusted software supply chain



Software supply chain attacks: a matter of when, not if

Ransom paid but a mere fraction to the overall
downtime and recovery costs of a data breach



742%

average annual increase in
software supply chain attacks
over the past 3 years¹

45%

of organizations worldwide
will experience supply chain
attacks by 2025²

1 in 5

data breaches are due to
a software supply chain
compromise³

71%

YoY increase in cost
of average ransom
payment⁴

First step: Adopting a DevSecOps mindset is essential

Built over an enterprise open source foundation to protect the software factory

55%

DevSecOps leaders agree that a culture of shared ownership between application development and security teams is critical¹

78%

have initiatives that increase collaboration between DevOps and Security teams²

92%

of IT leaders point out that enterprise open source solutions are important as their business accelerates application workloads to the open hybrid cloud³

But current approaches to scale DevSecOps are falling short

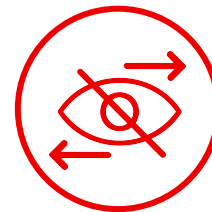
94% of tech leaders say that selecting the right security tools for their DevOps teams is challenging¹



Overburdened with limited security expertise to keep pace with releases



Siloed teams lacking in integrated workflows, standardized security tools



Tool sprawl, context switching results in fragmented visibility

Recognize that open source software has eaten the world

Security of open source software has to be a fundamental, ongoing aspect of the SDLC

2 out of 3

organizations are already using OSS to augment internal development of new applications¹

600^{est}

number of open source components in any given software, in codebases that are widely open source based²

90+%

of codebases contain open source components with no development activity or security fixes in two years³

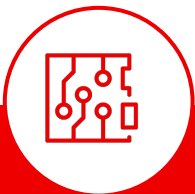
Catch application releases with security vulnerabilities



45% say software is released without going through security checks and/or testing¹.

- ▶ 3 of 5 organizations indicate their developers are using separate security tools².
- ▶ 65% of developers identified image scanning and vulnerability management as an important security use case³.
- ▶ Over half of customers surveyed insist their developers use validated images⁴.

Account for all packaged components, dependencies



6 out of 7 project vulnerabilities come from transitive dependencies¹

- ▶ Of the **1.2 billion** dependencies downloaded each month, **62%** had a transitive vulnerability²
- ▶ **73%** of organizations increased efforts to secure open source software only after an attack³.
- ▶ **60%** of organizations will mandate Software Bill of Materials (SBOMs) by 2025⁴

Isolate critical alerts from the noise in real-time

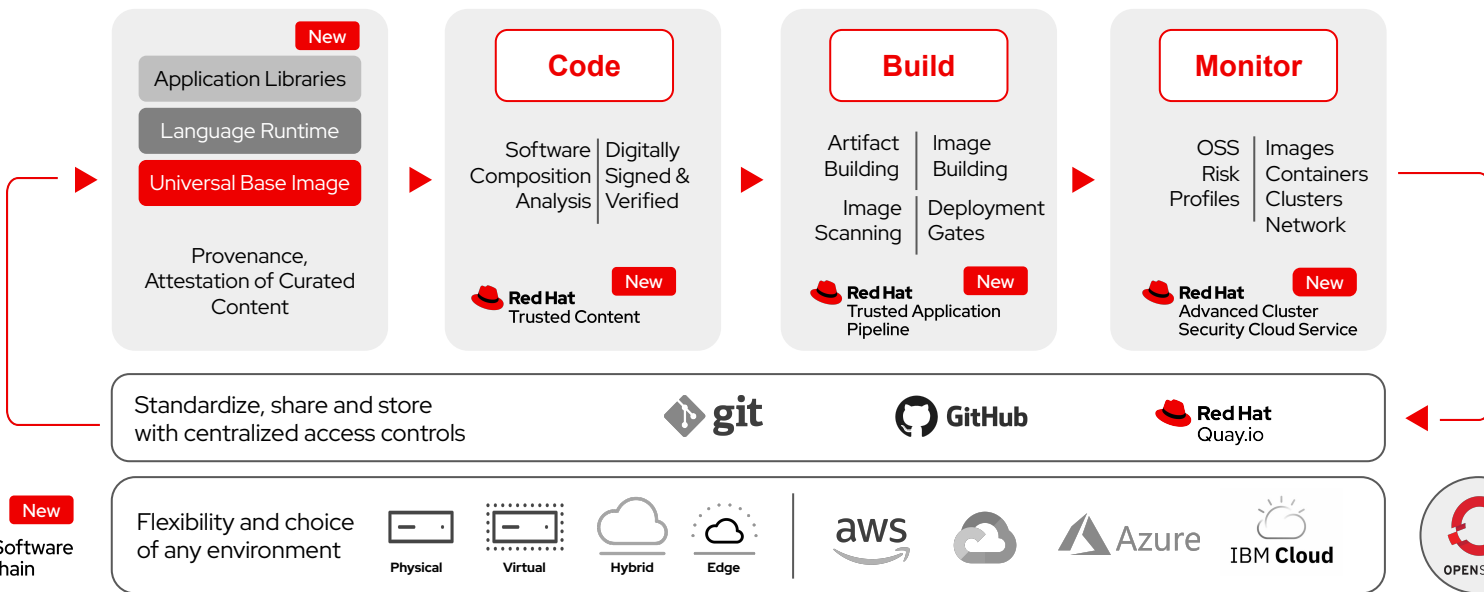


57% of surveyed worry the most about their runtime phase - for Day 2 operations¹

- ▶ Nearly **53%** of respondents have experienced a misconfiguration incident in last 12 months².
- ▶ **83%** say they are experiencing an increase in IaC template misconfigurations³.
- ▶ But only **28%** say they are scanning production environments for misconfigurations⁴.

Code, build, and monitor to a Trusted Software Supply Chain

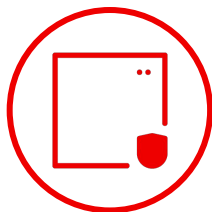
Delivered as a **cloud service** with integrated security guardrails at every phase of the software development lifecycle



Secure the use of source code and transitive dependencies

Software supply chain security considerations for the software development lifecycle

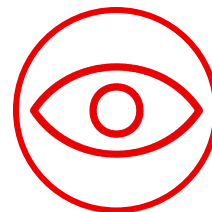
Prevent & identify
malicious **code**



Safeguard **build**
systems early



Continuously **monitor**
security at runtime

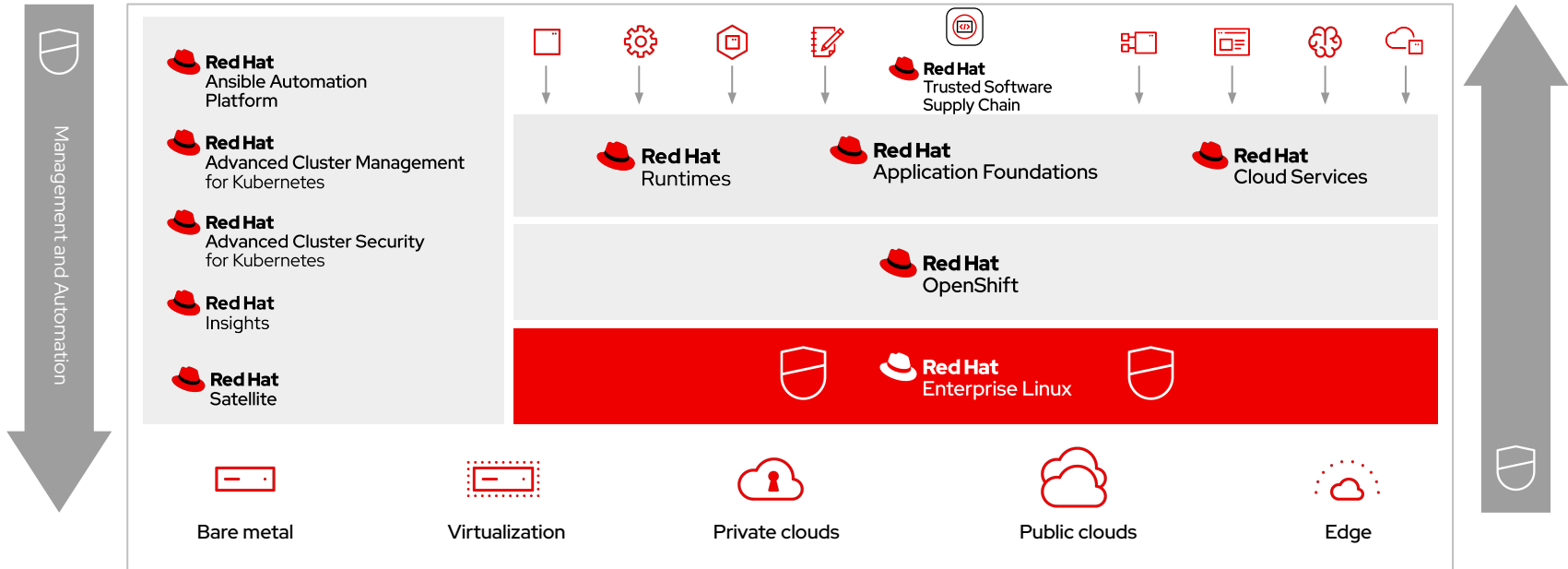


Code, build, and monitor to a Trusted Software Supply Chain



Layered security throughout the stack and lifecycle



Build, deploy, and run applications on top of a hybrid cloud using DevSecOps practices



Enhance and extend security functionality

Build on Red Hat functionality through our **security partners** to better secure the entire DevOps life cycle.

- ▶ Increase Trust
- ▶ Reduce Risk
- ▶ Improve Compliance
- ▶ Enhance Collaboration
- ▶ Increase Agility
- ▶ Improve Quality

Application analysis	Identity & access management
SAST, SCA, IAST, DAST, Image risk	Authn, Authz, Secrets Vault, HSM, Provenance
Compliance	Network controls
Regulatory compliance, PCI-DSS, GDPR	CNI plugins, policies, traffic controls, service mesh
Data controls	Runtime analysis & protection
Data protection and encryption	RASP, production analysis
Audit and monitoring	Remediation
Logging, visibility, forensics	SOAR, automatic resolution
	
 Red Hat platform security	
Secure host, container platform, namespace isolation, k8s and container hardening	



Sign up today

- ▶ Choose Red Hat for your trusted software supply chain + DevSecOps
- ▶ Learn how Red Hat Trusted Software Supply Chain can help: red.ht/trusted

Thank you



Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security: Use Cases

Security across the entire application lifecycle

