

# Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform



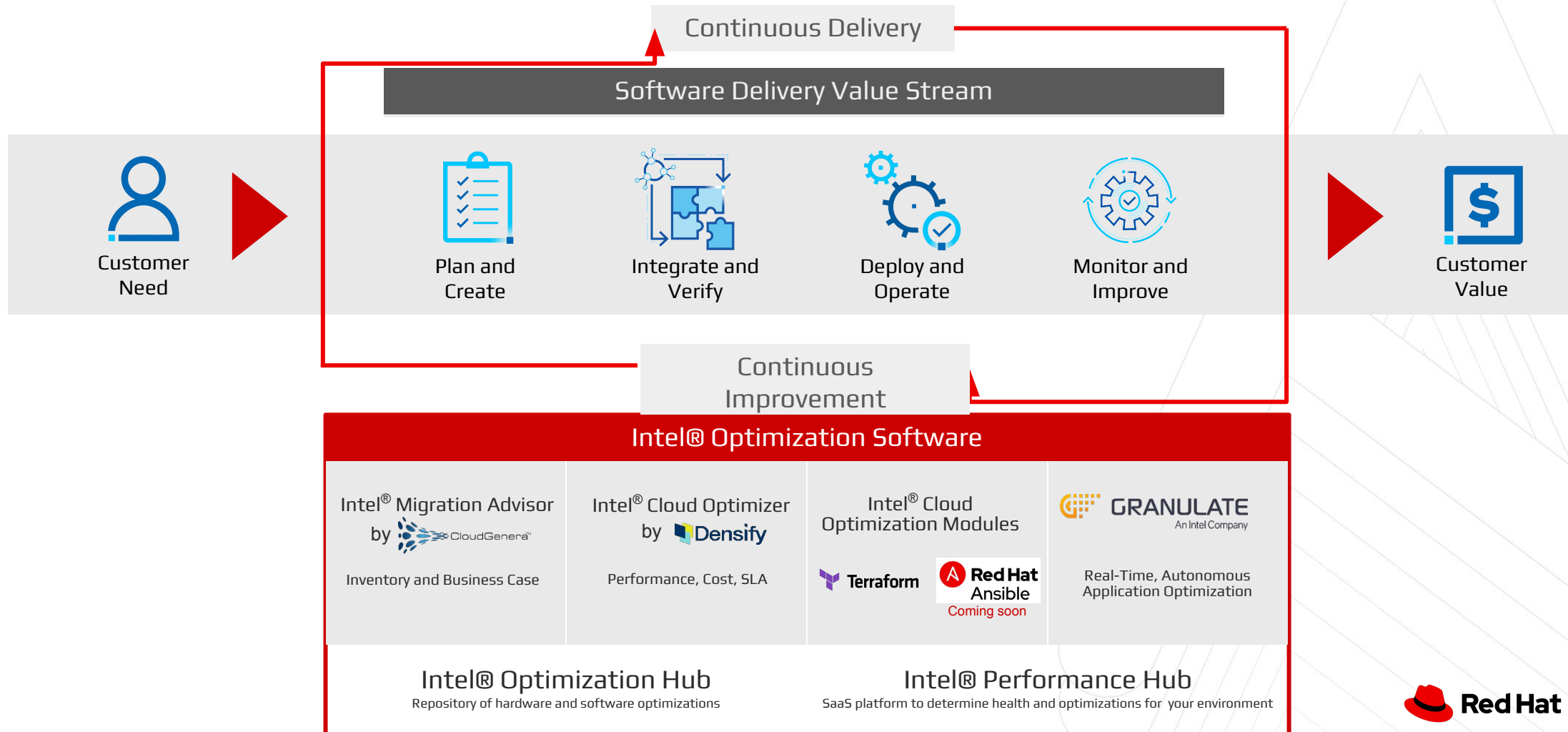
# Thanks to our sponsor Intel!



Over **25** Years of Relationship

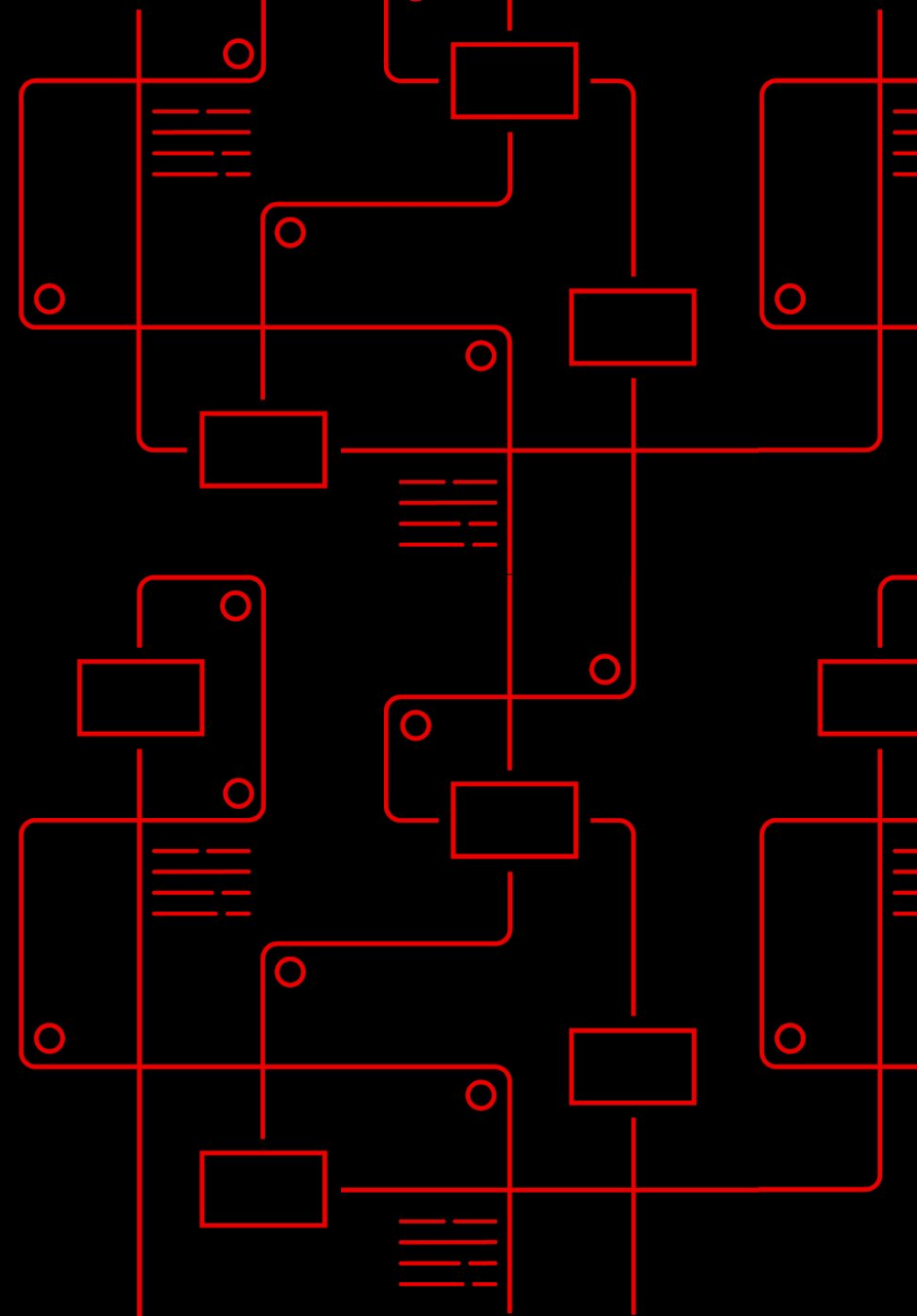
Fun fact:  
**Intel is #1**  
Linux Kernel  
Corporate Contributor  
since 2007<sup>1</sup>

# Intel® Optimization Software

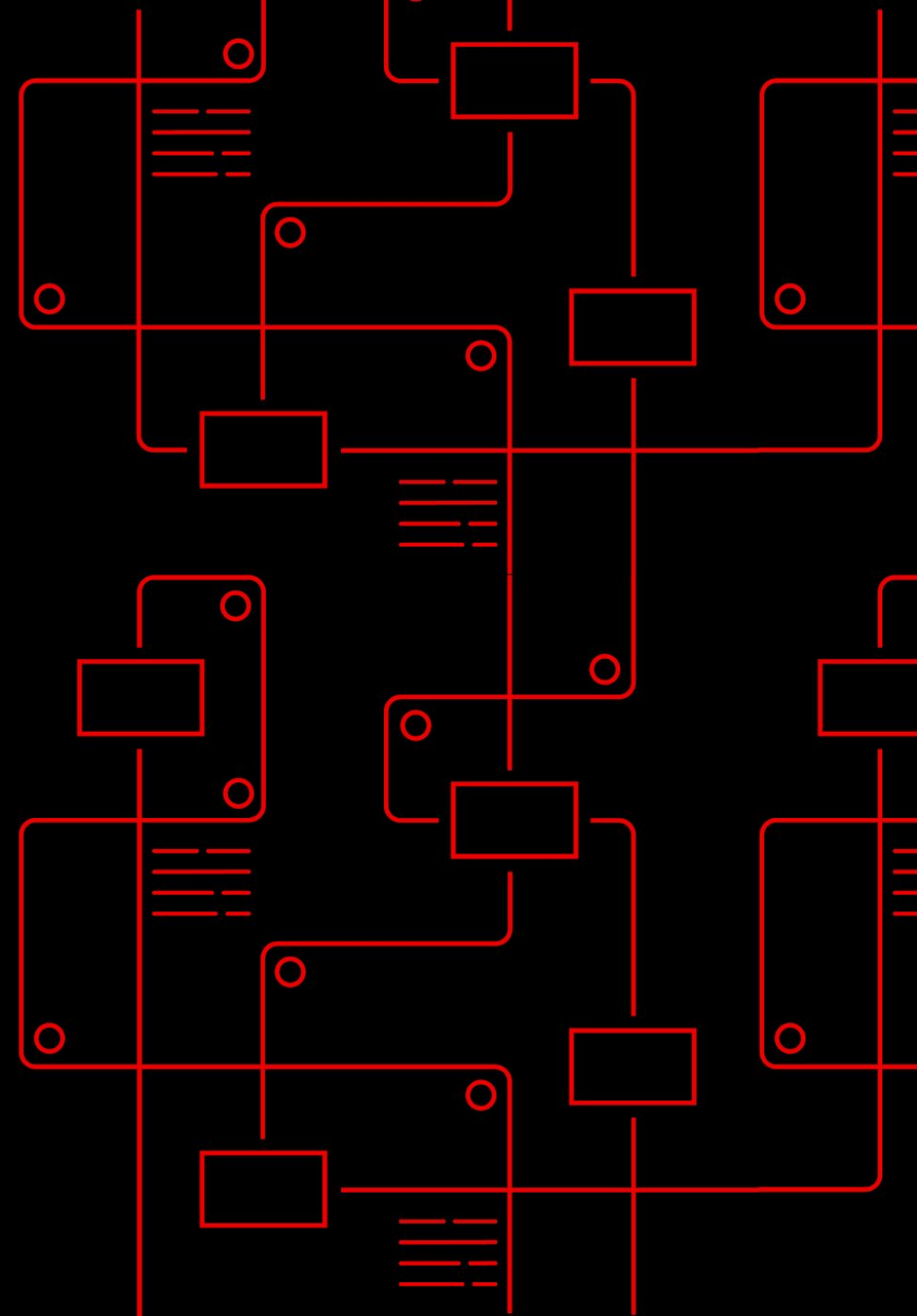


# You are probably here

```
random-dude@laptop $ ansible-playbook \  
-i 192.168.1.100, test.yaml
```



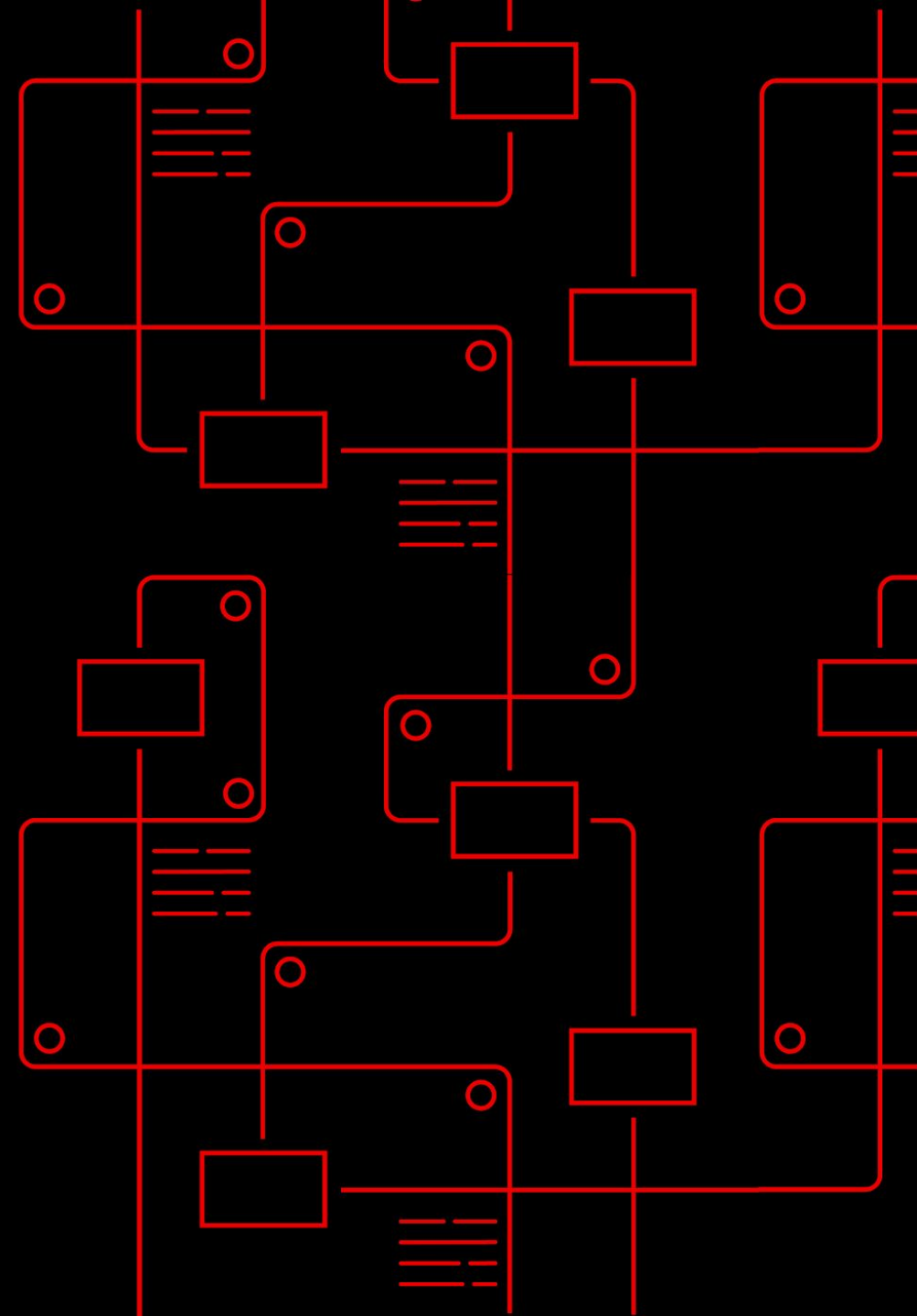
# Why Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Ansible<sup>®</sup> Automation Platform?



# What do you actually want?

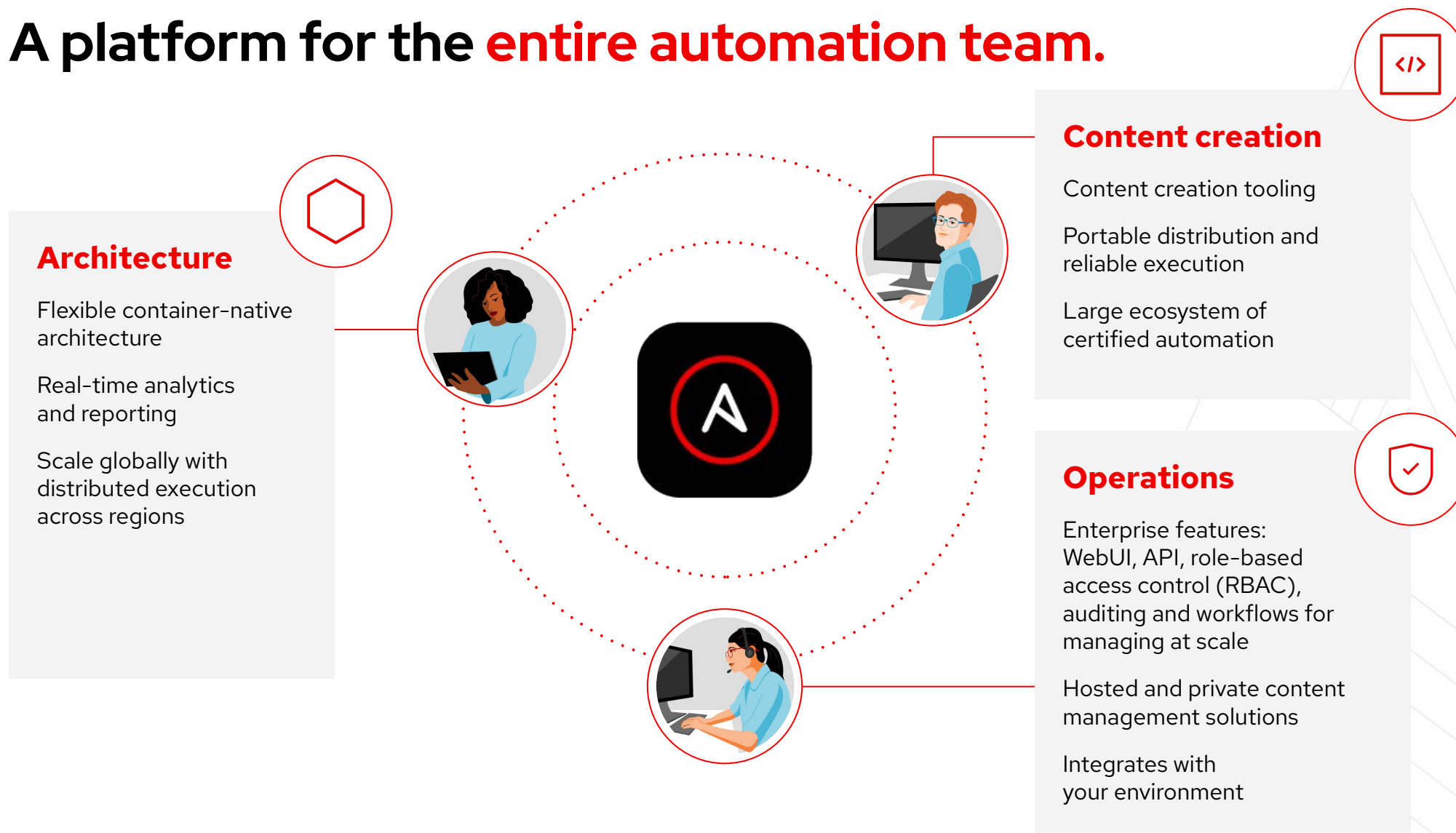
- ▶ Control who is allowed to do what
- ▶ Standardize way of working
- ▶ Share automation within an organization
- ▶ Reuse existing automation
- ▶ Audit Trail
- ▶ Self-service
- ▶ Integrate with other systems

# What is Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Ansible<sup>®</sup> Automation Platform?

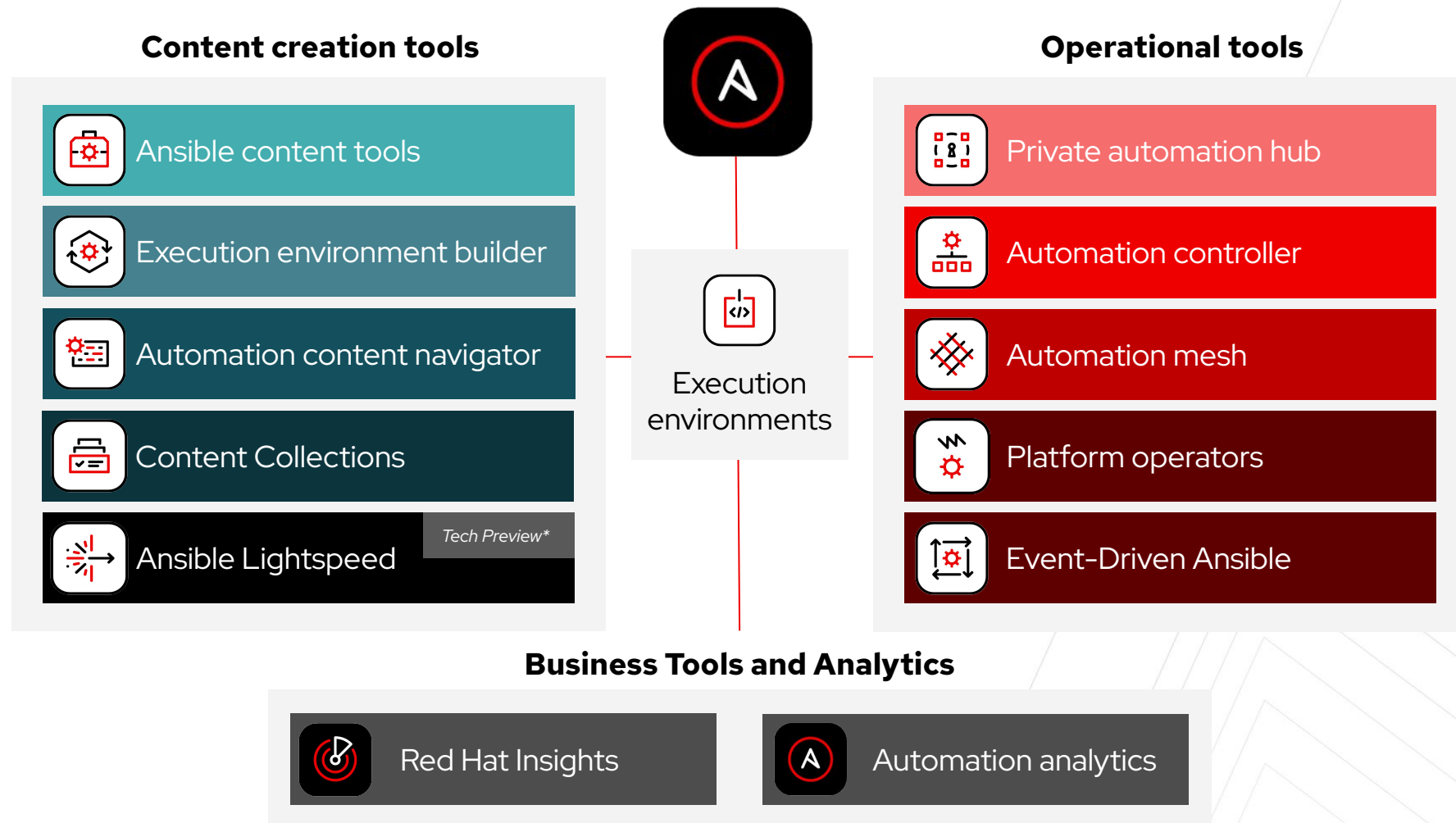




# A platform for the **entire automation team.**

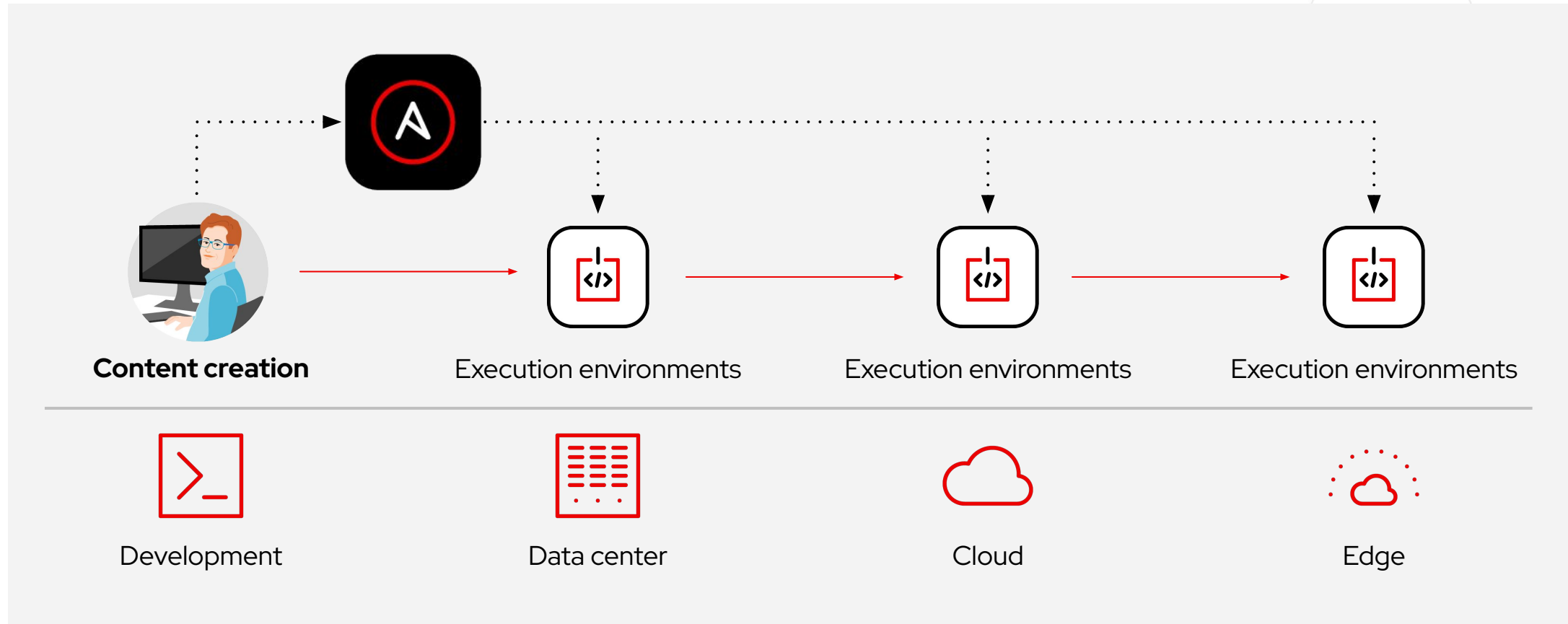


# An integrated solution **for the enterprise.**

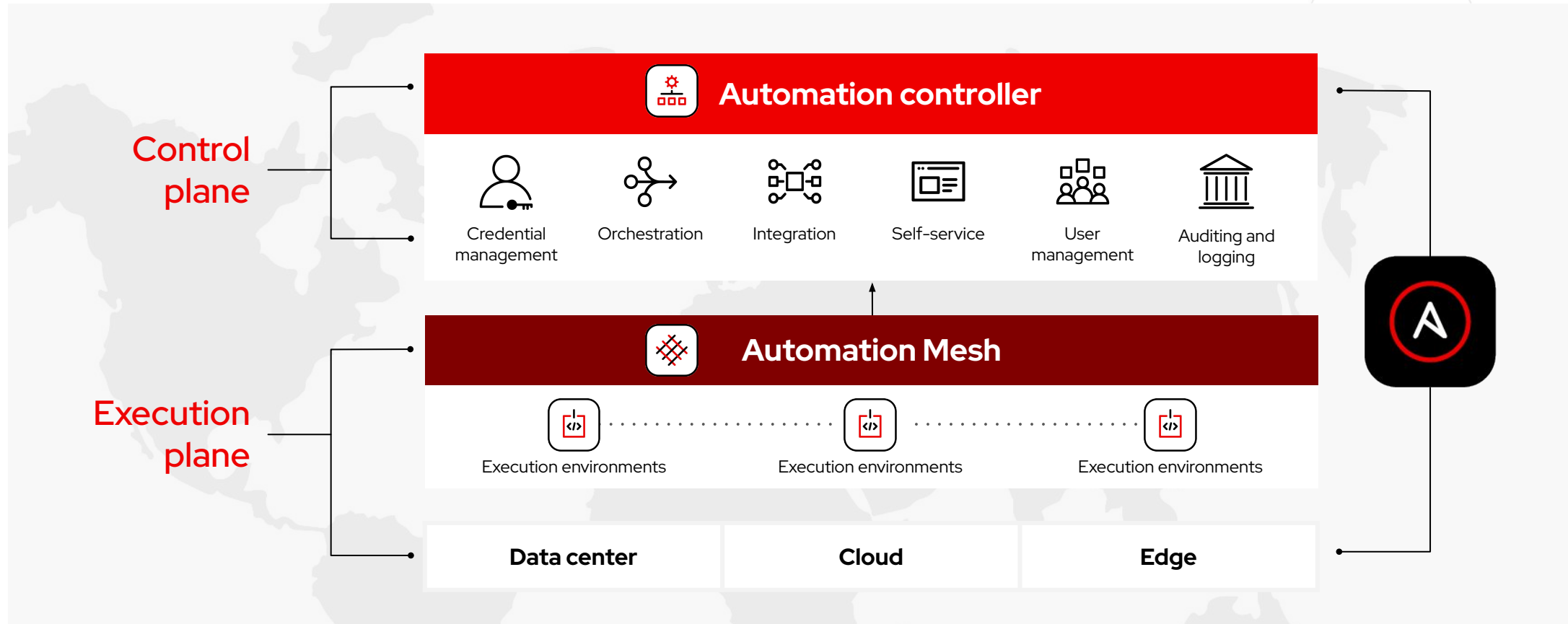


\* Ansible Lightspeed with IBM watsonx Code Assistant is available as non-supported technical preview.  
<https://access.redhat.com/articles/7016058>

# Built for consistency. **Portability is reliability.**



## A distributed architecture **built for scale.**



# The capabilities you need **across your IT footprint.**



# Enabling your automation team **to consistently...**



**Create**

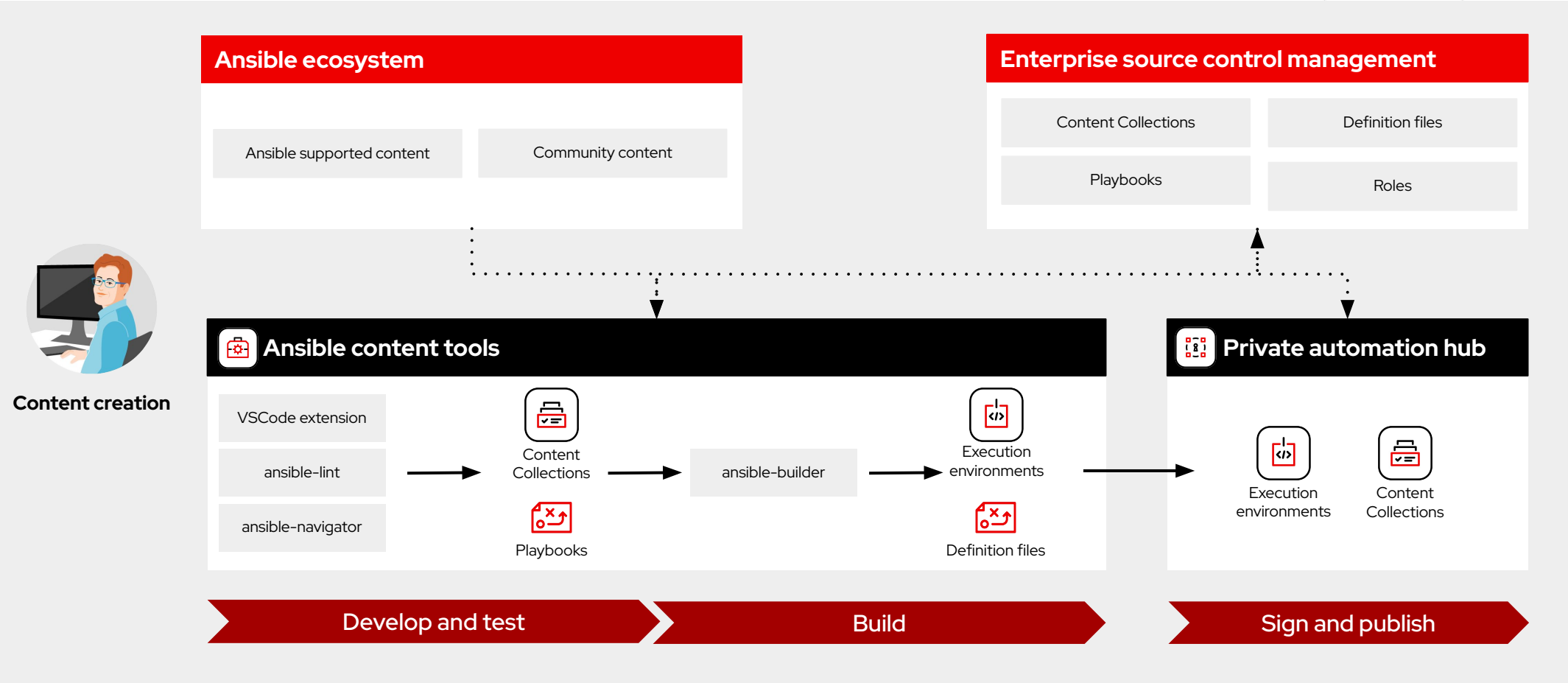
**Manage**

**Scale**

# Create



# The automation content life cycle. **Create.**







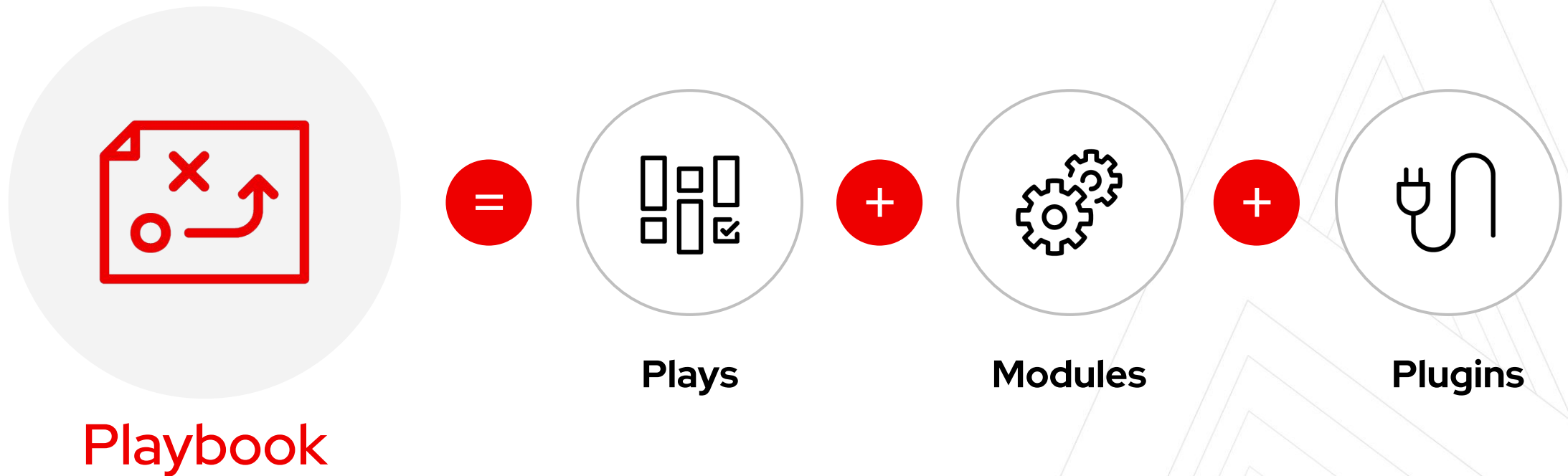
# Ansible Core (**ansible-core**)

## What is it?

- ▶ The main building block for Ansible
- ▶ Simple YAML syntax to develop Ansible Playbooks
- ▶ Provides CLI tools to develop, test and run playbooks
- ▶ Pluggable architecture that allows extensions through Content Collections

```
---  
- name: Shutdown VM guest  
  hosts: localhost  
  gather_facts: false  
  tasks:  
    - name: Turn off specified VM guest  
      vmware.vmware_rest.vcenter_vm_guest_power:  
        state: shutdown  
        vm: 1021343  
        vcenter_hostname: vcenter.demoredhat.com  
        vcenter_username: admin  
        vcenter_password: tedlasso
```

# What makes up an Ansible playbook?



# Ansible playbooks

```
---
- name: Install and start apache
  hosts: web
  become: true

  tasks:
    - name: Ensure the httpd package is installed
      ansible.builtin.package:
        name: httpd
        state: present

    - name: Create the index.html file
      ansible.builtin.template:
        src: files/index.html
        dest: /var/www/html/

    - name: Start the httpd service if needed
      ansible.builtin.service:
        name: httpd
        state: started
```



# Ansible Roles. Reusable automation actions.

## What are they?

- ▶ Group tasks and variables of your automation in a reusable structure
- ▶ Write roles once, and share them with others who have similar challenges in front of them

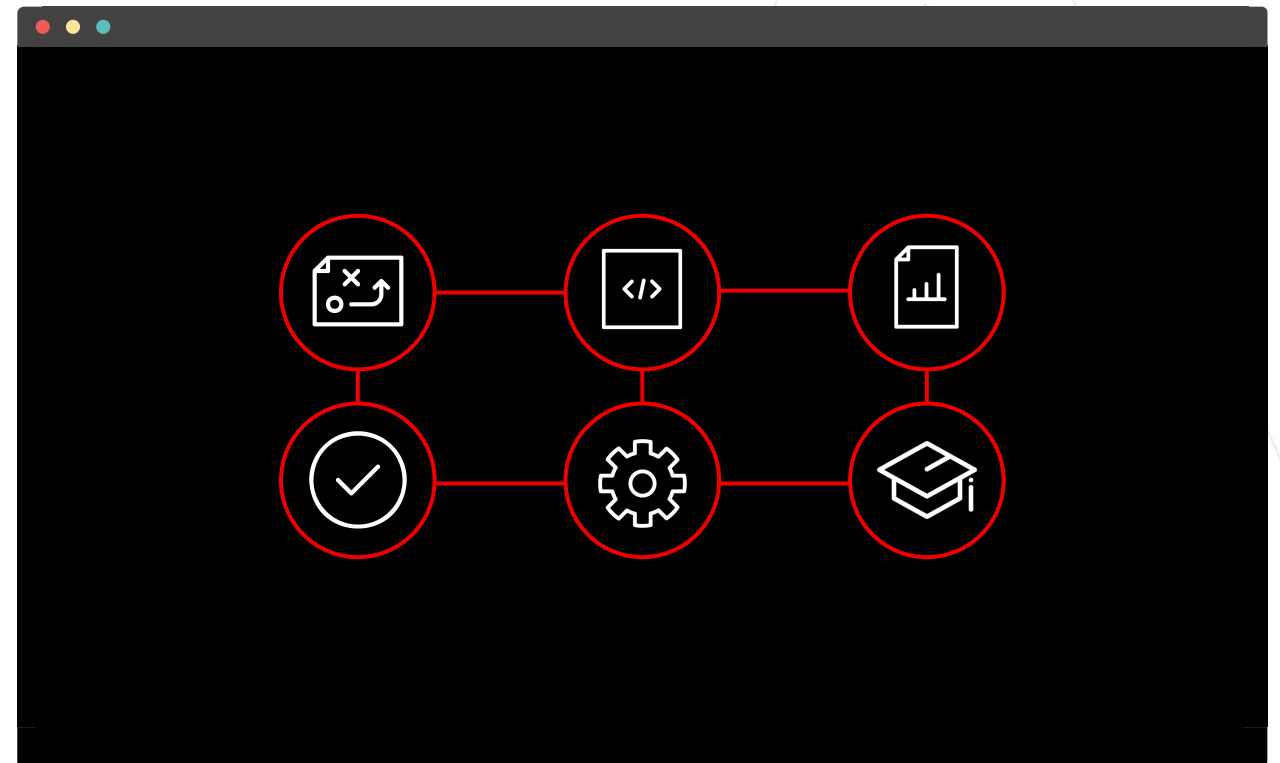
```
---  
- name: Install and start apache  
  hosts: web  
  ansible.builtin.roles:  
    - common  
    - webservers
```

# Content Collections.

## Simplified, consistent content delivery.

### What are they?

- ▶ Contains automation content, including modules, multiple roles ,and playbooks
- ▶ Portable, reusable, and versioned enabling better collaboration

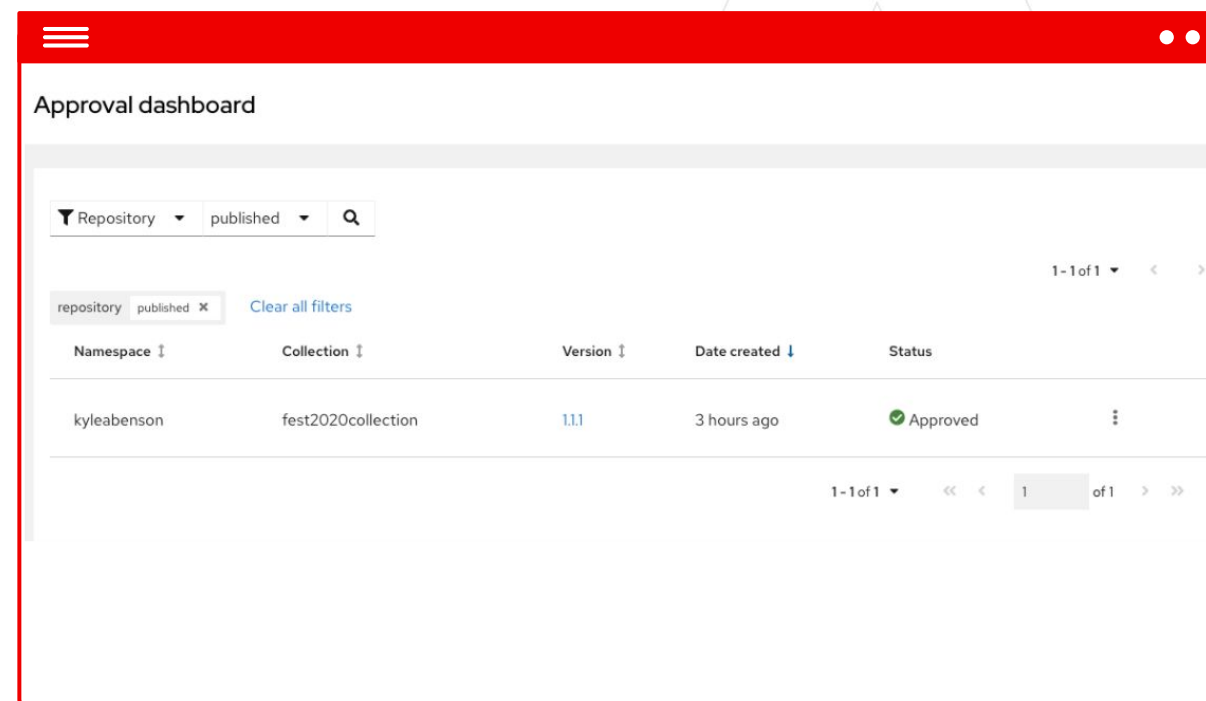


# Automation hub. Trusted automation content.

[console.redhat.com](https://console.redhat.com)

## What is it?

- ▶ Hosted source of trusted Red Hat and Certified Partner Content Collections
- ▶ Integrated documentation and examples
- ▶ Configurable as primary content collection source for your automation environment
- ▶ Access to hosted automation hub and content Included in subscription

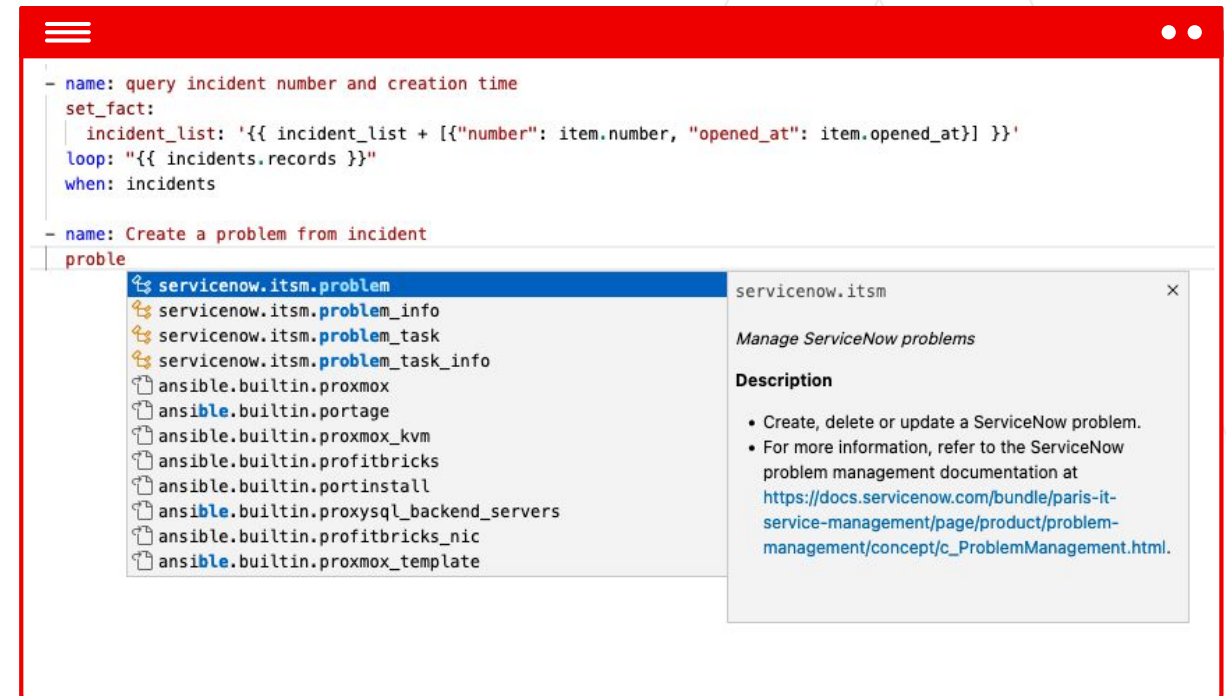


# Ansible VS Code extension. Simplifying content creation



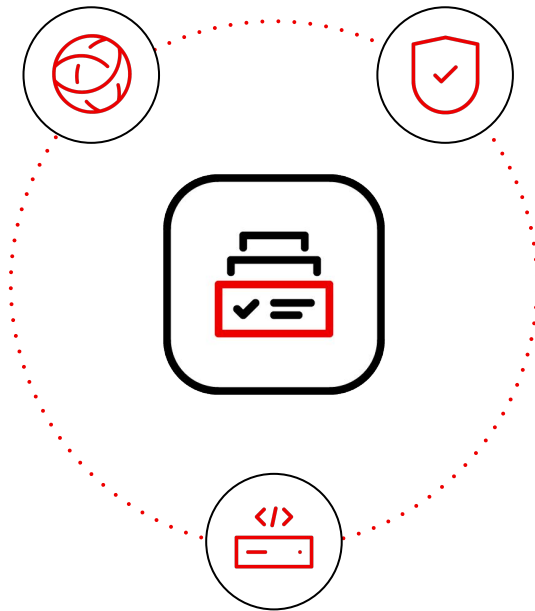
## What is it?

- ▶ Syntax highlighting of keywords such as module names
- ▶ Live validation of your code while you type
- ▶ Integration with ansible-lint\*
- ▶ Autocompletion on play, block or task contents etc
- ▶ Documentation references as you code

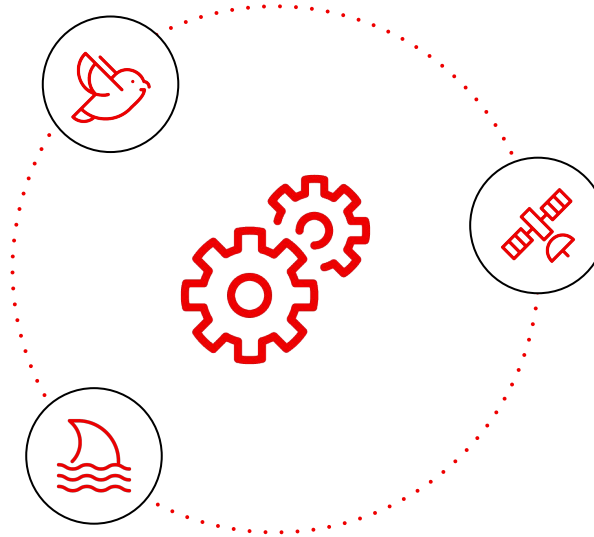


# Many technologies, different life cycles.

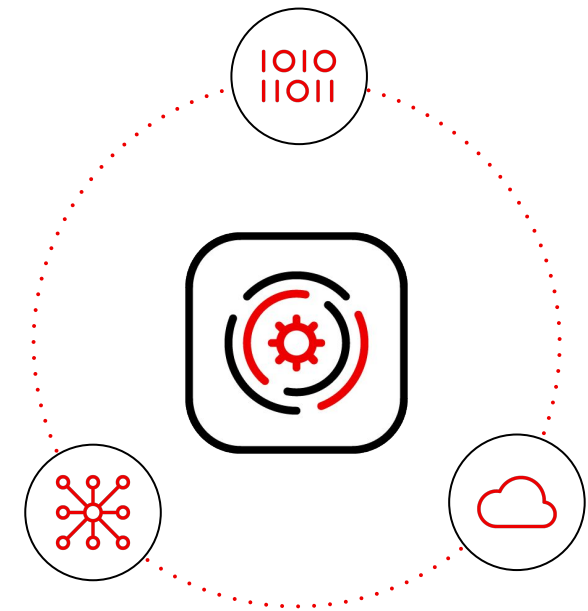
## How do I keep it all aligned?



**Collections**



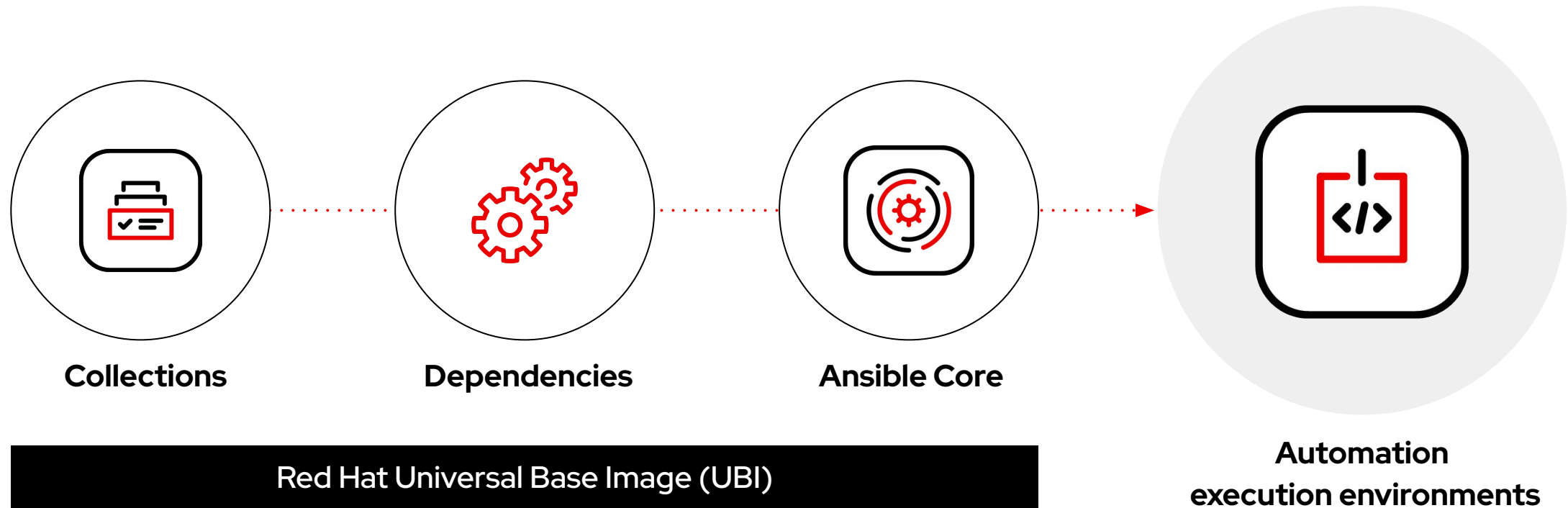
**Dependencies**



**Runtime**

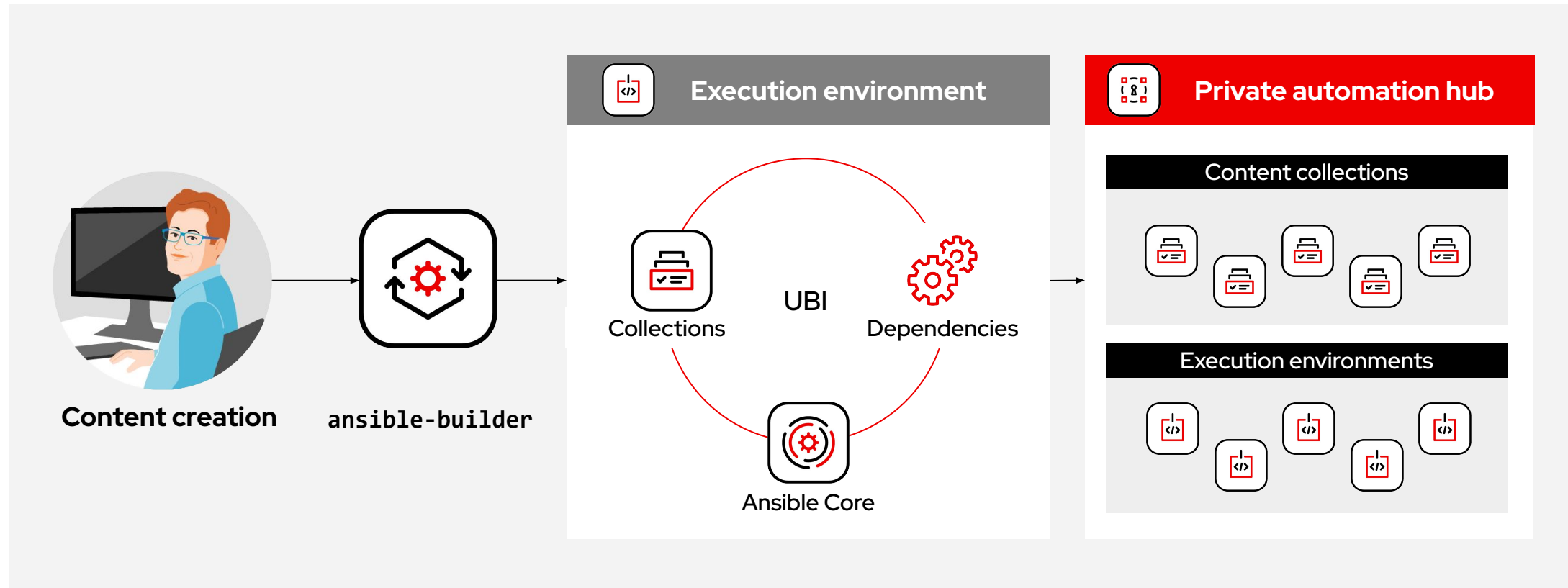


# Automation execution environments. Reuse and scale automation content.



# Execution environment development.

## Build, collaborate, sign, publish.





# Execution environment builder. **Build.**

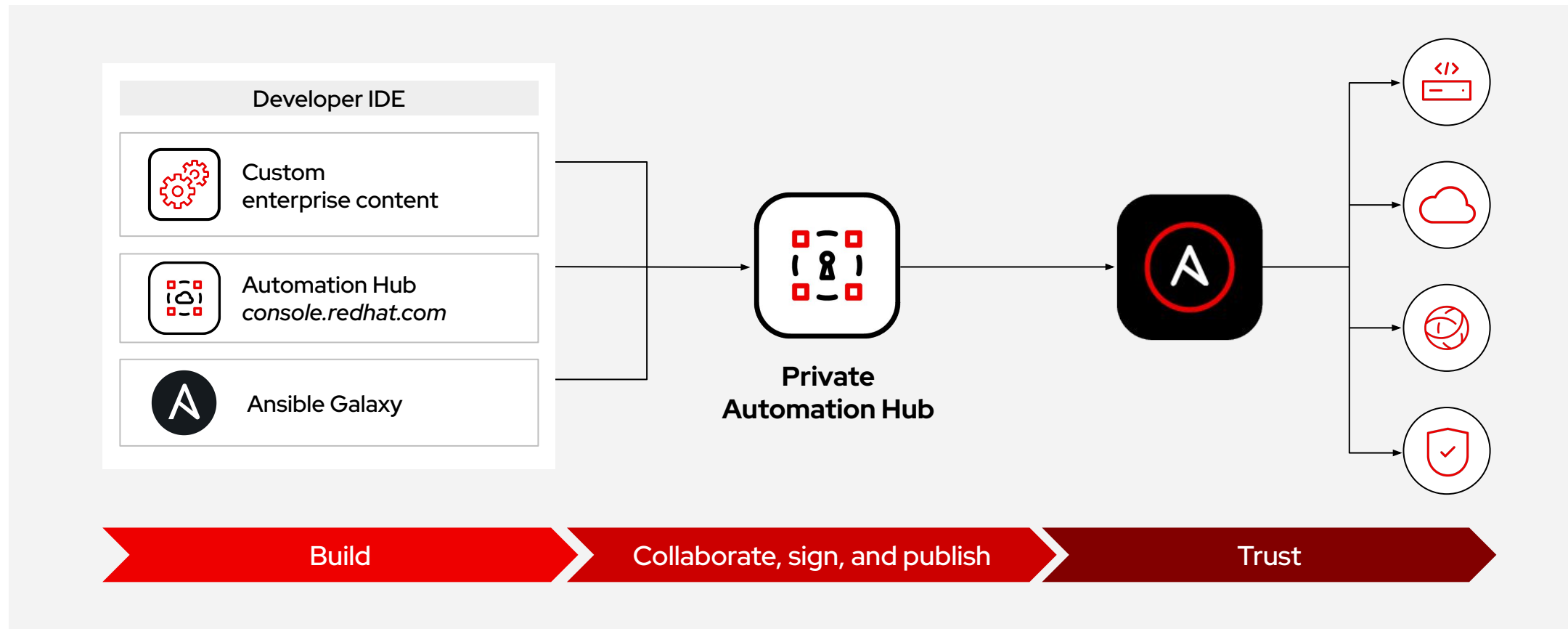
ansible-builder

## What is it?

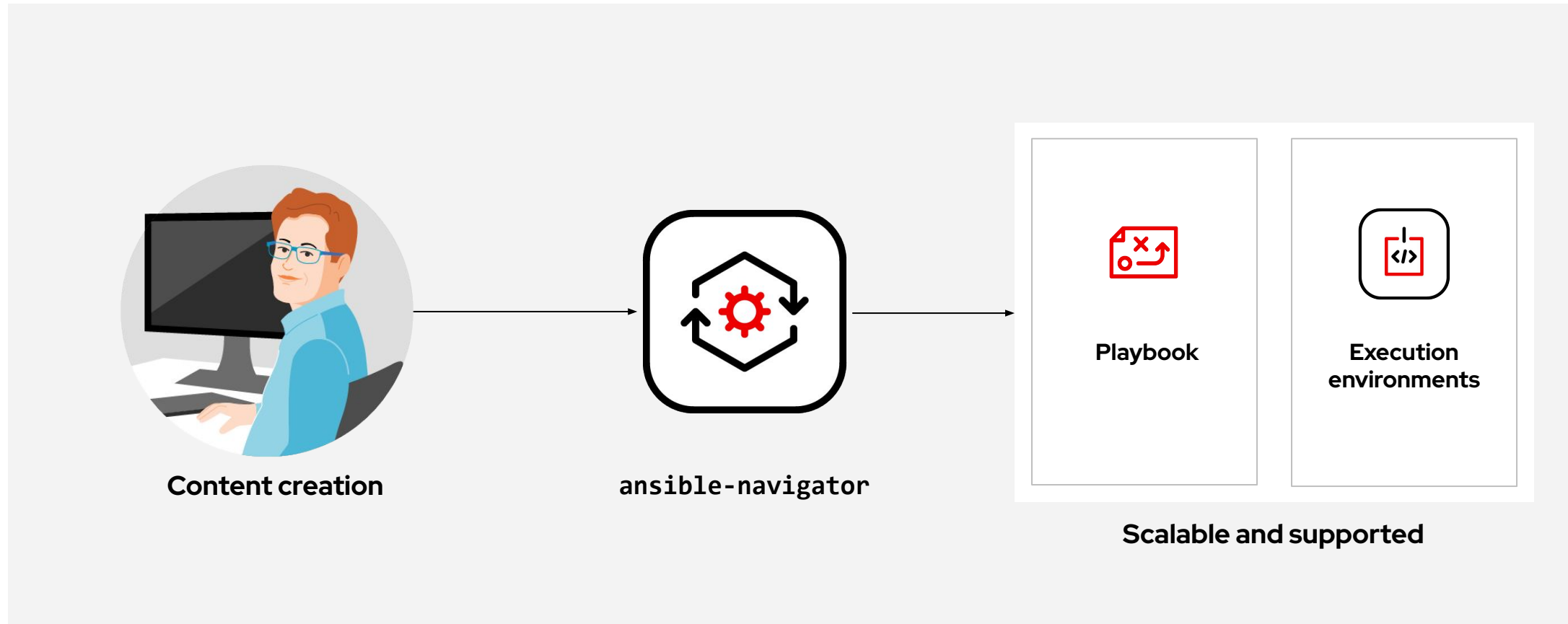
- ▶ Easily build custom execution environments with the exact Ansible content needed
- ▶ Manage, track and version execution environments
- ▶ Share execution environment build artifacts with other teams

```
$ ansible-builder build --tag repo/custom_ee:latest
```

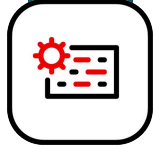
# Private automation hub. Collaborate, sign, and publish.



# Develop, test and run **containerized Ansible content**.



# Ansible content navigator (ansible-navigator).



## What is it?

It is a command line utility and text-based user interface (TUI) for running, testing and developing Ansible automation content

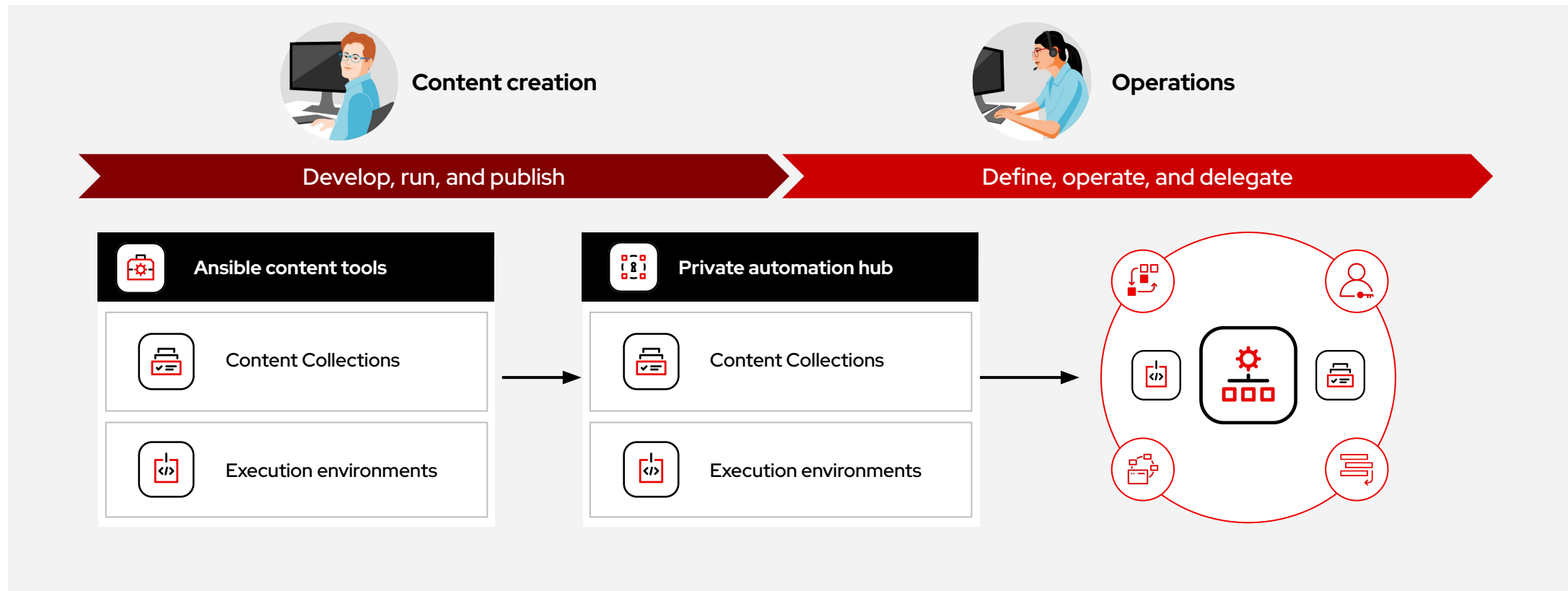
- ▶ Review EEs
- ▶ Develop collections
- ▶ Develop playbooks
- ▶ Troubleshoot problems

```
$ ansible-navigator run playbook.yml -i inventory.ini
```

# Manage

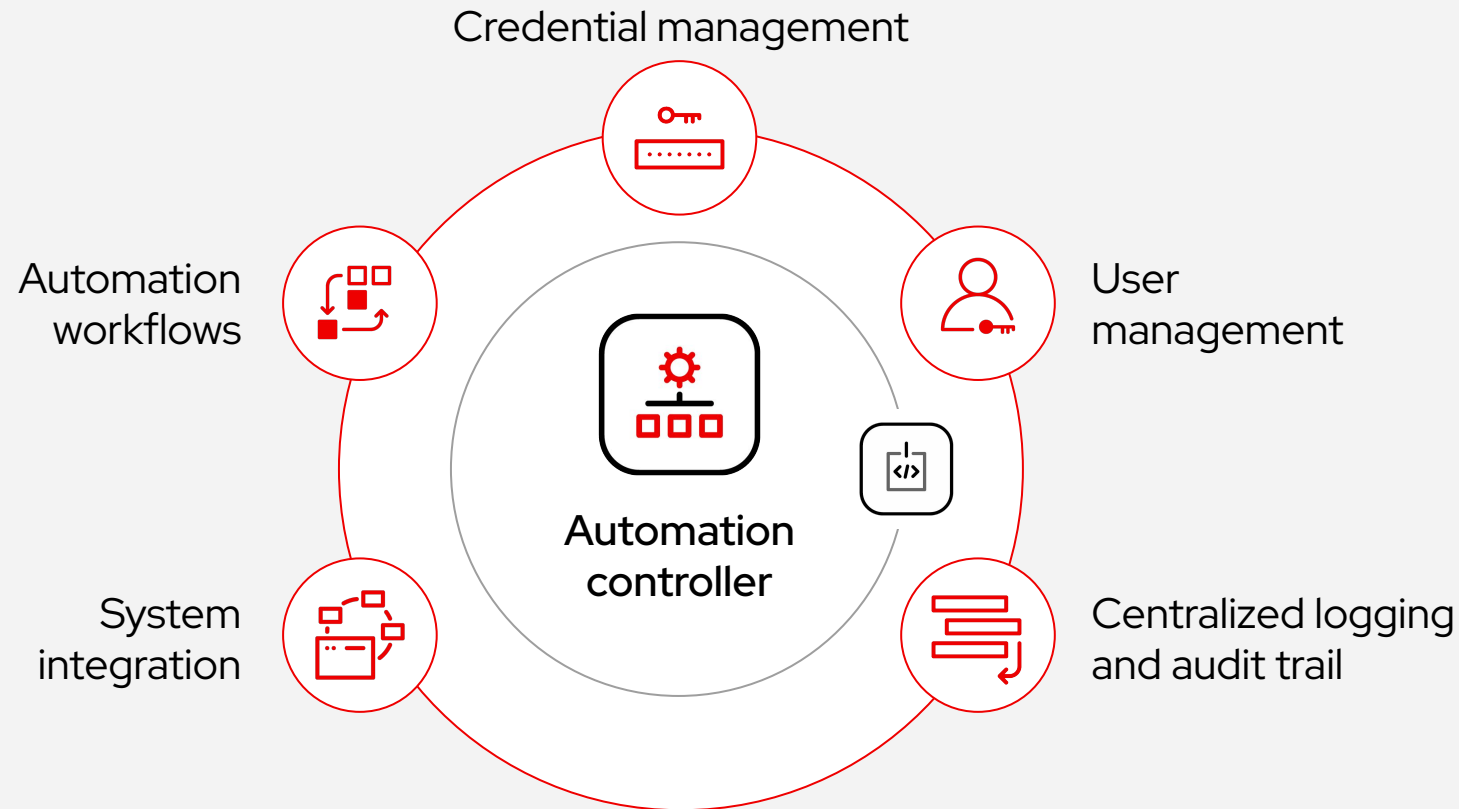


# Creation to operations handover. **Consistent and portable.**

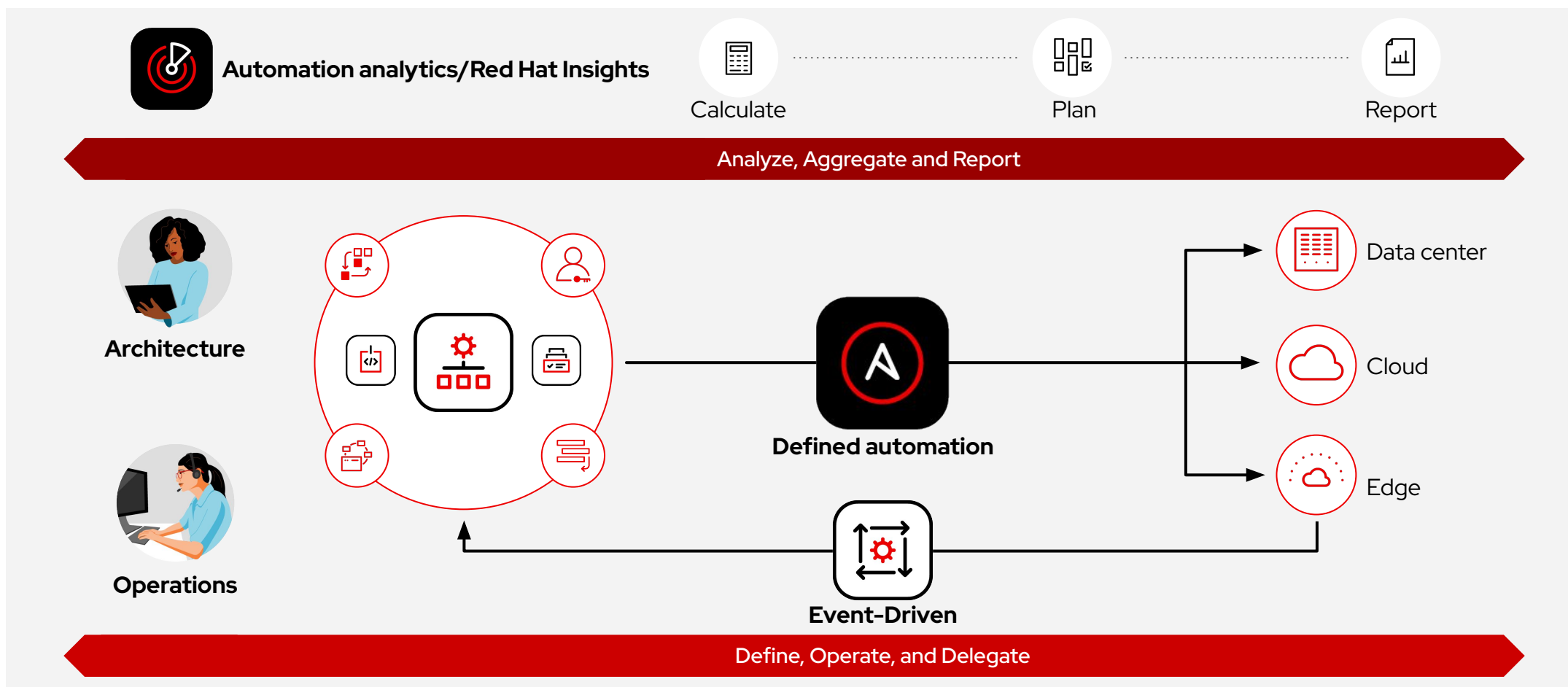




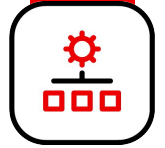
# Enterprises **need more for their automation.**



# The automation life cycle. **Manage.**



# Automation controller. Define, operate, and delegate.

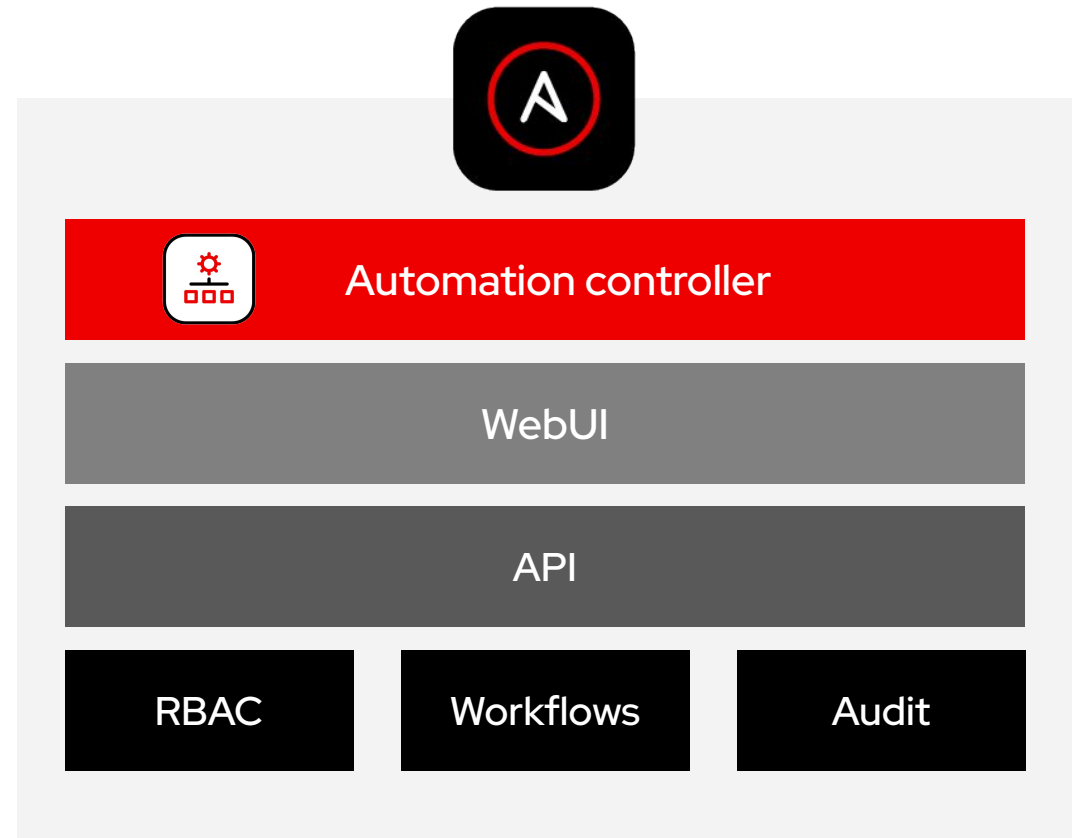


## What is it?

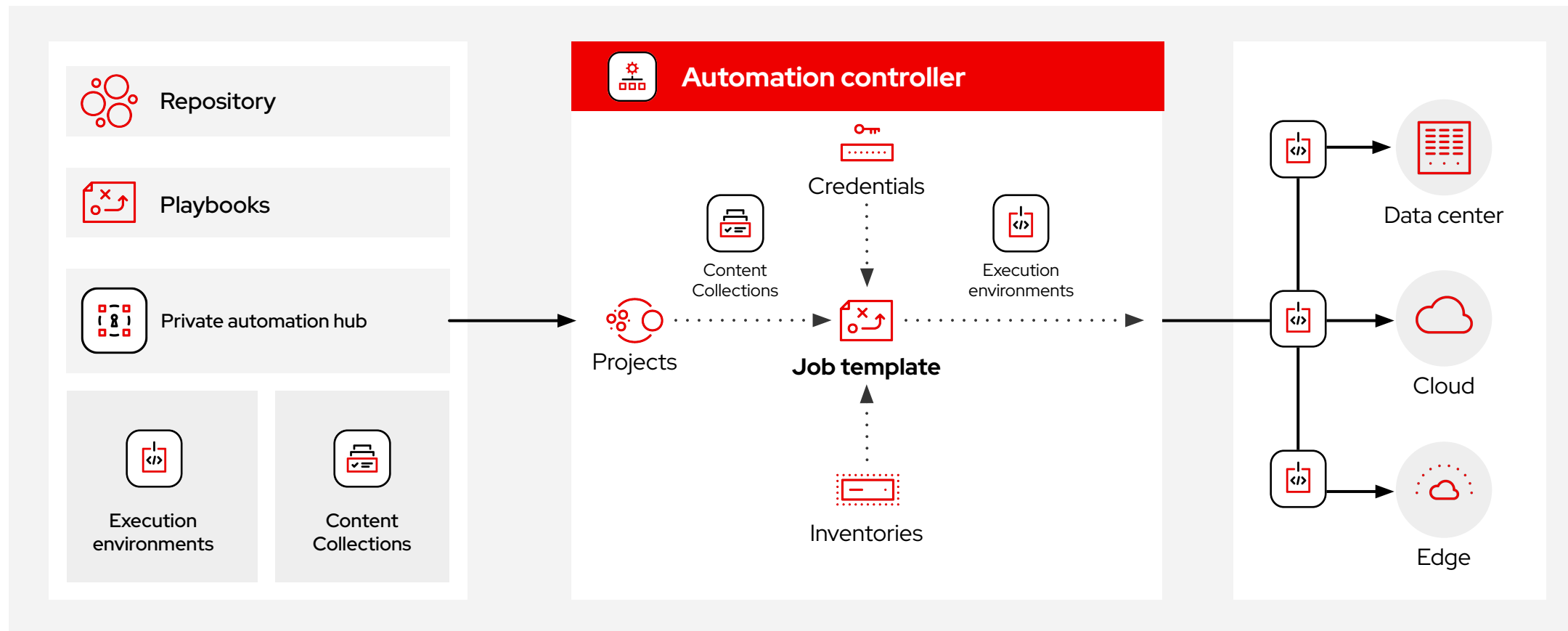
Automation controller is the Ansible Automation Platform control plane which enables users to define, operate, and delegate automation across their enterprise

## Automation controller provides:

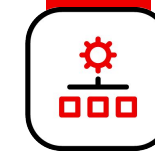
- ▶ WebUI and API
- ▶ Role-based access control
- ▶ Powerful workflows
- ▶ Centralized logging
- ▶ Credential management
- ▶ Push-button automation



## Defining how your content runs in **automation controller**.



# Using execution environments in automation controller.



## How do I add execution environments (EE)?

EEs can be added via the controller WebUI, API or command line

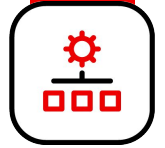
- ▶ Specify the EE image source
- ▶ Pull policy determines when and how EEs are downloaded when running automation
- ▶ Assign registry credentials to pull the EEs

## How do I use execution environments?

- ▶ Select the EE you want to use in your automation job
- ▶ The default EE is used if none is specified

A screenshot of a web browser window showing the 'Create new execution environment' form. The form has a red header bar with a hamburger menu icon on the left and window control icons on the right. The title 'Create new execution environment' is in bold. The form contains several input fields: 'Name' with the value 'Security EE', 'Image' with the value 'quay.io/ansible/security-ee:latest', 'Pull' with a dropdown menu set to 'Always pull container before running.', 'Description' (empty), 'Organization' with a search icon and a text input, and 'Registry credential' with a search icon and a text input. Below the 'Organization' field is a note: 'Leave this field blank to make the execution environment globally available.' At the bottom left are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

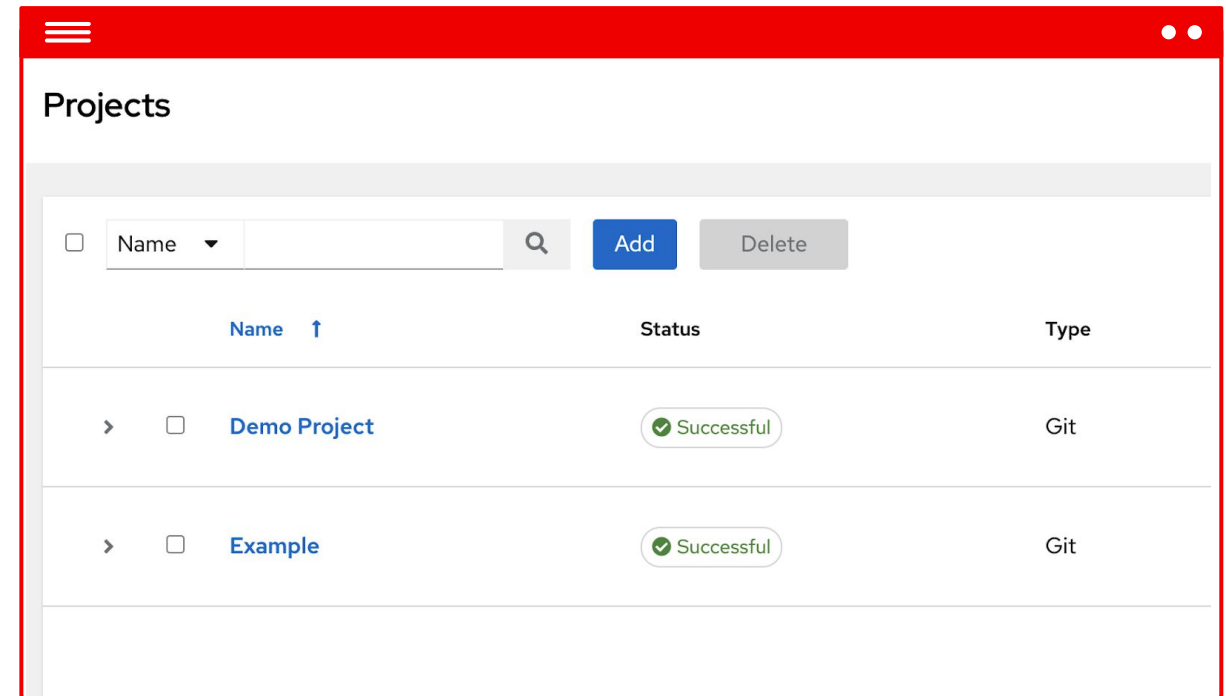
# Projects. Adding your automation content to controller.



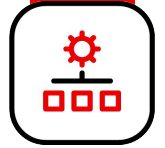
## What is it?

Logical collection of your playbooks:

- ▶ Multiple source types supported
- ▶ Source Control Management (SCM) integration and update strategies
- ▶ Red Hat Insights integration
- ▶ Role-based access control (RBAC) and schedules



# Inventories. What do I want to run my automation on?



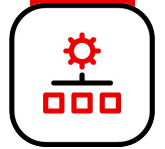
## What is it?

Collection of endpoints against which jobs may be launched

- ▶ Multiple inventory sources supported
- ▶ Dynamic endpoint discovery
- ▶ Logically group endpoints by metadata or user-defined filters
- ▶ Granular RBAC permissions

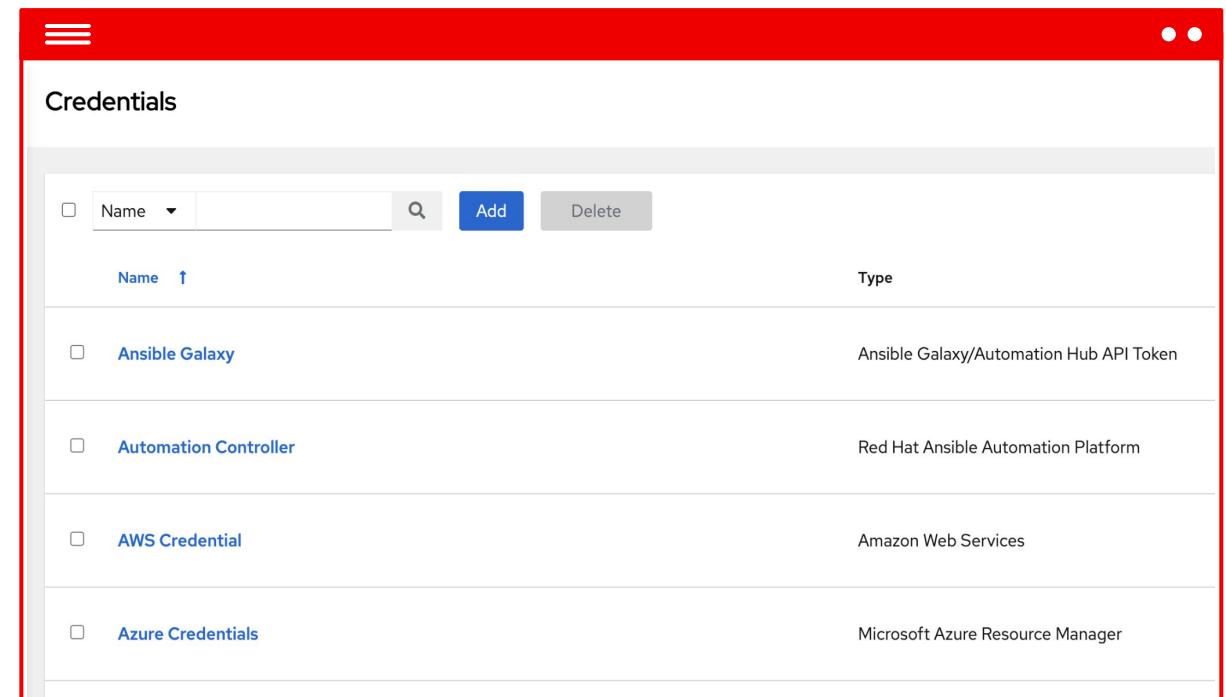
Name	Status	Type	Organization	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/> AWS Inventory	Disabled	Inventory	ACME Corp	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Inventory	Disabled	Inventory	ACME Corp	
<input type="checkbox"/> Data center	Disabled	Inventory	ACME Corp	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote Office A	Disabled	Inventory	ACME Corp	

# Credentials. **Securing resource and endpoint access.**



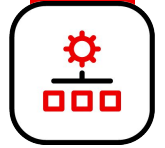
## What is it?

- ▶ Securely manage credentials needed for automation resources
- ▶ Multiple credential types supported
- ▶ Integrate external secret management systems
- ▶ Create custom credential types and plugins
- ▶ Use RBAC to govern access
- ▶ Actual credential never exposed





# Job Templates. Bringing it all together.



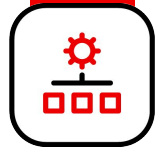
## What is it?

- ▶ Define and standardize running automation
- ▶ Reusable and shareable
- ▶ Leverage agile practices, such as GitOps and event-driven automation

The screenshot displays the 'Job template with slicing' configuration page in the Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform. The interface features a red header bar with a menu icon and window controls. Below the header, there are tabs for 'DETAILS', 'PERMISSIONS', 'NOTIFICATIONS', 'COMPLETED JOBS', 'SCHEDULES', and 'ADD SURVEY'. The 'DETAILS' tab is active, showing various configuration fields:

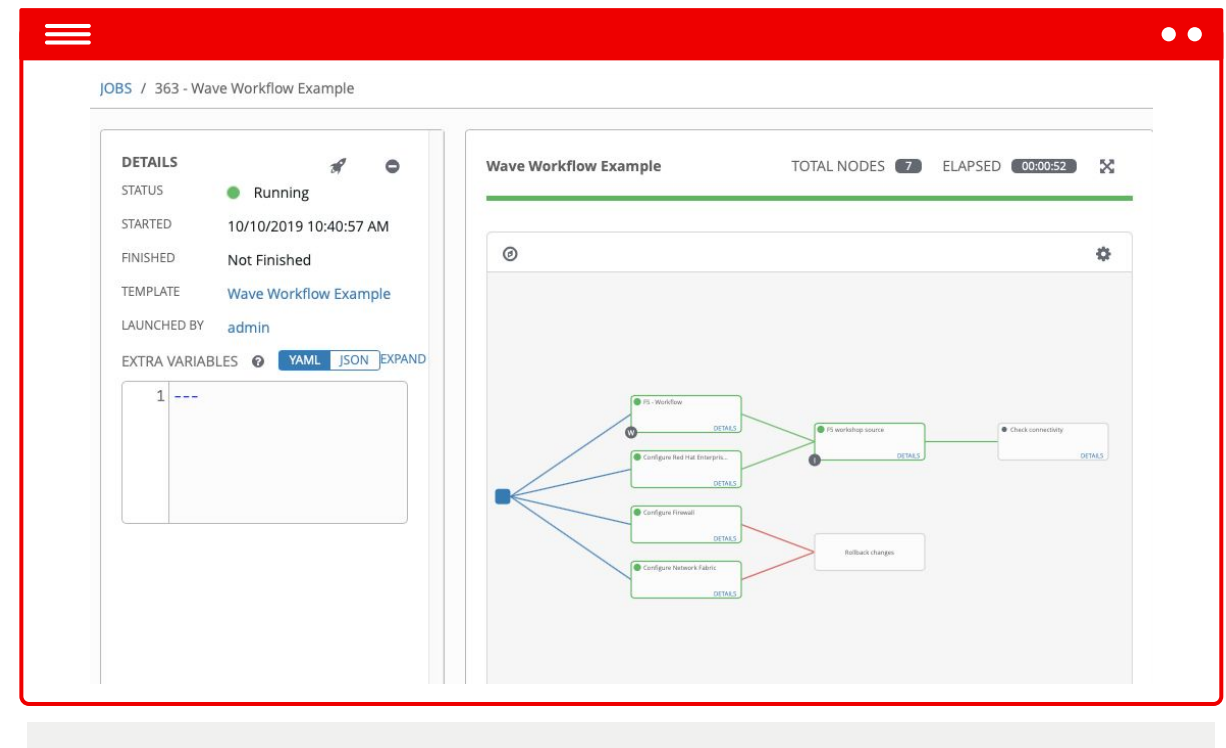
- \* NAME:** 'Job template with slicing'
- DESCRIPTION:** (Empty text field)
- \* JOB TYPE:** 'Run' (with a 'PR' checkbox)
- \* INVENTORY:** 'King PLC' (with a search icon and 'PROMPT ON LAUNCH' checkbox)
- \* PROJECT:** 'Project from Git' (with a search icon)
- \* PLAYBOOK:** 'gen\_host\_status.yml'
- CREDENTIALS:** (Empty text field with search icon and 'PROMPT ON LAUNCH' checkbox)
- FORKS:** '0' (with up/down arrows)
- LIMIT:** (Empty text field with 'PR' checkbox)
- \* VERBOSITY:** '0 (Normal)' (dropdown menu with 'PROMPT ON LAUNCH' checkbox)
- JOB TAGS:** (Empty text field with search icon and 'PROMPT ON LAUNCH' checkbox)
- SKIP TAGS:** (Empty text field with 'PR' checkbox)
- LABELS:** (Empty text field)
- INSTANCE GROUPS:** (Empty text field with search icon)
- JOB SLICING:** '1'
- TIMEOUT:** '0' (with up/down arrows)
- SHOW CHANGES:** (Toggle switch, currently off, with 'PROMPT ON LAUNCH' checkbox)
- OPTIONS:**
  - ☐ ENABLE PRIVILEGE ESCALATION
  - ☐ ENABLE PROVISIONING CALLBACKS
  - ☐ ENABLE WEBHOOK
  - ☒ ENABLE CONCURRENT JOBS
  - ☐ ENABLE FACT CACHE

# Workflows. Solve complex problems.

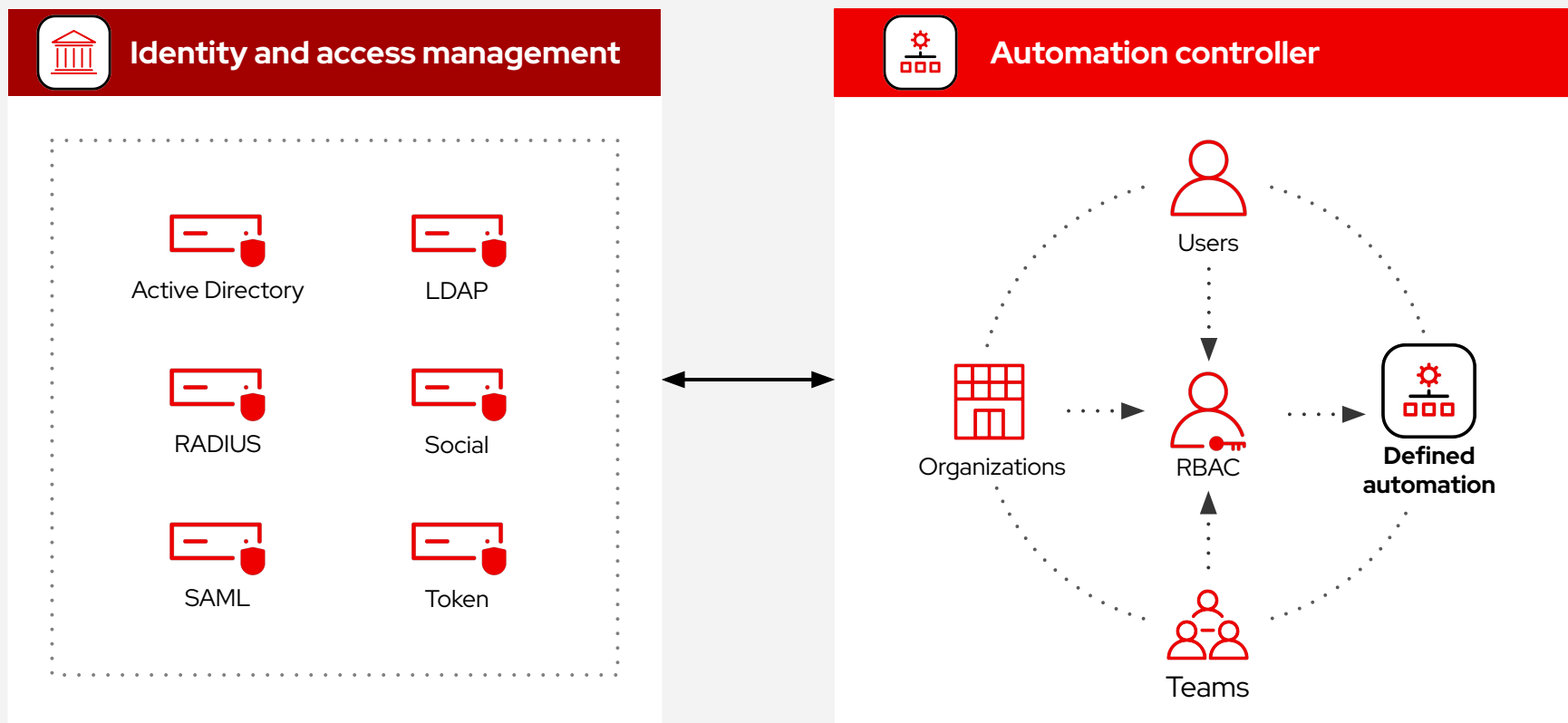


## What is it?

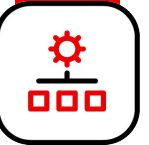
- ▶ Workflows enable the creation of powerful holistic automation, chaining together multiple pieces of automation and events
- ▶ Simple logic inside these workflows can trigger automation depending on the success or failure of previous steps
- ▶ Add approvals to your workflows to enhance governance
- ▶ Integrate other systems, such as ITSM to fit with your existing controls and processes



# Securing your content in automation controller. **Delegate.**



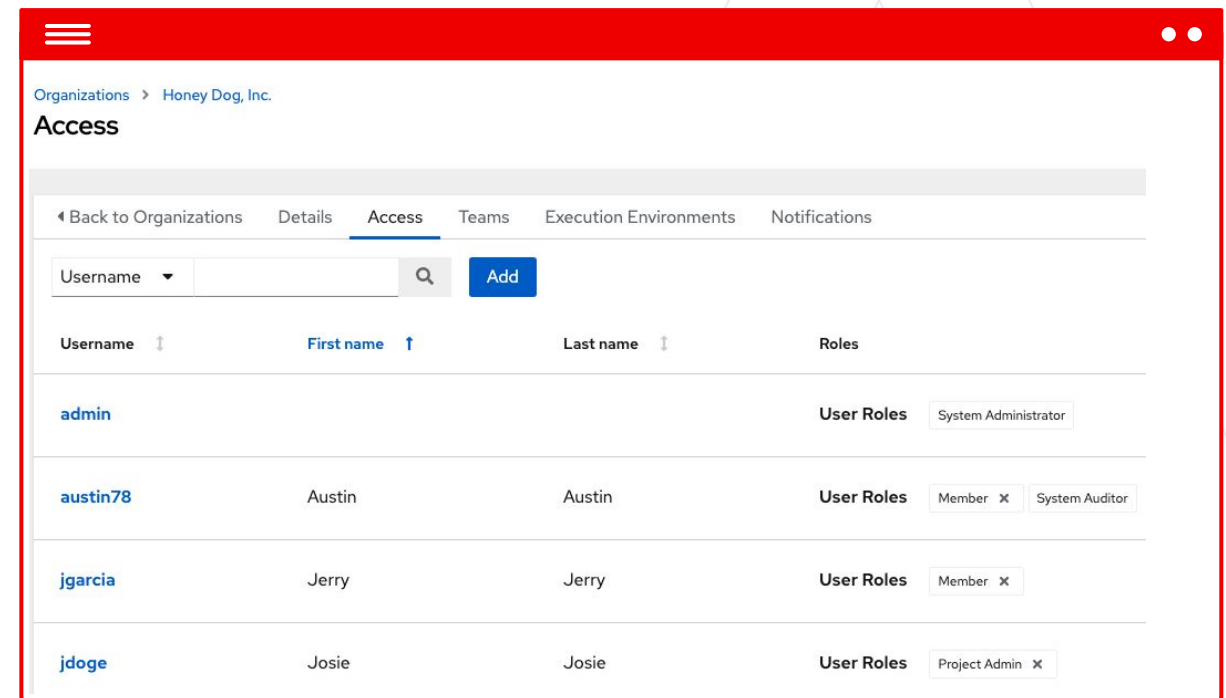
# Role-Based Access Control. Who can use my automation?



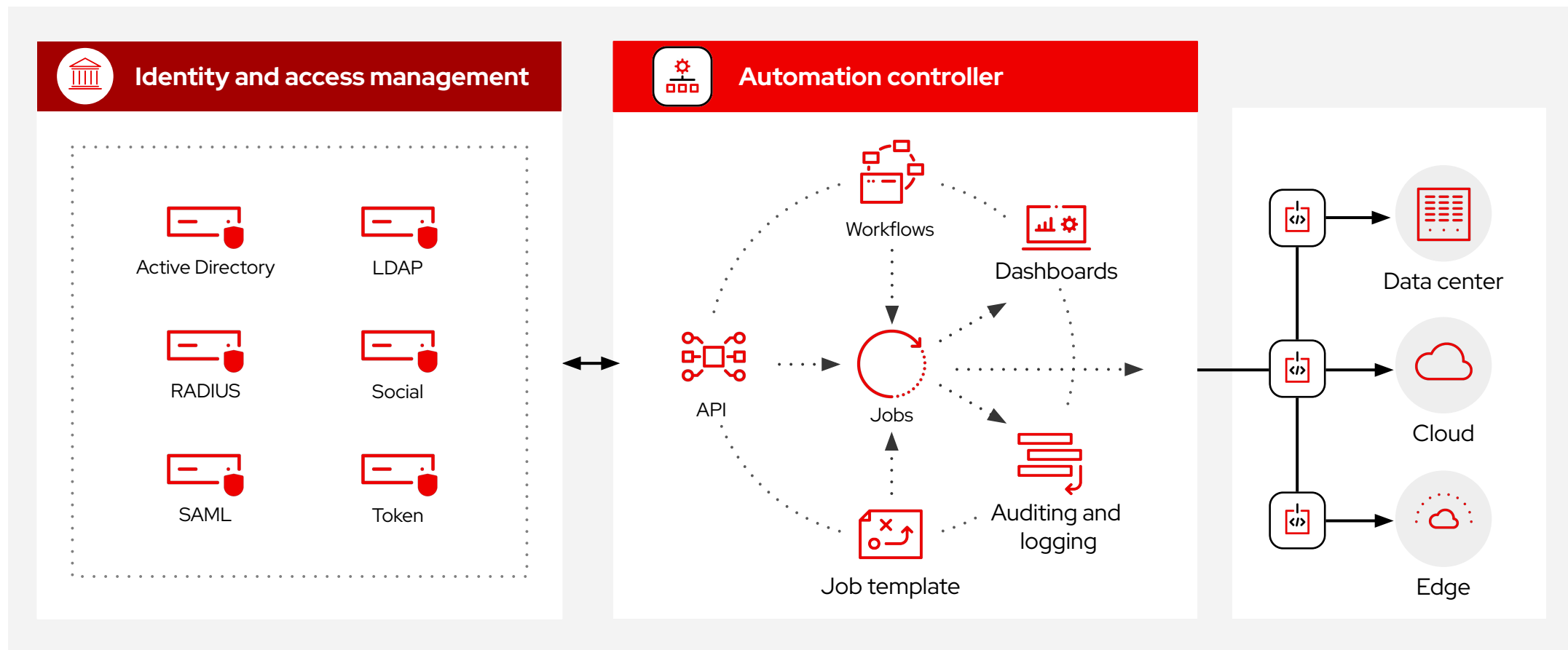
## What is it?

Securely govern access to your automation

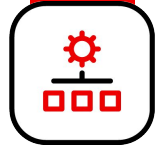
- ▶ Logically group controller objects and grant users and teams read, execute, edit permissions
- ▶ Use predefined roles to grant access
- ▶ Integrates with your existing enterprise authentication systems



# Launching your content from **automation controller**.

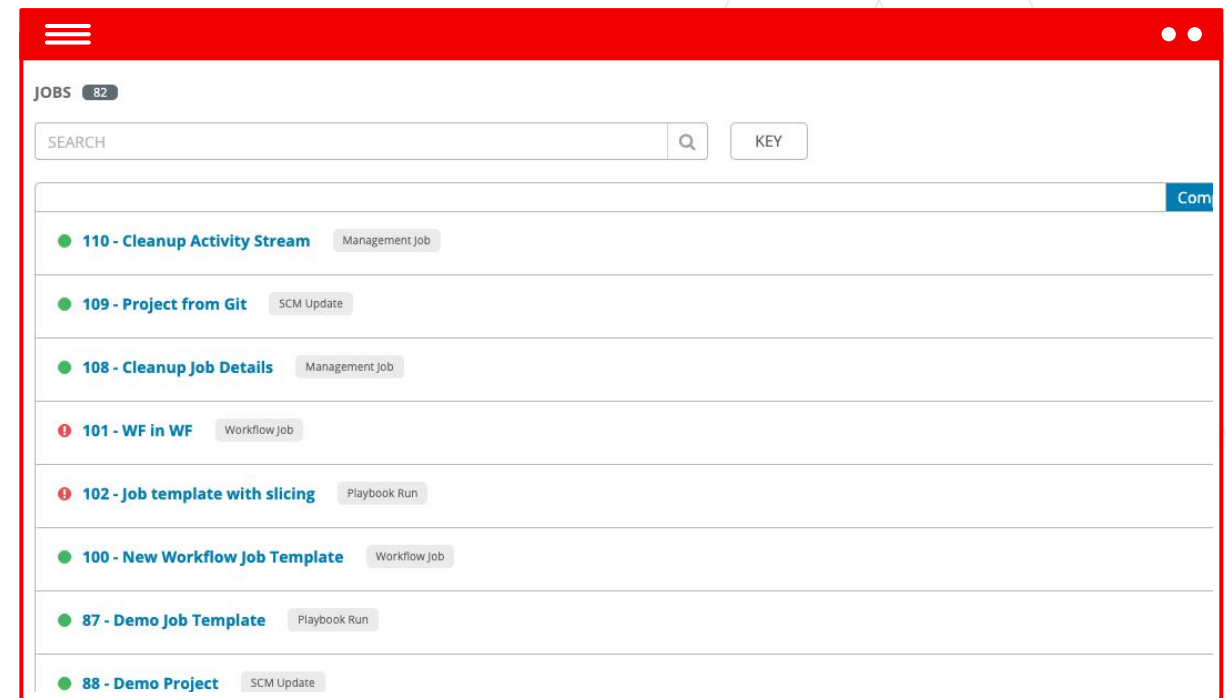


# Automation jobs. **Executing your defined automation.**



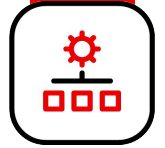
## What is it?

- ▶ Controller launching an instance of defined automation
- ▶ Relaunch automation jobs
- ▶ Use Job Details to view job outputs
- ▶ Troubleshoot automation execution using filtered views



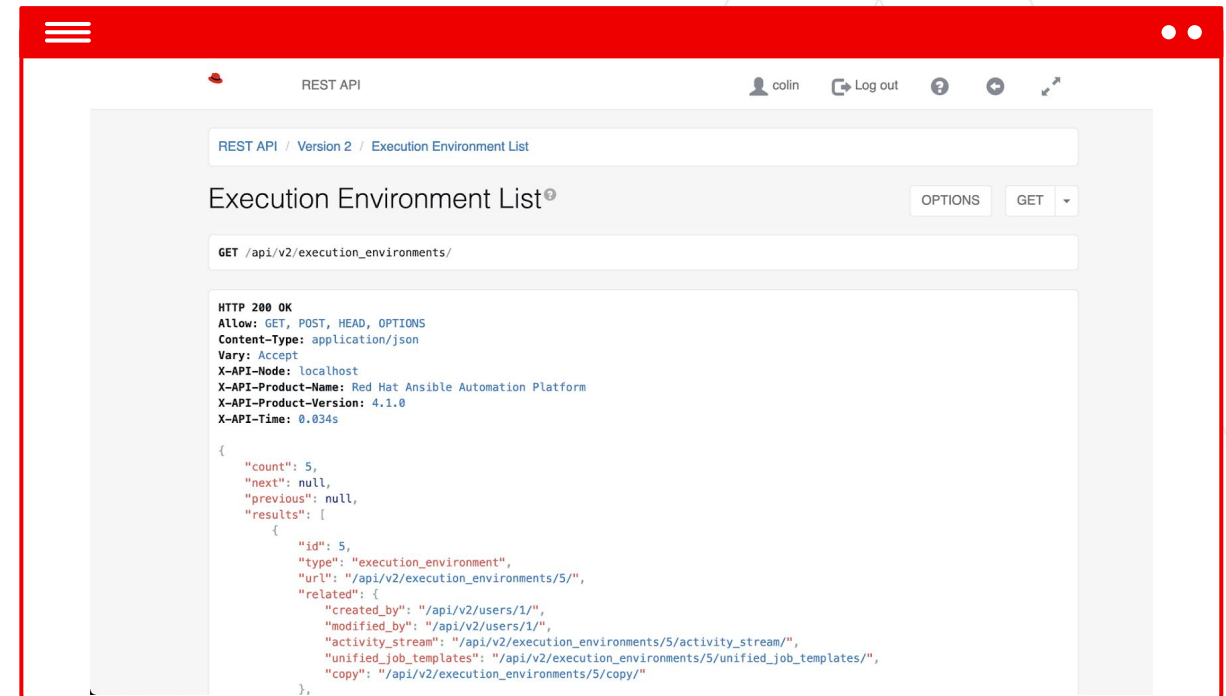
# Automation controller API.

## Integrate and elevate your automation.

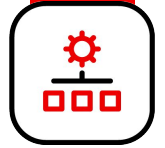


### What is it?

- ▶ The API provides programmatic access to the automation via a defined interface
- ▶ Underneath it is still powered by the same bits and pieces which are at the core: workflows, inventories, etc
- ▶ It offers simple integration into other tools like ITSM, SOAR, etc

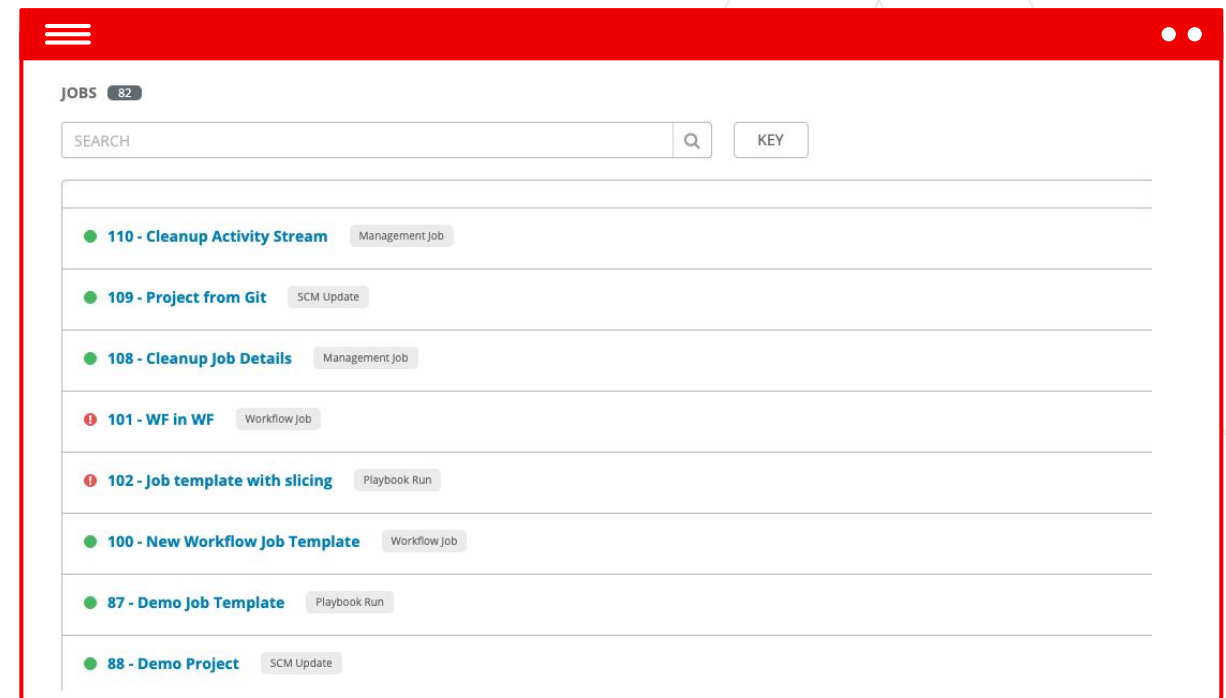


# Automation controller **logging aggregation.**



## What is it?

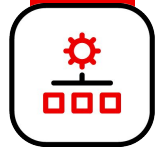
- ▶ Provides the capability to send detailed logs to several kinds of 3rd party external log aggregation services
- ▶ Use Red Hat Enterprise Linux rsyslog to aggregate and redirect logs
- ▶ Native integration exists for multiple 3rd party logging systems
- ▶ Multiple detailed logs are gathered for job events, system facts, users, activity streams, and controller features





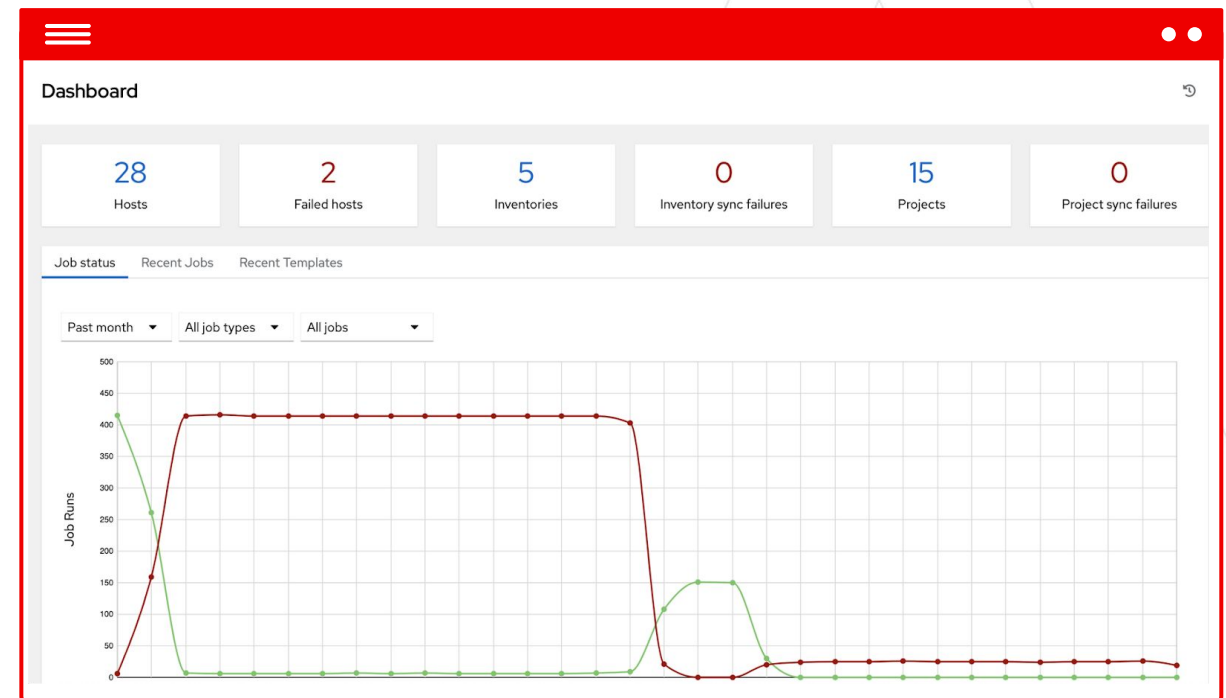
# Automation controller dashboard.

## View your automation status.

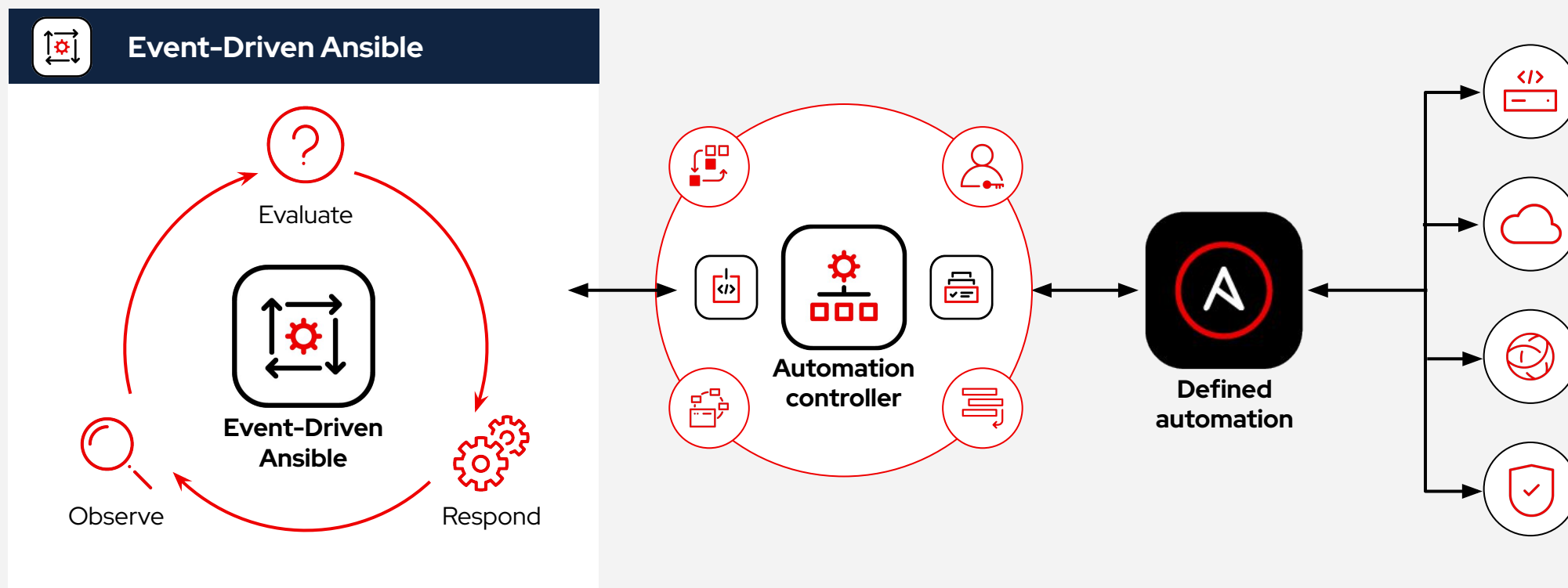


### What is it?

- ▶ Overview of automation controller, the jobs happening, the nodes connected and what worked and failed
- ▶ Provides the ability to quickly spot irregularities and drill into more details



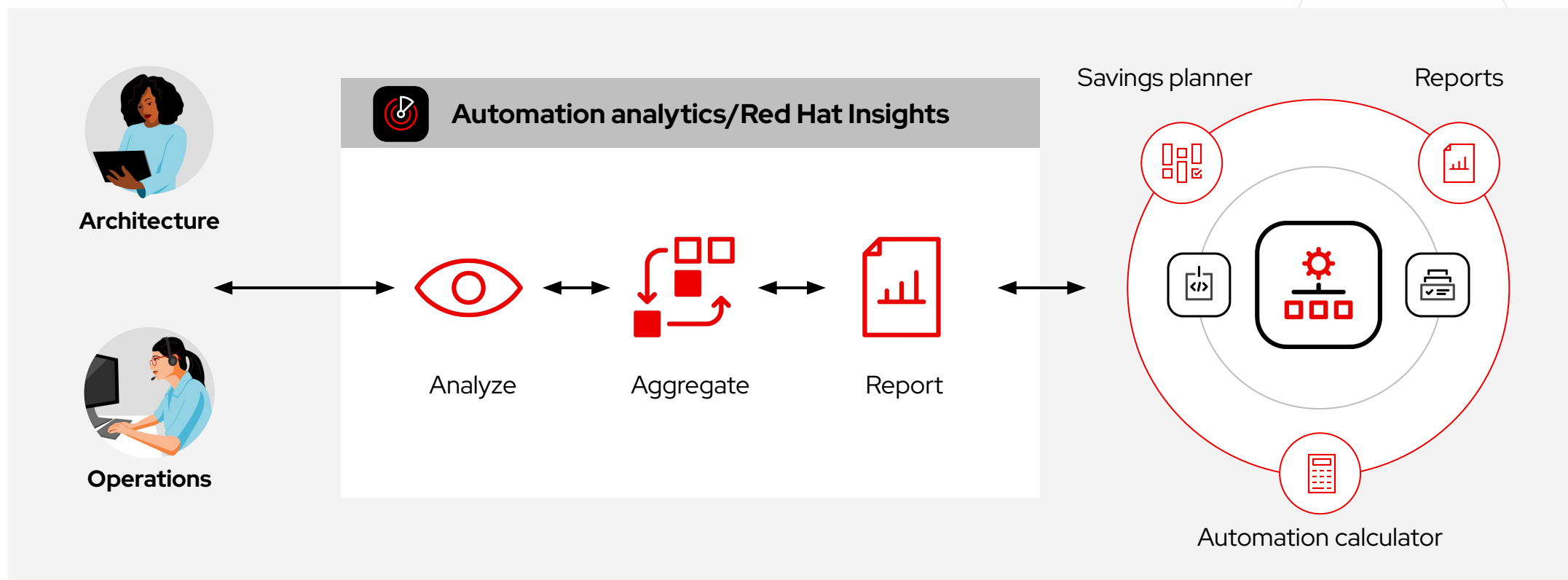
# Event-Driven Ansible. **Observe, evaluate, respond.**



# Red Hat Insights for Ansible Automation Platform.

## Analyze, aggregate and report.

[console.redhat.com](https://console.redhat.com)



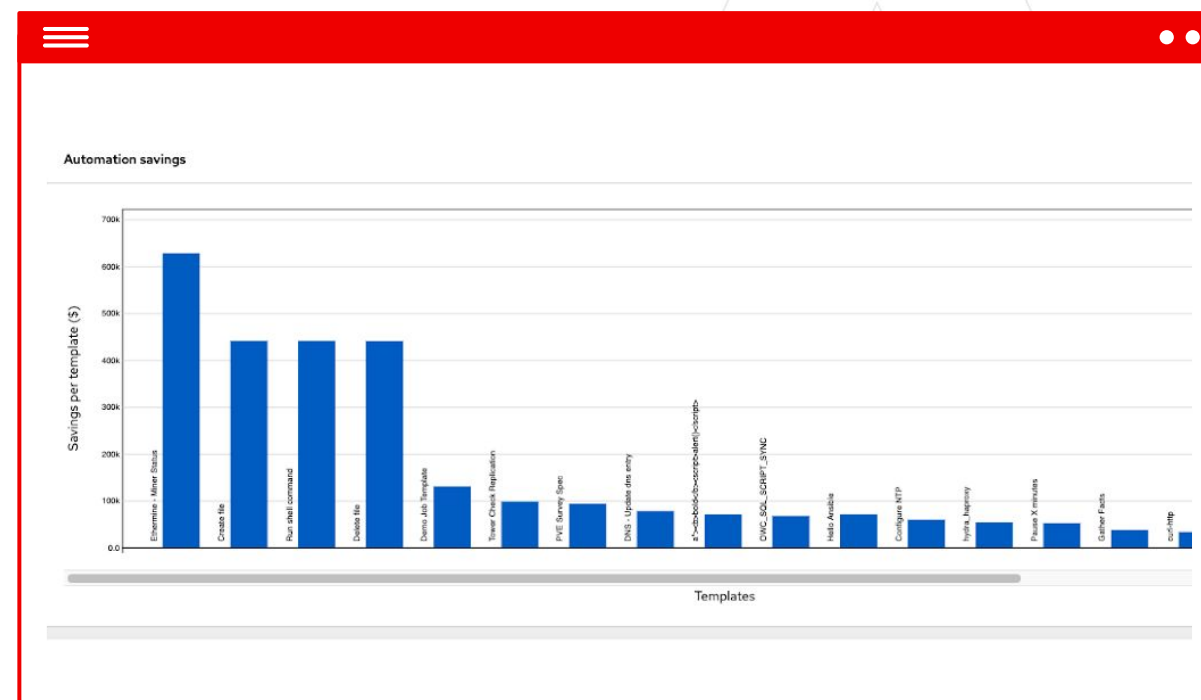
# Automation calculator. **Analyze and aggregate.**



## What is it?

Track and measure the total value of automation efforts by time and cost savings

- ▶ Automation calculator looks at the total ROI of your automation
- ▶ Calculations are based on automation data across your organization
- ▶ Job template savings are compared to costs of performing the tasks manually
- ▶ Measure the ROI of your automation investment and identify automation that contributes the most savings



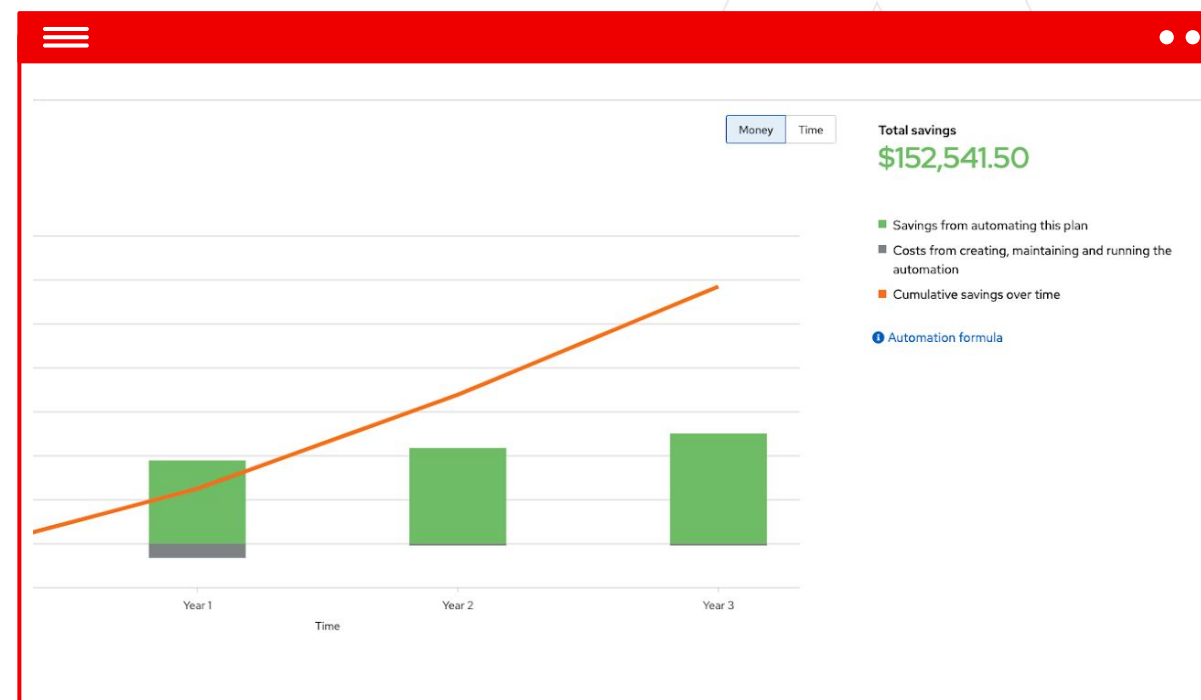
# Automation Savings Planner. **Analyze and aggregate.**



## What is it?

Prioritize automation by projecting the 1- to 3-year savings by time and money for each automation task

- ▶ Predict ROI and time savings based on a given automation task
- ▶ Use your automation data from your organization to prioritize tasks and projects based on business value



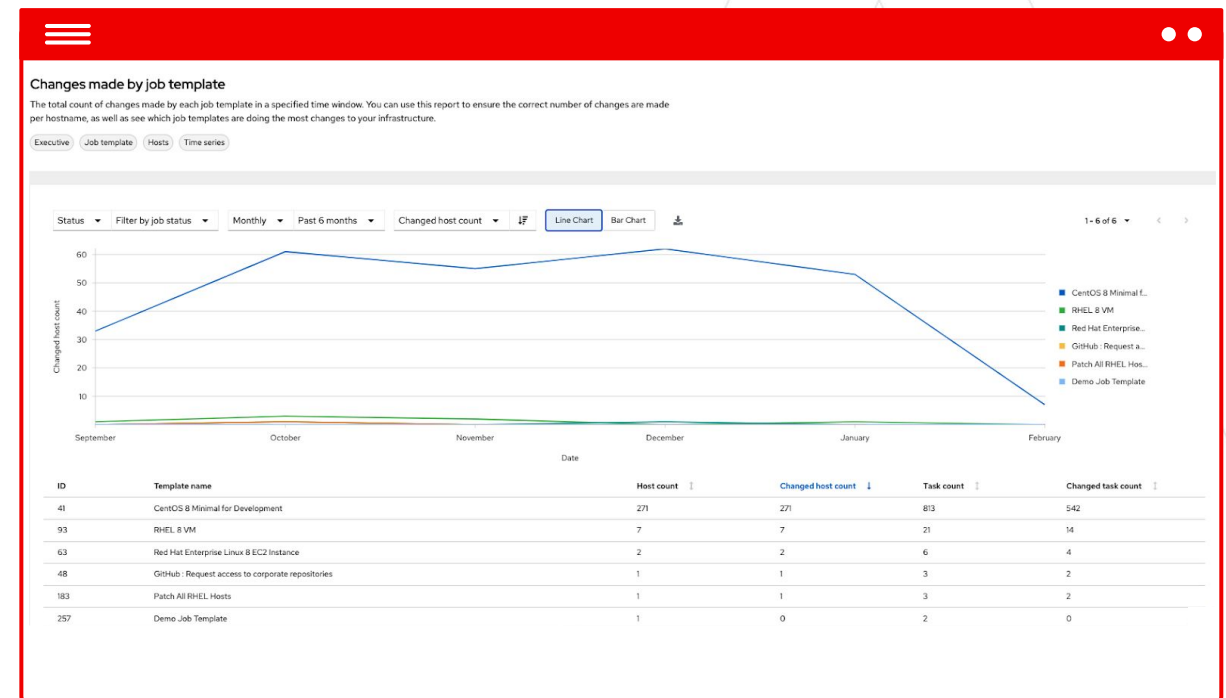
# Reports. The holistic view of your automation platform.



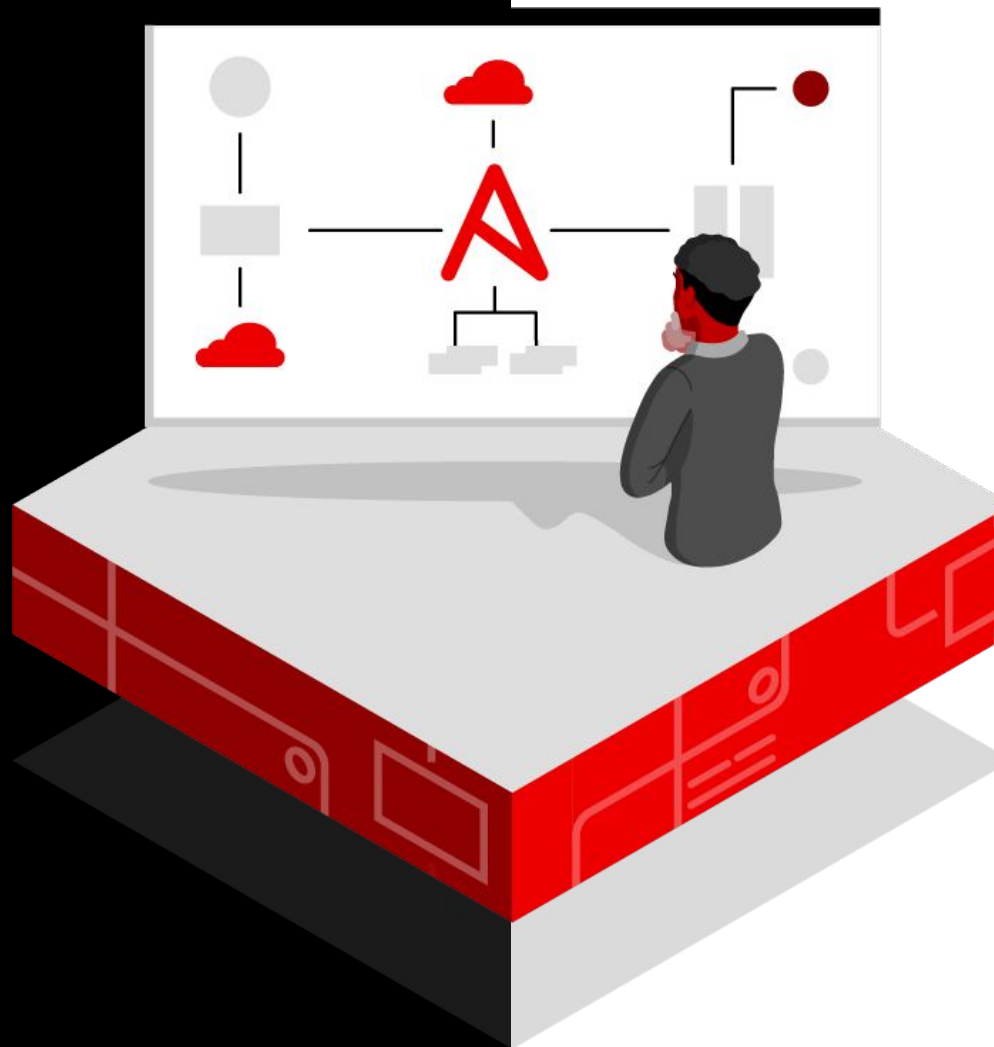
## What is it?

Unified, visual dashboards of Ansible Automation Platform key metrics across clusters

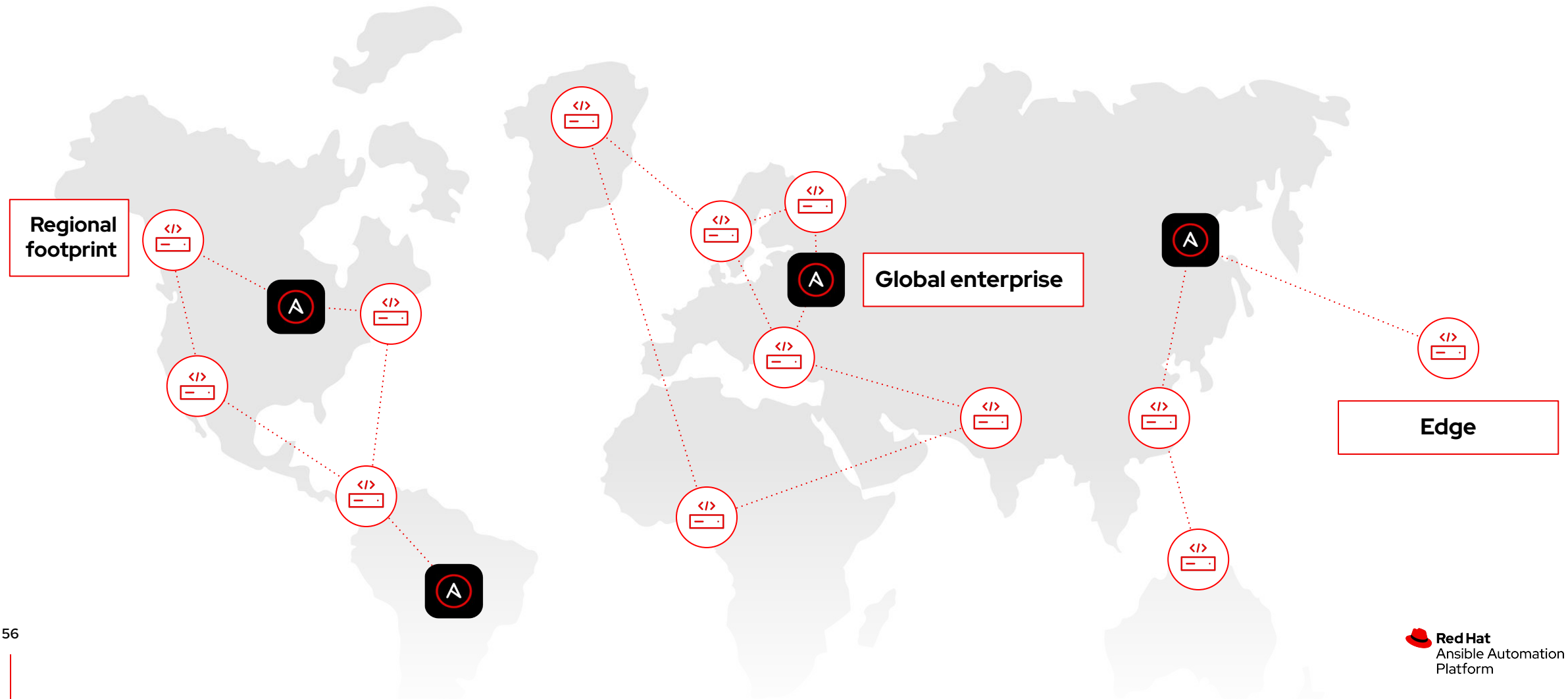
- ▶ Reveal most used Ansible Playbooks, modules, and deployment pass/fail rates
- ▶ Filter information based on automation controller clusters in real-time
- ▶ Use historical data to predict and improve the automation practice
- ▶ Measure the value of your Ansible Automation Platform subscription
- ▶ Export reports and share with your organization



# Scale

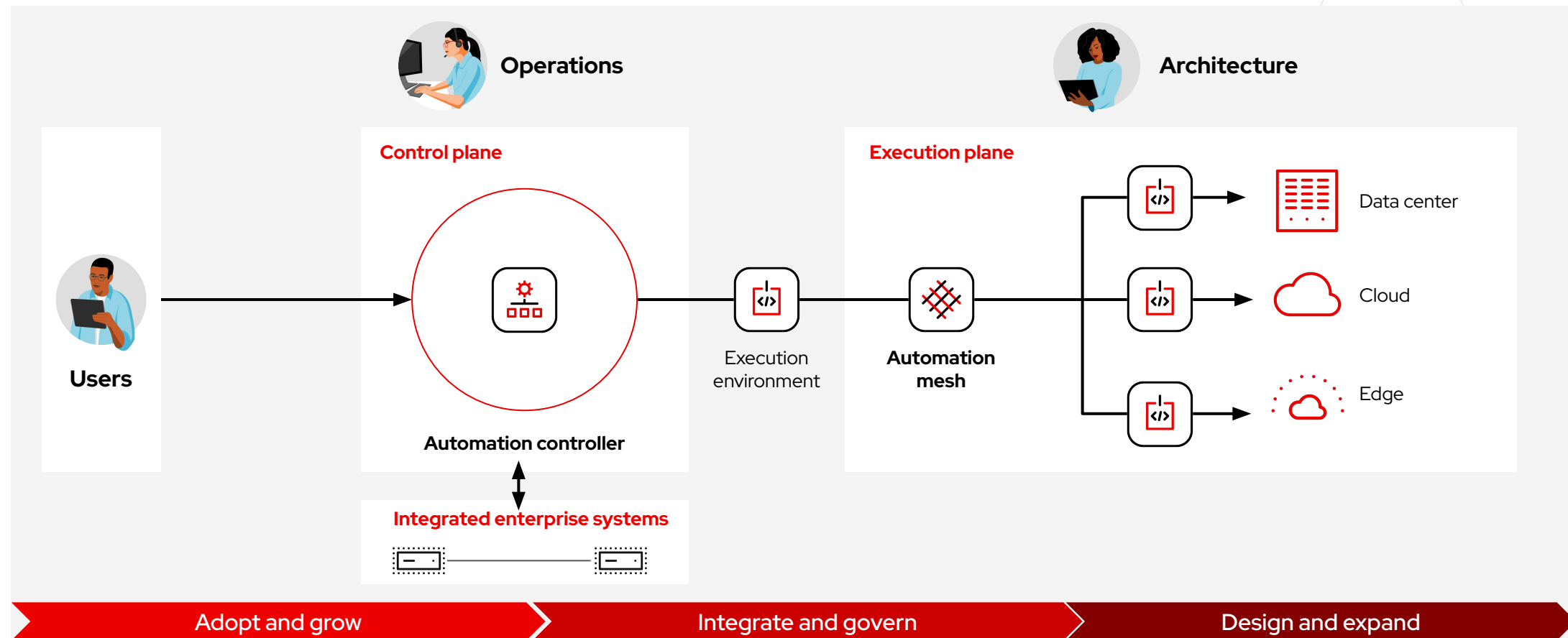


# The flexibility to scale, **wherever that may be.**

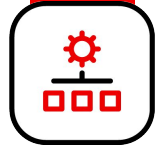




# The automation content life cycle. **Scale.**

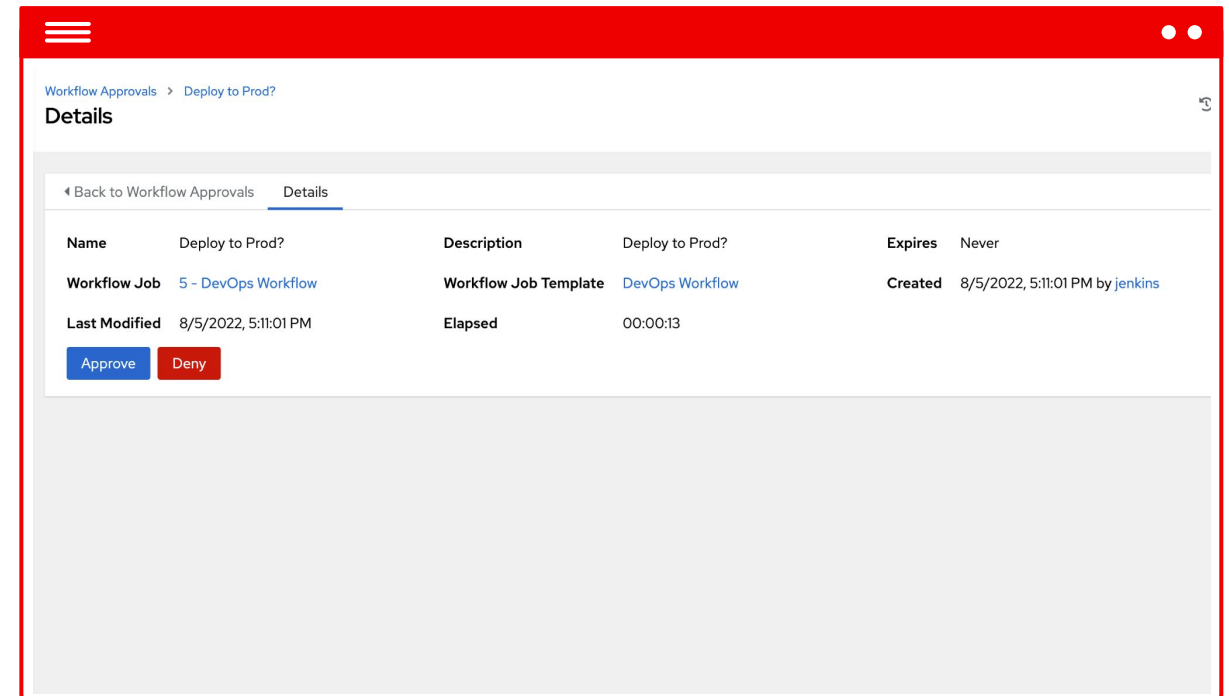


# Automation controller approvals. **Integrate and govern.**



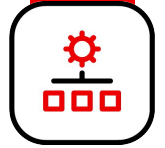
## What is it?

- ▶ Adds human interaction to the automation for administration and governance
- ▶ Available at the operational level on the Automation controller UI



# IT service management integration (ITSM).

## Integrate and govern.



### Incorporate automation into your ITSM

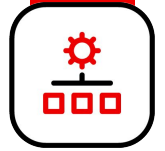
- ▶ Integrate high level workflows in existing ITSM toolsets with the automation platform.
- ▶ Apply organization governance and integrate your automation to larger business processes
- ▶ Have the automation platform reach out to the ITSM system whenever things are changing, including data transmission between the tools

A screenshot of a web interface titled "Edit order process" with a close button (x). The form contains the following fields:

- Order process name \***: A text input field containing "ServiceNow!".
- Description**: A text area containing "Create and close out IT service ticket".
- Before order**: A dropdown menu showing "Remediación bajo demanda" with a plus icon and a downward arrow.
- After order**: A dropdown menu showing "Remediación con aprobación" with a plus icon and a downward arrow.

At the bottom, there are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

# Automation controller surveys. **Adopt and grow.**



## What is it?

- ▶ User-friendly, self-service interface in automation controller
- ▶ Abstracts complexity using question and answer format
- ▶ Best suited for teams directly accessing automation and close to the automation practice
- ▶ Access and execution governed using controller features

A screenshot of a web interface titled 'LAUNCH JOB | HELLO WORLD'. The interface has a red header bar with a hamburger menu icon on the left and window control icons on the right. Below the header, there are two tabs: 'OTHER PROMPTS' and 'SURVEY'. The 'SURVEY' tab is active. The main content area contains a question: '\* WHICH GROUP(S) SHOULD INCLUDE THIS USER?' followed by the instruction 'Enter groups, one per line.' and a text input field. At the bottom, there are two sections: 'INVENTORY' with 'Demo Inventory' and 'CREDENTIAL' with 'Demo Credential'. To the right of these are two buttons: 'CANCEL' and 'LAUNCH'.

# Thank you

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